

Registration number: 02776038

# Verizon UK Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022



## Verizon UK Limited

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## Verizon UK Limited

### Company Information

<b>Directors</b>	C Aitkenhead F De Maio
<b>Registered office</b>	Reading International Business Park Basingstoke Road Reading Berkshire RG2 6DA
<b>Registered number</b>	02776038
<b>Auditors</b>	Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor R+, 2 Blagrove Street Reading RG1 1AZ

## Verizon UK Limited

### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **Business review**

##### *Performance in the year*

Verizon UK Limited (the “Company”) was incorporated on 23 December 1992. The principal activities of the Company comprise the provision of telecommunications services and international support services within the Verizon Communications Inc. (Verizon) group of companies.

The Company is expected to continue with its principal activities for the foreseeable future.

Revenue has decreased from £244,749,000 in 2021 to £227,276,000 in 2022. This decrease in revenue of 7.1% was due to a decrease in Private IP and Ethernet revenue of 7.8%, a decrease in Strategic Communications and Professional Services revenue of 14.3% and a decrease in Core Voice and Data Networking Services revenue of 32.6%. These are partially offset by an increase in Customer Premise Equipment revenue of 44.1%.

In comparison with the preceding year, the 2022 operating profit has increased by £3,141,000 to £25,038,000. This increase in operating profit is primarily due to an increase in Telecommunications Service Fees of £27,645,000 partially offset by a decrease in revenue of £17,473,000 and an increase in operating expenses of £7,031,000. Operating expenses include a net foreign exchange gain in 2022 of £3,438,000 compared to a net foreign exchange loss of £2,472,000 in 2021.

In recent years Verizon has embarked upon a strategic transformation to meet the changing needs of our customers. To support this change the Company is focusing efforts around achieving higher margin from existing products and growing specific areas of our business.

Despite the challenging economic environment, the Company will continue to focus on growing key areas of our business by providing superior network reliability and offering innovative product bundles to our customers. It will also continue to focus on cost efficiencies to attempt to offset adverse impacts from unfavourable economic conditions and intense competitive pressure.

##### *Telecommunications Services Agreement*

The Company has been party to a telecommunications services agreement with Verizon European Holdings Limited (“VEHL”) since 2007, which has been amended from time to time. The current version of the agreement is the Second Amended and Restated Service Agreement in Relation to the Provision of Telecommunications Services, effective as of 1 January 2019. Fees chargeable between the Company and VEHL for the use and supply of telecommunications services are calculated according to a limited risk methodology that is OECD compliant.

#### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company are similar to those facing other companies in the telecommunications sector, namely, credit risk from the Company’s debtors, revenue risk from competing businesses, and operational dependence on a fibre network. The Company also has exposure to foreign currency risk which arises from sales and purchases in currencies other than its functional currency. These risks are managed at a global and a European regional level, and are significantly mitigated by being an integral part of a leading global communications provider, delivering innovative, cost-effective, advanced communications connectivity to businesses, governments and consumers.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Effect of the Ukraine Situation

Verizon continues to monitor the developing situation in Ukraine and the region. The US and other governments have adopted a series of sanctions and export control measures. Verizon is committed to adhere to all applicable laws and regulations and we are continually evaluating the impact on Verizon's limited operations in Russia and Ukraine.

Although neither the Company's performance and going concern nor operations, at the date of this report, have been significantly impacted by the above, Management continues to monitor the evolving situation and its impact on the financial position and results of the Company.

#### Section 172 statement

Verizon's culture, strategies and policies are identified and regularly reviewed at group level by the senior executives of Verizon. Verizon and its group of companies ("Verizon Group"), which includes the Company, believes that it must effectively address and balance the interests of all of its stakeholders, including its shareholders, employees, customers, communities, suppliers and others, in order to put itself in the best position to serve its customers, provide critical services to the community and grow profitably over the long term. This belief is reflected in the breadth and aspiration of the Verizon Group's corporate purpose to "create the networks that move the world forward". It is also reflected in the Verizon Group's values underlying all of the Verizon Group's decisions: integrity, respect, performance excellence, accountability and social responsibility.

The directors of the Company recognise that their statutory duties are owed to the Company and believe when taking board decisions during the year ended 31 December 2022 that they have acted in a way that they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company, having regard to those matters set out in section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 ("CA 2006"). As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Verizon European Holdings Limited, the directors did not consider section 172(1)(f) of the CA 2006 (regard to the need to act fairly as between members) to have been relevant to the proper discharge of their duties.

In their capacity as executives of the Verizon Group, the directors receive a broad range of training, pertaining to their functional roles and more broadly to leadership and other personal skills. To better enable the directors to discharge their duties pursuant to the CA 2006, the directors are briefed specifically on their duties as directors of the Company, in particular when reviewing transactions that require careful analysis of their duties such as those related to solvency.

#### *Regard to the likely consequences of any decision in the long term*

When making decisions, particularly those of a strategic nature, the directors, with the support of the relevant business functions and the wider Verizon Group's policies and strategies in place, have regard to the likely long-term consequences of their decisions. Meetings of board directors were held on a regular basis to enable the directors to consider a range of topics and receive reports and updates from the business including, but not limited to, those pertaining to financial performance, tax, treasury, statutory audit matters, environment, health and safety and employment.

During the year, the directors both at board meetings and in the course of their day to day management of the Company were supported by a number of corporate functions, including Legal, Accounting, Treasury, Tax, Human Resources, Compensation & Benefits and business functions covering the provision of services to customers, and the procurement of services from vendors.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Section 172 statement (continued)

##### *Regard to the interests of the Company's employees*

The directors, in conjunction with the wider functions within Verizon, including in particular its Human Resources and Compensation and Benefits teams, recognise the need to engage with employees and have regard to their interests. The Company's employee engagement statement, as set out in the Directors' Report in the annual report and accounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, provides examples as to how the directors engaged with its employees.

Group wide employee benefits, including employee pension schemes, health insurance, income protection insurance and death in service insurance, and other measures such as market rate compensation packages, are in place and the directors believe that these ensure that its employees' interests are well cared for.

##### *Regard to the need to foster business relationships with suppliers and customers*

The directors have a broad understanding of the multitude of group policies and initiatives in place to support supplier and customer relationships and which they, with the support of the relevant internal functions, have regard to where applicable when taking board decisions. The Company's statement of engagement with customers and suppliers, as set out in the Directors' Report in the annual report and accounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, sets out some of the group's policies and initiatives in this respect.

##### *Regard to the impact of the Company's operations on the community and environment*

Verizon is committed to protecting the environment and to supporting the communities where it operates. The Verizon Group's Global Real Estate, ESG, Corporate Social Responsibility, Sustainability and Sourcing teams, are just some of the experts who can support the directors of the Company when considering the impact of the Company's operations on the community and environment. Citizen Verizon, a company-wide responsible business plan, serves as a framework for Verizon to leverage its resources, technology, and employees to drive progress in three key areas, Climate Protection, Digital Inclusion, and Human Prosperity. That framework includes, for example, Verizon Group climate-related goals, a structured employee volunteering program with volunteering champions throughout the business and a UK Verizon Green Team made up of more than 800 UK-based employees who work to help reduce Verizon's environmental impact at work, in the home and the community through specific events and education. In 2022, half of all UK employees across the Verizon Group got involved and 6,494 hours were spent volunteering.

In 2022, the Company only purchased electricity generated by wind and hydro assets and the Company has Green Electricity Certification.

