

Company registration number 05151686 (England and Wales)

**TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**



# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

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# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

		2024		2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Intangible assets	3		12,666		8,958
Tangible assets	4		85,217		90,366
			<u>97,883</u>		<u>99,324</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		691,821		781,987	
Debtors	5	707,319		692,399	
Cash at bank and in hand		104,819		94,989	
		<u>1,503,959</u>		<u>1,569,375</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	6	<u>(726,192)</u>		<u>(893,887)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>777,767</u>		<u>675,488</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>875,650</u>		<u>774,812</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	7		<u>(4,813)</u>		<u>(14,951)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>870,837</u>		<u>759,861</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss reserves			870,836		759,860
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>870,837</u>		<u>759,861</u>

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 May 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Barrett  
**Director**

Company registration number 05151686 (England and Wales)

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Tekeurope UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 21, Milber Trading Estate, Newton Abbot, Devon, TQ12 4SG.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Revenue comprises sales of goods or services provided to customers net of value added tax and other sales taxes, less an appropriate deduction for actual and expected returns and discounts. Revenue is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred to the buyer. Where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised in accordance with its progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the promised consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money, which is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

#### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software	Straight line over 5 years
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# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements	Straight line over 5 - 10 years
Fixtures and fittings	Straight line over 5 - 10 years
Computers	Straight line over 3 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line over 3 years
R&D equipment	Straight line over 3 - 5 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.11 Leases

##### **As lessee**

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	24	25

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

### 3 Intangible fixed assets

	Software £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 January 2024	20,051
Additions	5,701
At 31 December 2024	<u>25,752</u>
<b>Amortisation and impairment</b>	
At 1 January 2024	11,093
Amortisation charged for the year	1,993
At 31 December 2024	<u>13,086</u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 31 December 2024	<u>12,666</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>8,958</u>

### 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	R&D equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 January 2024	139,196	217,247	29,241	385,684
Additions	12,367	8,462	19,979	40,808
At 31 December 2024	<u>151,563</u>	<u>225,709</u>	<u>49,220</u>	<u>426,492</u>
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>				
At 1 January 2024	77,832	198,383	19,103	295,318
Depreciation charged in the year	23,755	10,616	11,586	45,957
At 31 December 2024	<u>101,587</u>	<u>208,999</u>	<u>30,689</u>	<u>341,275</u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
At 31 December 2024	<u>49,976</u>	<u>16,710</u>	<u>18,531</u>	<u>85,217</u>
At 31 December 2023	<u>61,364</u>	<u>18,864</u>	<u>10,138</u>	<u>90,366</u>

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

5 Debtors	2024	2023
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	412,247	476,387
Amounts owed by group undertakings	176,138	170,138
Other debtors	88,906	36,606
	<u>677,291</u>	<u>683,131</u>
Deferred tax asset	30,028	9,268
	<u>707,319</u>	<u>692,399</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	10,000	17,908
Trade creditors	601,030	701,440
Corporation tax	-	56,491
Other taxation and social security	40,110	50,345
Other creditors	75,052	67,703
	<u>726,192</u>	<u>893,887</u>

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	4,813	14,951
	<u>4,813</u>	<u>14,951</u>

Creditors falling due within and after more than one year on which security has been given by the company, include the following liabilities:

Bank borrowings - £Nil (2023 - £7,908)

The security provided is a fixed and floating charge over all assets, machinery and equipment held by the company.

## 8 Related party transactions

### Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

Amounts due from related parties	2024	2023
	£	£
Other related parties	176,138	170,138
	<u>176,138</u>	<u>170,138</u>

# TEKEUROPE UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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### 9 Directors' transactions

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	Amounts advanced	Interest charged	Amounts repaid	Closing balance
		£	£	£	£	£
Directors loan balance	2.25	-	64,240	642	(23,545)	41,337
		<u>-</u>	<u>64,240</u>	<u>642</u>	<u>(23,545)</u>	<u>41,337</u>
		<u>-</u>	<u>64,240</u>	<u>642</u>	<u>(23,545)</u>	<u>41,337</u>