The Company is a member of Business in the Community (BITC) - the Prince's Responsible Business Network, a business-led membership organisation dedicated to responsible business within the United Kingdom. A review by BITC of various Verizon policies and initiatives applicable to the United Kingdom and relating to 'healthy environments' and 'healthy communities' was completed in 2022 to ensure these align with wider responsible business practices, with a particular focus on community and community impact.

During 2022, work began on the Company's carbon reduction plan which was approved by the directors in January 2023. The plan includes the Company's specific carbon reduction commitments, and environmental management measures and projects, and is aligned with the broader Verizon Group emissions reporting methodology.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Section 172 statement (continued)

During the year, specific examples of how the directors, with the support of the various relevant business functions, continued to make day to day decisions having regard to those matters set out in section 172 of the CA 2006 are set out below.

- The directors approved plans to purchase the freehold of a site at Feltham, known as UK4, which was primarily a datacentre it had occupied pursuant to a third-party lease (“Purchase”). The directors, with the support of various functions including Global Real Estate, Accounting, Treasury, Regulatory and external advisors, considered many factors, including for example:
  - the financial impact of the Purchase on the Company, both in the short and long term;
  - the overall strategy of the Company and the Verizon Group to consolidate UK existing sites where possible;
  - the Company’s employees, who were not expected to be adversely impacted by the Purchase given UK4 was primarily a datacentre. The directors noted that there were desk facilities at UK4 which would remain to provide the opportunity for some technical employees to work at the site;
  - the flexibility owning the freehold would provide, for example to implement further customer-related security measures without the burden of obtaining landlord consent or landlord restrictions; and
  - the opportunities the Purchase would provide to consider the initiation of energy efficiency projects to improve future energy efficiency.
- A new executive briefing and innovation centre was opened in March 2023 in the Company’s central London location. The centre will facilitate interaction with customers, enable Verizon to showcase technology and to enable review of customer goals, the exchange of ideas and consideration of new strategies, thereby continuing to improve customer relationships. Sustainability was at the forefront of the build where materials were re-used from the previous centre or sourced from sustainable sources and/or recycled.
- In implementing the return to work plans and new employee working models, the directors were guided by the wider Verizon Group's Work Forward program, referred to in more detail in the Employee Engagement Statement in the annual report and accounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, and were supported by various stakeholders, including Employment Legal, Human Resources, and Global Real Estate to ensure employees had a safe and healthy workplace environment. For example plans to return to the Reading office were coordinated timing wise, to take into consideration the building works taking place.

Approved by the Board on 28 September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

*Clare Aitkenhead*.....

C Aitkenhead  
Director

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out on pages 18 to 51.

#### Directors of the Company

The directors who served during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

C Aitkenhead

F De Maio

#### Branches outside the United Kingdom

Verizon UK Limited has an overseas branch in Dubai.

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for 2022 (2021:£nil).

#### Future developments

Future growth will be focused on growing key areas of the business by providing superior network reliability and offering innovative product bundles to customers as set out in the Strategic Report.

#### Going concern

The Company is expected to continue to generate profits and positive cash flows for the foreseeable future. The Company has not seen a significant impact on its business to date from the situation in Ukraine. The directors' assessment is that the ongoing situation in Ukraine and the associated impact on the economy will not have a significant impact on the Company.

In the unlikely event that it is called upon, the directors have assessed future profit forecasts, including sensitised forecasts, indicating that the Company would still have sufficient cash. While the directors do not deem it necessary, should it be required, the Directors assessed future profit forecasts and the level of financial support available from Verizon European Holdings Limited (VEHL) via a parental support letter. In addition, the directors understand that the overall long term strategy of the Verizon group is to continue to service their global customers. Based on the continuing operations and profitability, the Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists about the ability of the Company to ensure that it can meet its liabilities to third parties as they fall due and continue as a going concern for the period to 31 December 2024.

#### Events since the balance sheet date

There were no significant events after the end of the reporting period.

#### Directors' liabilities

The Company has granted indemnity to its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to those conditions as set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force during the year and is in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

#### Employment of disabled persons

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of other employees.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Employee Engagement Statement

The Verizon Group is committed to creating a workplace which is diverse, inclusive and inspiring. The Group's priorities remain focused on building a culture of engagement which enables employees to thrive and grow in their careers. The directors of the Company are committed to ensuring its employees are engaged and recognise that such engagement is fundamental to how the Company achieves success as a business. It drives Verizon's purpose of creating the networks that move the world forward. Examples of new and existing initiatives which continued to strengthen engagement with the Company's employees during 2022 are set out below.

- The Work Forward program was launched in May 2022 and is intended to transform how, when and where employees work and to provide them with greater flexibility and a better work life balance. The majority of the Company's employees work to a hybrid model and meaningful in-office schedules, serving as a baseline for attending a Verizon location, were agreed with managers in 2021. Since the implementation of the Work Forward program in 2022, employees were asked to follow their individual schedules with the aim to foster employee engagement, collaboration, positive social interactions and increase working efficiency whilst carefully balancing these with the need for flexibility and work life balance. Implementation of the Work Forward schedules for hybrid employees has been flexible with individual employee needs or concerns being reviewed by managers if required. Employee feedback on the Work Forward program is sought both informally and through more formal means such as the 2022 Q4 PULSE survey, described in more detail below, to understand if employees felt Work Forward will ultimately make Verizon a more attractive place to work and how helpful employees found the existing resources. The introduction of a formal schedule is also considered to have fostered greater consistency across all departments when developing working models, where for example working from home may not have previously been an option.
- A Work From Home Self-Assessment Tool which was launched in July 2021 remains in place to enable employees working from home to check their workplace is set up safely. The tool assesses the risks associated with working at home in the following categories: ergonomics, environmental and psychosocial factors, electrical and fire safety, data security, and other general aspects.
- An annual PULSE+ survey was conducted in 2022 seeking feedback on the Verizon Group's culture of engagement and inclusion. In addition, quarterly PULSE surveys were conducted during the year to gauge employees' overall satisfaction and seek feedback on specific topics identified as being priorities of the business. Responses from all surveys were continually reviewed by people leaders across the business and appropriate action plans were identified from the responses received and communicated to employees to drive improvements across the business.
- Two roadshow webinar events were held in 2022 to raise awareness of and promote all of Verizon's Employee Resource Groups, which are employee-led, company-sponsored groups, that fuel Verizon's culture of inclusion and equity to support Verizon's diversity strategy.
- A series of on-site employee-led culture, diversity, and development days were hosted during the year. Days involved guest speakers, culturally relevant food, social media activations, and volunteering activities. Examples of such days included: International Women's Day, Pride Day, Black History Day, Asian Heritage Day, Citizen Verizon Volunteering Day, and Learning & Development Day.
- Career development programs supporting the Company's commitment to women's career growth and the development of future leaders continued for example with Verizon's Women of the World (WOW) program.
- Employees received regular communications on health and wellbeing resources available to support them, including an Employee Assistance Programme, on demand webinars, guided meditation sessions and a COVID 19 resource site. Office based events were organised to encourage opportunities for connection and in-person collaboration. EMEA Team Talks launched in March 2022. 'EMEA Team Talks' is an employee engagement and culture programme offering employees an escape away from the pressures of day-to-day, encouraging employees to 'take time' from busy schedules. Monthly webinars were hosted by the Verizon EMEA leadership team, providing an opportunity to hear from inspirational and diverse external speakers with different perspectives to share. Topics included resilience, the science of happiness, authenticity, allyship, overcoming your fears and decision making.
- Employees of the Company were invited to attend all hands meetings held by senior executives and departmental managers. These provided employees with an opportunity to engage with the strategies and initiatives of the business and raise questions. The contribution made by employees to the success of the business was also recognised.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Statement of engagement with suppliers, customers and others

The directors recognise that it is critical for the ongoing success of the Company to foster strong relationships with its customers, suppliers and wider stakeholders and to continually engage effectively to better understand stakeholder needs and to adapt accordingly. A framework of Group policies and procedures are in place which strengthen stakeholder relationships.

Group policies and initiatives which continued to strengthen and improve customer relationships in 2022 included:

- continuation of Proof of Concept and Proof of Value trials to help customers evaluate the commercial viability and operational readiness of new transformative technologies;
- executive briefings to consult with customers wanting to expedite their digital operating models to help enable Fourth Industrial Revolution technologies;
- a 'Pathfinder' virtual community whereby contacts from across the Company's customer base convened on a monthly basis to hear from impactful and renowned public speakers, and discussed ideas for addressing common leadership challenges. In 2022, this was expanded to also include physical community gatherings;
- a service delivery organisation which helped ensure customer services were delivered in line with customer expectations;
- customer account management which focused on customers' key business imperatives;
- management of the life cycle of customer contracts;
- customer satisfaction surveys conducted by a third party provider which actively sought customer feedback and provided an opportunity to improve customer services and develop new and innovative ways of engaging digitally with customers, as a result of such feedback;
- online and on site service demonstrations with customers;
- partnering with key customers on joint corporate social responsibility and volunteering initiatives. Applying the principle that we achieve more together, examples of 2022 initiatives included Girls into STEM Workshops, and Earth Day Cleanups;
- ongoing review by the logistics teams of carriers' performance with the aim being to improve lead times of products shipped to customers' sites. Where considered appropriate, the Global Supply chain has put in place transportation agreements between the Verizon Group and new carriers to try and improve lead times, and performance will continue to be monitored in terms of price, quality of service (including reliability, number of lost packages in transit and compliance) and speed of delivery; and
- developments to the existing software platform for supply chain automation solutions to increase visibility of customer shipment status and delivery, with the aim once logistic partners are onboarded, to save time and add clarity to shipments' status and expected delivery, thus further supporting customers in their installation planning.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Statement of engagement with suppliers, customers and others (continued)

Group policies and initiatives which continued to strengthen and improve supplier relationships in 2022 included:

- use of a world-class procurement and supply chain collaboration solution streamlining interaction with suppliers through the 1Sourcing (Ariba) Platform;
- the launch of a new internal portal, VZBuy, which serves to connect the dots across the Source to Pay experience for Verizon's internal business partners. The portal is expected to promote self-serve efficiency, speed to market, compliance and customer satisfaction;
- continued commitment to dedicated Supplier Risk Management processes and integration into sourcing tools and processes, to ensure continuity and adherence to all supplier risk processes;
- a supplier code of conduct that contains principles to promote ethical conduct in the workplace, safe working conditions, the protection of sensitive information, the treatment of workers with respect and dignity, and responsible supply chains;
- pre-contract supplier due diligence processes to assess any supplier risks, including as to financial viability and legal compliance around issues such as data privacy and the protection of proprietary information. Supplier information gathering processes for supplier onboarding and due diligence were streamlined in 2022 by front loading information gathering earlier to get information that impacts different subject matter experts involvements, and getting rid of duplication in the information gathering forms and processes to speed up the onboarding approval processes and to minimise asking the suppliers for the same information multiple times for different Verizon teams;
- continued commitment to working with a diverse set of suppliers to ensure customers have access to superior service and experience;
- an annual review of Verizon's sourcing policies and business process guidelines ("Policies and Procedures"), which help ensure the fair and consistent treatment of suppliers and outline the requirements that apply internally when Verizon functions procure products and/or services. This included for example updates to certain Policies and Procedures with the aim to improve contract execution timelines for certain engagements and updates to requests for proposals ("RFP") guidance and requirements gathering documents to set clear expectations on the RFP and subsequent contract execution processes; and
- providing refresher training to Sourcing on the use and application of the Policies and Procedures to ensure accurate application, including training on the updates to improve contract execution timelines.

#### UK Government Departments and Regulators:

The Company continued to foster its relationships with relevant UK Government departments, such as the Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport; Department for International Trade; and Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy, as well as with its regulators, Ofcom and the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO).

In 2022, Verizon worked closely with the Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport and Ofcom in the industry technical consultations in relation to the new UK telecommunications security regulations. Verizon also interacted with the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy in relation to the implementation of the National Security and Investment Act.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) Disclosure

The SECR disclosure presents Verizon UK Limited's carbon footprint within the United Kingdom across Scope 1, 2 and to some extent scope 3 emissions, an appropriate intensity metric, the total energy use of electricity, gas and transport fuel and an energy efficiency actions summary for the relevant financial year.

	Year to 31 December 2022	Year to 31 December 2021
Energy consumption used to calculate emissions (kWh)	41,225,438	46,501,614
Emissions from combustion of gas (Scope 1) tCO <sub>2</sub> e	285	320
Emissions from combustion of fuel for transport purposes (Scope 1) tCO <sub>2</sub> e	120	98
Emissions from business travel in rental cars or employee-owned vehicles where company is responsible for purchasing the fuel (Scope 3) tCO <sub>2</sub> e	52	52
Emissions from purchased electricity (Scope 2, location-based) tCO <sub>2</sub> e	7,523	9,363
Emissions from purchased electricity (Scope 2, market-based) tCO <sub>2</sub> e	271	526
Total gross tCO <sub>2</sub> e based on above (location-based)	7,980	9,833
Total gross tCO <sub>2</sub> e based on above (market-based)	728	996
Intensity ratio (tCO <sub>2</sub> e/square feet) (location-based)	0.015305	0.022365
Intensity ratio (tCO <sub>2</sub> e/square feet) (market-based)	0.001396	0.002265

#### Energy Efficiency Action Summary

Year to 31 December 2022

Verizon UK Limited continued to achieve direct savings in energy and associated carbon emissions, through operational and technological improvements, including for example the upgrading of the following internal systems which are more energy efficient:

- Computer Room Air Conditioning units at the Company's technical sites in Bracknell, Basingstoke, Uxbridge and Feltham;
- Existing non-LED lighting for LED Lighting in a number of rooms at the Company's technical site in Bristol;
- Chiller mechanical system, designed to distribute chilled water around the Company's technical site in Feltham.

Verizon UK Limited further reduced its energy usage by removing legacy network infrastructure and by introducing a range of operational efficiency measures with its network operations technical facilities partners.

As part of the initiative to consolidate and reduce the size of Verizon's real estate footprint, the Company has vacated various sites in 2022, further reducing its energy usage.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) Disclosure (continued)

##### Methodology Notes

Reporting Period	1 January 2022 – 31 December 2022
Boundary (consolidation approach)	Operational approach
Alignment with financial reporting	SECR disclosure has been prepared in line with Verizon UK Limited's financial reporting period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022.
Reporting method	GHG Emissions reporting are in line with the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard
Emissions factor source	DEFRA, 2022 for all emissions factors <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022</a>
Conversion factor source	Natural Gas and gasoline: Federal Register EPA; 40 CFR Part 98; e-CFR, June 13, 2017  EPA GHG Emission Factors Hub  Diesel  U.S. Energy Information Administration – British Thermal Unit Conversion factors 2020
Calculation method	Activity Data x Emission Factor = GHG emissions  Activity Data x Conversion Factor = kWh consumption
Other relevant information on calculation	Where applicable consumption was converted to kWh using conversion factors linked above, while emissions were calculated with the DEFRA emission factors.  Transport data was calculated from cost and mileage data to kWh to liters and GHG emissions using the calculation method above. Not having the exact vehicle types, the Vehicles statistics' table VEH1103, issued by the Department for Transport, was used to separate the diesel and petrol cars. In absence of the exact engine sizes of the vehicles average conversion factors were used to calculate emissions.  In the case of fuel cost, the transport data was provided in cost and it was converted to liters using DEFRA annual Average Retail prices for oil products which was then converted to kWh using the method above.
Reason for the intensity measurement choice	Following the recommendations of the SECR legislation and based on the nature of the Company's business, floor area (tCO <sub>2e</sub> /square feet). This metric reflects the total CO <sub>2</sub> emitted in line with the floor area that shows the development of Verizon UK Limited's energy efficiency. Through comparison of future financial years this metric should show a trend of Verizon UK Limited's energy efficiency.
Estimation	The report contains estimated electricity and gas consumption figures no more than 1% of total consumption. Depending on the nature of the missing data the following estimation methods were used: Average value of +/-2 surrounding months; Average value from past 3 months; Value from same month of prior year.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) Disclosure (continued)

Amount of renewable electricity (kWh) 36,758,524  
imported from the grid and backed by  
REGOs.

#### Information on renewable electricity

Verizon UK Limited has the SSE Business Energy of 100% renewable electricity, valid from 01/10/2021 to 30/09/2024 and from Smartest Energy from 01/04/2021 to 31/03/2026. SSE electricity is sourced from wind generation and hydro assets, and these technologies all receive Renewable Energy Guarantee of origin (REGO) certificates. Explicit reporting on renewable electricity is not an obligation under the SECR legislation. However, as Verizon UK Limited wanted to reflect its renewable electricity consumption in its SECR disclosure, the dual reporting location and market-based approaches have been used. Although the location-based approach used UK DEFRA grid factors to calculate emissions, the market-based approach used a supplier-based emission factor and, pursuant to the GHG Protocol Corporate Standards' market-based approach, Verizon UK Limited was eligible and has reported zero scope 2 emissions under the market-based approach for its sites which received renewable energy. It has however included scope 2 emissions under the market-based approach for its sites which did not receive renewable energy.

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as the directors at the date of approving this report are aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing this report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of the Company's auditor, the directors have taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditors

The directors have appointed Ernst & Young LLP as auditors for the Company in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 28 September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

*Clare Aitkenhead*.....

C Aitkenhead  
Director

Reading International Business Park  
Basingstoke Road  
Reading  
Berkshire  
RG2 6DA

## **Verizon UK Limited**

### **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in FRS 101 is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Company financial position and financial performance;
- state whether FRS 101 has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law and regulations, the directors are also responsible for preparing a strategic report and directors' report, that comply with that law and those regulations.

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Verizon UK Limited**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Verizon UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the related notes 1 to 27, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period until 31 December 2024.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Verizon UK Limited (continued)**

### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement (set out on page 13), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### **Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Verizon UK Limited (continued)

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (FRS 101 and the Companies Act 2006) and the relevant direct and indirect tax compliance regulation in the United Kingdom. In addition, the Company has to comply with laws and regulations relating to its operations, including health and safety, data protection and anti-bribery and corruption.
- We understood how Verizon UK Limited is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management to understand how the Company maintains and communicates its policies and procedures in these areas, and to understand the culture and whether there is a strong emphasis placed on fraud prevention, which may reduce opportunities for fraud to take place as well as fraud deterrence. We corroborated our enquiries through our inspection of Board minutes, inquiry and, if any, review of correspondence with relevant authorities. We made consideration of the results of our audit procedures performed to either corroborate or provide contrary evidence which was then followed up.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, through internal team discussions and through enquiry of management and those charged with governance, to understand where it considered there was susceptibility of fraud. We also considered performance targets and their propensity to influence on efforts made by management to manage earnings. We considered the controls that the Company has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud; and how senior management monitors those programmes and controls. We determined that there is a potential for management override to achieve revenue targets via topside manual journal entries posted to revenue, further identifying revenue to be a fraud risk area. We specifically linked this risk of management override of controls to the fraud risk on improper accounting of non-standard and complex contracts for Strategic communications and professional services revenue. We performed procedures such as contracts testing in order to ensure that the revenue recognition on these non-standard and complex contracts are in line with the contractual documentation and recognised in line with the applicable accounting standards.
- We used data analytics tools to perform a correlation analysis on revenue and revenue-related accounts. Our procedures were designed to corroborate our assessment that revenue should be correlated closely to debtors, and, to identify those revenue journals for which the corresponding entry was not to debtors. These entries related to deferred revenue, unbilled revenue and credit note provision, where we separately performed substantive test of details.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved a review of the Board minutes to identify any non-compliance with laws and regulation, enquiries of management and testing of journal postings by specific risk criteria.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Verizon UK Limited (continued)**

**Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP.

.....  
San Gunapala (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor  
Reading

28 / 9 / 23 .

Date:.....

## Verizon UK Limited

### Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £ 000	2021 £ 000
Revenue	3	227,276	244,749
Net operating expenses	4	(368,001)	(360,970)
Other operating income	5	<u>165,763</u>	<u>138,118</u>
Operating profit	6	25,038	21,897
Profit/(Loss) on sale of tangible fixed assets		<u>31</u>	<u>(957)</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		25,069	20,940
Other interest receivable and similar income	7	10,750	2,426
Interest payable and similar charges	8	<u>(5,980)</u>	<u>(4,702)</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		29,839	18,664
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	11	<u>10,018</u>	<u>(152)</u>
Profit for the year		<u><u>39,857</u></u>	<u><u>18,512</u></u>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>39,857</u></u>	<u><u>18,512</u></u>

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 21 to 51 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	31 December 2022 £ 000	31 December 2021 £ 000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	12	177,987	180,973
Right-Of-Use assets	13	44,010	50,842
Investments	14	1,164	-
		<u>223,161</u>	<u>231,815</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stock	15	528	1,461
Debtors - amounts falling due within one year	16	512,898	464,726
Debtors - amounts falling due after one year	16	28,768	25,993
Cash at bank and in hand		4,506	9,942
		<u>546,700</u>	<u>502,122</u>
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	17	<u>(149,054)</u>	<u>(144,656)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>397,646</u>	<u>357,466</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		620,807	589,281
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	18	(66,218)	(69,911)
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>	19	<u>(6,973)</u>	<u>(12,077)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>547,616</u>	<u>507,293</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	20	128,263	128,263
Retained earnings		<u>419,353</u>	<u>379,030</u>
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>547,616</u>	<u>507,293</u>

Approved by the board on 28 September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

*Clare Aitkenhead*  
 .....  
 C Aitkenhead  
 Director

The notes on pages 21 to 51 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	<b>Share capital</b> <b>£ 000</b>	<b>Retained</b> <b>earnings</b> <b>£ 000</b>	<b>Total</b> <b>£ 000</b>
At 1 January 2022	128,263	379,030	507,293
Profit for the year	-	39,857	39,857
Share based payment transactions	-	466	466
At 31 December 2022	<u>128,263</u>	<u>419,353</u>	<u>547,616</u>

	<b>Share capital</b> <b>£ 000</b>	<b>Retained</b> <b>earnings</b> <b>£ 000</b>	<b>Total</b> <b>£ 000</b>
At 1 January 2021	128,263	360,742	489,005
Profit for the year	-	18,512	18,512
Share based payment transactions	-	(224)	(224)
At 31 December 2021	<u>128,263</u>	<u>379,030</u>	<u>507,293</u>

The notes on pages 21 to 51 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### 1 Authorisation of financial statements and statement of compliance

The financial statements of Verizon UK Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 September 2023 and the Balance Sheet was signed on the Board's behalf by Clare Aitkenhead. The Company is a private company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Sterling and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£000) except where otherwise indicated.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under Section 401(1)(b) of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts as it is a 99.77% owned indirect subsidiary of Verizon Communications Inc., which includes the Company in its group accounts, and has approval from its indirect minority shareholders. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The results of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Verizon Communications Inc. Copies of Verizon Communications Inc.'s annual report are available at <https://www.verizon.com/about/investors/annual-report> or on written request at the address of the principal executive offices: 1095 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, USA.

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Company are set out in note 2.

#### 2 Accounting policies

##### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are fair valued in accordance with respective guidance.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Summary of disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (i) the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- (ii) the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- (iii) the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- (iv) the requirements of paragraphs 45b and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share Based Payment because the share based payment arrangement concerns the instruments of another group entity
- (v) the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- (vi) the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to present comparative information in respect of paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1 and paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property Plant and Equipment
- (vii) the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f) and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- (viii) the requirements of paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- (ix) the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- (x) the requirements of paragraphs 110, 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127, and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- (xi) the requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- (xii) the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130 (f)(iii), 134(d) - 134(f) and 135(c) - 135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets
- (xiii) the requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 Leases.
- (xiv) the requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16, provided that the disclosure of details of indebtedness required by paragraph 61(1) of Schedule 1 to the Regulations is presented separately for lease liabilities and other liabilities, and in total.

##### Going concern

The Company is expected to continue to generate profits and positive cash flows for the foreseeable future. The Company has not seen a significant impact on its business to date from the situation in Ukraine. The directors' assessment is that the ongoing situation in Ukraine and the associated impact on the economy will not have a significant impact on the Company.

In the unlikely event that it is called upon, the directors have assessed future profit forecasts, including sensitised forecasts, indicating that the Company would still have sufficient cash. While the directors do not deem it necessary, should it be required, the Directors assessed future profit forecasts and the level of financial support available from Verizon European Holdings Limited (VEHL) via a parental support letter. In addition, the directors understand that the overall long term strategy of the Verizon group is to continue to service their global customers. Based on the continuing operations and profitability, the Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists about the ability of the Company to ensure that it can meet its liabilities to third parties as they fall due and continue as a going concern for the period to 31 December 2024.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### New standards, interpretations and amendments effective 1 January 2022

The following amendments to accounting standards have been effective from 1 January 2022. However, these amendments do not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company.

- Reference to the conceptual framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)
- Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before intended use (Amendments to IAS 16)
- Onerous contracts - Costs of fulfilling a contract (Amendments to IAS 37)
- Financial instruments - Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities (IFRS 9)

Several other amendments and interpretations were applied for the first time in 2022 and continue to apply for subsequent years, but do not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company. The Company has not yet adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued but which are not yet effective.

##### Revenue recognition

The Company has applied IFRS 15 with effect from 1 January 2018 and going forward.

The Company has availed of the disclosure exemptions available in accordance with FRS 101 as mentioned in the summary of disclosure exemptions.

Revenue is recognised on the basis of usage of networks, facilities and equipment, the provision of services or installation revenue.

##### *Usage of network*

Fixed fees for circuits and certain other services may be billed in advance or in the month of usage, but are recognised as revenue in the month of usage. Where fees are based on traffic and variable fees, they are generally billed in arrears and recognised in the month of usage.

##### *Facilities and equipment*

At the start of a contract, there may be fees for equipment, customer activation and similar set up costs. Where the costs and fees are separately identifiable the revenue for these items is recognised when the equipment is installed in accordance with the contractual specifications and ready for the customer's use.

##### *Provision of services*

Revenue for maintenance and monitoring service is recognised over the term of the contracts as we provide the services. Where there is a contractual arrangement with multiple deliverables that cannot be considered separate for accounting purposes, the revenue is recognised evenly over the term of the contract.

##### *Installation Revenue*

The Company defers circuit and CPE related installation revenue and related costs over the contract term.

##### *Costs to obtain a contract*

The Company recognises incremental direct costs of obtaining a contract, which consist of sales commissions and incremental fringe benefits. These are deferred and amortized over the weighted-average contract term.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### *Accounts receivable and contract balances*

The timing of revenue recognition may differ from the time of billing to our customers. Receivables presented in our Balance Sheet represent an unconditional right to consideration. Contract balances represent amounts from an arrangement when either the Company has performed, by transferring goods or services to the customer in advance of receiving all or partial consideration for such goods and services from the customer, or the customer has made payment to the Company in advance of obtaining control of the goods and/or services promised to the customer in the contract.

Contract assets primarily relate to our rights to consideration for goods or services provided to the customers but for which we do not have an unconditional right at the reporting date.

Contract liabilities arise when we bill our customers and receive consideration in advance of providing the goods or services promised in the contract.

##### **Other operating income**

Other operating income represents fees received under the telecommunications services agreement with Verizon European Holdings Limited ("VEHL"). The net income is reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

##### **Foreign currency transactions and balances**

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

##### **Tax**

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is recognised on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carried forward tax credits or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related asset is realised or liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws enacted substantively at the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset, only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority and that authority permits the company to make a single net payment.

Income tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income if it relates to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. Similarly, income tax is charged or credited directly to equity if it relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity. Otherwise income tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

##### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost comprises the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset and includes cost directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended including internal employee costs which are directly attributable to capital activities of the Company. Borrowing costs directly attributable to assets under construction and which meet the recognition criteria in IAS 23 are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

##### *Telecommunications network*

Customer facilities	4-15 years
Transmission equipment	4-20 years
Network cable	40 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease
Fixtures and fittings	3-7 years

An asset is regarded as being in the course of construction until ready for its intended use, when it is reclassified and depreciated over its estimated useful economic life.

Useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and where adjustments are required these are made prospectively.

Tangible fixed assets are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit or Loss in the period of derecognition.

##### Stocks

Stocks of equipment held for use in the maintenance and expansion of the Company's telecommunication systems are stated at cost, less provision for obsolete and slow moving items.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect is material, the expected future cash flows are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability.

Provision is made for onerous leases where the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligation under the lease exceed the economic benefits to be received under it in accordance with IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". Costs provided for represent the minimum obligation under the lease, net of any contributions where the property is sub-let, and are discounted.

##### Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company has subleases for commercial premises and these are accounted for as an operating lease and a provision is accrued to reflect the present value of the future losses arising from the difference between the lease paid to the lessor according to the master lease agreement and the lease collected from the sub-lessor according to the sublease agreement.

##### *Company as a lessee*

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

##### *Right-of-use assets*

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Land and buildings	3 - 25 years
Other equipment	2 - 24 years

If ownership of the leased asset were to transfer to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

##### *Lease Liabilities*

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Leases (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g. changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

##### *Short-term leases*

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of buildings and other equipment (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option).

##### *Company as a lessor*

Assets leased out under operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Rental income, including the effect of lease incentives, is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company transfers substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset, the arrangement is classified as a finance lease and a receivable is recognised for the initial direct costs of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. As payments fall due, finance income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss so as to achieve a constant rate of return on the remaining net investment in the lease.

##### **Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the assets recoverable amount in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An assets recoverable amount is the higher of an assets or cash generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses on continuing operations are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset or cash generating unit in prior years. A reversal of impairment losses is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount when it is treated as a revaluation increase.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Dividends

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount can be measured reliably).

Dividend income received from subsidiary undertakings is recognised directly in the current year's Statement of Profit or Loss.

The Company recognises a liability to pay a dividend when the dividend is authorised and the dividend is no longer at the discretion of the Company. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

##### Defined contribution pension obligation

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

##### Share based payments

Fair value of the share based compensation is established initially at the award grant date and at each balance sheet date thereafter until the share awards are settled using an appropriate option pricing model.

Share based compensation is paid in cash upon vesting by the Company's ultimate parent company, Verizon Communications Inc. The Company has no obligation to settle the transaction and therefore accounts for the transaction as equity settled, recognising a corresponding credit in equity.

The Company does have an obligation to settle the employee's tax obligations incurred as a result of the transaction and therefore recognises a liability relating to this element of the award.

From the end of the vesting period until settlement the combined equity and liability elements represent the full fair value of the share award as of the balance sheet date. Changes in the carrying amount for the liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

##### Financial instruments

The Company has applied IFRS 9 with effect from 1 January 2018 and going forward.

The Company has availed of the disclosure exemptions available in accordance with FRS 101 as mentioned in the summary of disclosure exemptions.

Following review of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities, no material recognition, measurement or transition impacts from the application of IFRS 9 have been identified with financial assets and liabilities being recognised in the same manner under IFRS 9 as was recognised under the previously applicable standard IAS 39, Financial Instruments.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Financial instruments (continued)

###### *Derivative Financial Instruments*

The Company uses forward contracts to mitigate the effects of changes in foreign exchange relating to certain intercompany receivables and payables of the Company. These derivative instruments are not formally designated as hedges and the terms of these instruments generally do not exceed three months. The fair values of these instruments are included in the Balance Sheet in Current assets or Current liabilities, with changes in the fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The Company has classified these derivative instruments as fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL").

###### *Financial Assets*

###### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial assets within the scope of IFRS 9 are classified as financial assets at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

###### *Derecognition of financial assets:*

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the company's statement of financial position) when:

· The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

or

· The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third-party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

The Company's financial assets include Cash, Trade and Other Receivables including Intercompany and Loans.

The subsequent measurement of cash, loans and receivables is as follows:

###### *Cash at bank and in hand*

Cash in the balance sheet comprises cash at banks and in hand.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Financial instruments (continued)

###### *Trade and other receivables*

The Company impairs trade receivables using the IFRS 9 simplified impairment approach, which involves calculating at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The Company impairs intercompany receivables using the IFRS 9 general impairment approach, which involves calculating an amount equal to 12 months expected credit losses where the Credit Risk is assessed below.

Changes in the credit risk associated with these assets are assessed on both an individual and collective basis. To date, there has been no indication of impairment on a collective basis.

Trade debtors are recognised and carried at the lower of their original invoiced value and recoverable amount. Provision for impairment is made through profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to recover balances in full. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

An additional credit loss allowance is recognised if there has been a significant increase in the credit risk associated with a given customer (payment default at maturity, insolvency proceedings, etc.), such that the amount owed by the customer is likely to be written off.

##### Financial Liabilities

###### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the company retains continuing involvement, financial guarantee contracts, commitments to provide a loan at a below market interest rate, and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in accordance with IFRS 3, Business Combinations.

###### *Derecognition of financial liabilities:*

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The Company's financial liabilities consist of Trade and Other Creditors, including Intercompany Payables.

The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

###### *Trade and other creditors*

Trade and other short term creditors are carried at the lower of their original invoiced value and payable amount.

###### *Loans and borrowings*

Loans and borrowings are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

##### *Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate*

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Verizon Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available, or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the leases. The Verizon Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs, such as market interest rates, when available.

##### Judgements

The following judgements have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

##### *Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options - Company as Lessee*

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

##### *Property lease classification - Company as Lessor*

The Company has determined, that in relation to its subleases, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all of the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

##### *Taxation*

Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with an assessment of the effect of future tax planning strategies. Further details are contained in note 11.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 3 Revenue

The analysis of the Company's revenue for the year, exclusive of VAT, from continuing operations is as follows:

	2022	2021
	£ 000	£ 000
<b>By area of activity</b>		
Private IP, Internet and Ethernet	102,791	111,516
Strategic communications and professional services	79,514	92,759
Customer premise equipment	33,237	23,064
Core voice and data networking services	11,734	17,410
	227,276	244,749

Revenue of the Company for the year has been derived from its principal continuing activity which is significantly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

	2022	2021
	£ 000	£ 000
<b>Contract Assets - Current</b>		
Deferred installation costs (see note 16)	1,349	1,864
Deferred commissions (see note 16)	1,480	1,471
<b>Contract Assets - Non-current</b>		
Deferred installation costs (see note 16)	941	1,169
Deferred commissions (see note 16)	1,059	922
<b>Contract liabilities - Current</b>		
Deferred Revenue (see note 17)	(19,801)	(12,769)
<b>Contract liabilities - Non-current</b>		
Deferred Revenue (see note 18)	(14,827)	(8,488)

No impairment losses have been recognised on contract assets from the Company's contracts with customers.

The Company defers circuit based and CPE related installation costs over the contract term.

Incremental direct costs of obtaining a contract, which consist of sales commissions and incremental fringe benefits, are deferred and amortized over the respective period of expected benefit.

The Company defers circuit based and CPE related installation revenue over the contract term.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 4 Net operating expenses

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Salary and associated costs (see note 9)	153,238	155,746
Network access and roaming costs	67,896	74,600
Other external charges	63,085	57,579
Depreciation of tangible assets (see note 12)	40,613	30,422
Owned network expenses	35,970	30,779
Depreciation on right of use assets (see note 13)	10,637	11,175
Profit on sub-lease on right of use asset	-	(1,803)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3,438)	2,472
	<b>368,001</b>	<b>360,970</b>

#### 5 Other Operating income

The analysis of the Company's other operating income for the year is as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Telecommunications services agreement	165,763	138,118

In accordance with the telecommunications services agreement with VEHL, the Company received services fees for providing telecommunications services and telecommunications support services in the UK. The net income is reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

In accordance with this service agreement, the Company received net income in 2022 of £165,763,000 (2021: £138,118,000).

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 6 Operating profit

	2022	2021
	£ 000	£ 000
<b>Operating profit is stated after charging / (crediting):</b>		
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets-owned (see note 12)	40,613	30,422
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (see note 13)	10,637	11,175
<b>Auditor's remuneration</b>		
- audit of the financial statements (i)	627	561
- statutory audit (ii)	1,106	990
- other services (iii)	1,336	1,865
<b>Operating lease payments</b>		
- plant and machinery	505	488
- other minimum lease payments	7,256	11,127
- sublease payments	(2,911)	(937)
Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)	<u>(3,438)</u>	<u>2,472</u>

The auditors' remuneration charge includes costs incurred in relation to:

- (i) the statutory audit of the Company;
- (ii) the statutory audit of other group entities;
- (iii) corporate and indirect tax services for the Company and other group entities.

#### 7 Other interest receivable and similar income

	2022	2021
	£ 000	£ 000
Interest receivable from group undertakings	10,042	1,475
Finance charges received under finance leases	444	709
Other	206	212
Interest income on bank deposits	<u>58</u>	<u>30</u>
	<u>10,750</u>	<u>2,426</u>

The increase in interest receivable from group undertakings is due to the increase in underlying interest rates during the year.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 8 Interest payable and similar charges

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Interest payable to group undertakings	1,883	313
Discounted provision - unwinding of discount (see note 19)	557	639
Finance charges payable under finance leases	-	2
Lease liability interest	2,632	3,055
Other	908	693
	<u>5,980</u>	<u>4,702</u>
	<u>5,980</u>	<u>4,702</u>

#### 9 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Wages and salaries	127,642	130,255
Social security costs	16,579	16,315
Pension and other post-employment benefit costs (see note 24)	9,017	9,176
	<u>153,238</u>	<u>155,746</u>
	<u>153,238</u>	<u>155,746</u>

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>No.</b>	<b>No.</b>
Administration	237	235
Sales	670	722
Operations	214	247
	<u>1,121</u>	<u>1,204</u>
	<u>1,121</u>	<u>1,204</u>

Included in wages and salaries are costs of £1,173,000 (2021: £2,437,000) relating to redundancy payments and £5,454,000 (2021: £4,879,000) relating to cash settled share based payment transactions.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 10 Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Remuneration	625	709

In respect of the highest paid director:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Remuneration	325	379

All directors are employed by Verizon group companies and their service as directors to Verizon UK Limited is incidental to their main employment. Consequently, they do not receive emoluments for their services as directors of this Company.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 11 Tax

Tax charged to the profit and loss account

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
<b>Current taxation</b>		
UK corporation tax	-	-
Withholding tax	-	-
Total current income tax	-	-
<b>Deferred taxation</b>		
Arising from origination and reversal of temporary differences	10,018	(2,582)
Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	-	2,430
Tax credit/(charge) in the profit and loss account	<u>10,018</u>	<u>(152)</u>

Reconciliation of the Total Tax Charge

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Profit before tax	<u>29,839</u>	<u>18,664</u>
Tax at UK statutory rate of 19% (2021:19%)	5,669	3,546
Expenses not deductible	36	60
Group relief surrendered/(claimed)	9,011	(2,338)
Deferred Tax recognised in the year	-	1,314
Changes in tax laws and rate	-	(2,430)
Movement in unrecognised deferred tax	<u>(24,734)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total tax (credit)/charge	<u>(10,018)</u>	<u>152</u>

#### Change in Corporation Tax Rate

In the Spring Budget 2021, the UK Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate would increase to 25% (rather than remaining at 19%, as previously enacted). This new law was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. Deferred taxes at the balance sheet date have been measured using these enacted tax rates and reflected in these financial statements.

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
<b>Deferred Tax</b>		
<b>The deferred tax asset included in the balance sheet is as follows:</b>		
	<u>23,059</u>	<u>13,041</u>
Total deferred tax asset	<u>23,059</u>	<u>13,041</u>

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 11 Tax (continued)

	2022 £ 000	2021 £ 000
<b>Disclosed on the balance sheet</b>		
Amounts falling due within one year	8,055	4,488
Amounts falling due after one year	15,004	8,553
	23,059	13,041

As at 31 December 2022 a deferred tax asset of £43 million at a rate of 25% (2021: £76 million at a rate of 25%) relating to fixed asset and other timing differences has not been recognised.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. There is currently insufficient evidence that sufficient suitable taxable profits will be generated, and therefore the deferred tax asset on this amount has not been recognised.

	2022 £ 000	2021 £ 000
<b>Deferred tax in the income statement</b>		
Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances	(10,018)	152
Deferred tax (credit)	(10,018)	152

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 12 Tangible assets

	Assets under construction £ 000	Telecomms network £ 000	Freehold land & buildings, leasehold improvements, fixtures and fittings £ 000	Total £ 000
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 January 2022	9,194	1,202,543	382,934	1,594,671
Additions	5,908	17,134	14,585	37,627
Transfers	(3,958)	3,736	222	-
Disposals	-	(63,400)	(18,844)	(82,244)
At 31 December 2022	<u>11,144</u>	<u>1,160,013</u>	<u>378,897</u>	<u>1,550,054</u>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
At 1 January 2022	-	1,049,804	363,894	1,413,698
Charge for the year	-	33,598	7,015	40,613
Disposal	-	(63,400)	(18,844)	(82,244)
At 31 December 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>1,020,002</u>	<u>352,065</u>	<u>1,372,067</u>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 1 January 2022	<u>9,194</u>	<u>152,739</u>	<u>19,040</u>	<u>180,973</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>11,144</u>	<u>140,011</u>	<u>26,832</u>	<u>177,987</u>

#### Capitalised borrowing costs

The amount of borrowing costs capitalised during the year ended 31 December 2022 was £541,328 (2021: £27,515). The average rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation was 2.28% which is the effective rate of borrowing used to finance the construction.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 13 Right-of-use assets

##### Company as a Lessee

The Company has various lease contracts for real estate, vehicles and telecommunications equipment with varying remaining lease terms. The Company also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the 'short-term lease' recognition exemptions for these leases. Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movement during the period:

	<b>Land &amp; Buildings</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
As at 1 January 2022	46,926	3,916	50,842
Additions	1,490	24	1,514
Adjustments	5,495	-	5,495
Depreciation	(9,566)	(1,071)	(10,637)
Retirements	(3,190)	(14)	(3,204)
As at 31 December 2022	<u>41,155</u>	<u>2,855</u>	<u>44,010</u>

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 14 Investments

	<b>£ 000</b>
<b>Subsidiary undertakings</b>	
Cost at 1 January 2022	653,125
Additions	1,164
At 31 December 2022	654,289
Amounts provided for at 1 January 2022	653,125
At 31 December 2022	653,125
Carrying value at 31 December 2022	1,164
At 31 December 2021	-

On 17 February 2022, the Company was allotted one ordinary share of £1.00 in the capital of its wholly owned subsidiary, Fox Court Nominees Limited ("Allotment"). The subscription price for the Allotment was £1,163,528 which was satisfied by the Company by way of a promise to pay such amount to Fox Court Nominees Limited.

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Address of registered office	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held	
			2022	2021
MK International Limited	Investment Holding Company	Reading International Business Park, Basingstoke Road, Reading, RG2 6DA, United Kingdom	100%	100%
Fox Court Nominees Limited	Holding minority shareholdings in certain undertakings of the Verizon group	Reading International Business Park, Basingstoke Road, Reading, RG2 6DA, United Kingdom	100%	100%

#### 15 Stock

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	£ 000	£ 000
Network equipment and items for resale	528	1,461

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 16 Trade and other debtors

	<b>31 December 2022 £ 000</b>	<b>31 December 2021 £ 000</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors	29,138	27,647
Amounts owed by group undertakings	429,501	397,550
Accrued income	11,850	12,420
Prepayments	29,287	17,637
Other debtors	1,822	101
Deferred tax (see note 11)	8,055	4,488
Finance Lease receivable (see note 23)	3,614	3,698
Deferred installation costs and commissions (see note 3)	2,829	3,335
	516,096	466,876
Allowance for expected credit losses	(3,198)	(2,150)
Total current trade and other debtors	512,898	464,726

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days. Included within the balance is an amount of (£1,095,000) (2021: £6,993,000) relating to forward contracts. See note 25.

Trade debtors are recognised and carried at the lower of their original invoiced value and recoverable amount. Credit loss allowance is recognised if there has been a significant increase in the credit risk associated with a given customer such that the amount owed by the customer is likely to be written off.

	<b>2022 £ 000</b>	<b>2021 £ 000</b>
<b>Amounts falling due after one year:</b>		
Deferred tax (see note 11)	15,004	8,553
Deposits	456	455
Finance lease receivable (see note 23)	10,040	13,049
Other long term debtors	1,268	1,845
Deferred installations costs and commissions (see note 3)	2,000	2,091
	28,768	25,993

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 17 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<b>31 December 2022 £ 000</b>	<b>31 December 2021 £ 000</b>
Trade creditors	19,302	16,900
Accrued expenses	41,947	43,797
Deferred revenue (see note 3)	19,801	12,769
Amounts due to group undertakings	51,246	49,828
Social security and other taxes	5,740	5,837
Other creditors	13	3,298
Obligations under finance leases (see note 23)	8,978	10,353
Cash settled share-based payments (see note 21)	2,027	1,874
	149,054	144,656

#### 18 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<b>2022 £ 000</b>	<b>2021 £ 000</b>
Deferred revenue (see note 3)	14,827	8,488
Obligations under finance leases (see note 23)	50,422	60,341
Cash settled share based payments (see note 21)	969	1,082
	66,218	69,911

#### 19 Provisions

	<b>Dilapidations £ 000</b>
At 1 January 2022	12,077
New provisions	197
Provisions used	(31)
Release of provisions	(5,827)
Discounted provision - unwinding of discount	557
At 31 December 2022	6,973

#### **Dilapidation provision**

The dilapidation provision was created to cover the estimated costs that will be incurred at the end of each of the Company's facility leases. The future cash outflows have been discounted at an annual discount rate of 5.5% (2021: 5.5%).

As part of wider business objective to consolidate sites, the Company has released an excess provision related to one site from which it formally exited in January 2023. There is also a release of an excess provision for a site where the freehold was purchased during 2022.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 20 Share capital

##### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	No.	31 December 2022 £	No.	31 December 2021 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>128,263,262</u>	<u>128,263,262</u>	<u>128,263,262</u>	<u>128,263,262</u>

#### 21 Share-based payments

##### Details of Long Term Incentive Plan

The Company participates in the Verizon Communications Inc. (“Verizon”) Long Term Incentive Plan (“the Plan” or “LTI Plan”). The Plan permits the granting of restricted stock units (RSUs) and performance stock units (PSUs).

The objective of the Plan is to reward executives in a manner that aligns remuneration with the creation of shareholder value. As such, LTI Plan grants are only made to executives who are able to influence generation of shareholder value and thus have an impact on the performance of Verizon and its subsidiaries.

The LTI Plan grants to executives are delivered in the form of PSUs and RSUs, which represent shares of Verizon stock that generally vest at the end of the third year after the grant. 40% of the LTI Plan opportunity is in the form of RSUs and 60% in the form of PSUs.

##### *Restricted Stock Units*

The Plan provides for the grant of RSUs that will be time-vested with one third vesting on each one year anniversary of the grant date over a three year period.

The RSUs are paid in cash upon vesting by the Company's ultimate parent company, Verizon Communications Inc. The Company has no obligation to settle the transaction and therefore accounts for the transaction as equity-settled, recognising a corresponding credit in equity.

The Company does have an obligation to settle the employee's tax obligations incurred as a result of the transaction and therefore recognises a liability relating to this element of the award.

The split of the transaction recognition between equity and liability is approximately 55%/45% respectively.

The RSU award liability is measured at its fair value at the end of each reporting period and, therefore, will fluctuate based on the performance of Verizon's stock. The equity element is measured at grant date at fair value.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 21 Share-based payments (continued)

##### *Performance Stock Units*

The Plan also provides for grants of PSUs that generally vest at the end of the third year after the grant. As defined by the Plan, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors of Verizon determines the number of PSUs a participant earns based on the extent to which the corresponding performance goals have been achieved over the three year performance cycle.

The PSUs are paid in cash upon vesting by the Company's ultimate parent company, Verizon Communications Inc. The Company has no obligation to settle the transaction and therefore accounts for the transaction as equity-settled, recognising a corresponding credit in equity.

The Company does have an obligation to settle the employee's tax obligations incurred as a result of the transaction and therefore recognises a liability relating to this element of the award.

The split of the transaction recognition between equity and liability is approximately 55%/45% respectively.

The PSU award liability is measured at its fair value at the end of each reporting period and, therefore, will fluctuate based on the price of Verizon common stock as well as performance relative to the targets. The equity element is measured at grant date at fair value. Dividend equivalent units are also paid to participants at the time that the PSU award is determined and paid, and in the same proportion as the PSU award.

The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence at 31 December 2022:

Grant award year	Grant date	Number of RSUs	Fair value at grant date (£ 000)	Number of PSUs	Fair value at grant date (£ 000)
2020	02/03/2020	7,508	349	32,654	1,518
2021	01/03/2021	28,927	1,156	35,931	1,435
2022	01/03/2022	34,314	1,351	36,941	1,454

Where a participant ceases employment prior to the vesting of their stock units, the stock units are forfeited unless cessation of employment is due to retirement (at least six months after the start of the award cycle) or involuntary termination initiated by the Company.

The charge for the year amounted to £1,454,000 (2021: £2,040,000).

##### **Fair value of RSUs and PSUs**

The Company measures and recognises compensation expense for all stock based compensation awards made to employees and directors based on estimated fair values.

The carrying amount of the equity element relating to the units at 31 December 2022 is £1,997,000 (2021: £2,236,000).

The carrying amount of the liability relating to the cash settled options at 31 December 2022 is £1,576,000 (see notes 17 and 18) (2021: £1,960,000). Share based payments valued at £2,061,000 vested and were settled during 2022 (2021: £3,590,000).

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 21 Share-based payments (continued)

##### Movements in RSUs and PSUs during the period

The following table illustrates the number of, and movements in, RSUs and PSUs during the year:

	2022 Number of RSUs	2022 Number of PSUs	2021 Number of RSUs	2021 Number of PSUs
Balance at 1 January	60,714	100,909	50,493	110,726
Granted during the year	34,314	36,941	37,031	46,091
Transfers during the year	-	-	12,227	-
Settled during the year	(24,279)	(32,324)	(39,037)	(55,908)
Balance at 31 December	<u>70,749</u>	<u>105,526</u>	<u>60,714</u>	<u>100,909</u>

##### Stock Together

From 2 March 2020, the Company participates in the Verizon Communications Inc. (“Verizon”) Stock Together Plan (“the Stock Together Plan”). The Stock Together Plan permits the granting of restricted stock units (RSUs).

The Stock Together program is an annual broad-based equity award program that creates an opportunity for employees to share in the success of Verizon and the value created through a discretionary award of RSUs.

Eligible employees receive an award of RSUs in a fixed dollar amount based on their job level, work location, and scheduled hours on the grant date. The actual number of RSUs each employee will receive will be determined by dividing the employee’s fixed dollar award amount by the closing price of a share of Verizon Communications Inc. common stock on the NYSE on the grant date.

The award will vest over a 3-year period, with 1/3 of the units vesting each year. If an employee satisfies the vesting requirements for the award they will receive a cash payment equal to the value of the vested RSUs plus quarterly dividend equivalent units on the applicable vesting dates.

The RSUs are paid in cash upon vesting by the Company's ultimate parent company, Verizon Communications Inc. The Company has no obligation to settle the transaction and therefore accounts for the transaction as equity-settled, recognising a corresponding credit in equity.

The Company does have an obligation to settle the employee's tax obligations incurred as a result of the transaction and therefore recognises a liability relating to this element of the award.

The split of the transaction recognition between equity and liability is approximately 62%/38% respectively.

The RSU award liability is measured at its fair value at the end of each reporting period and, therefore, will fluctuate based on the performance of Verizon’s stock.

The charge for the year amounted to £4,000,000 (2021: £2,651,000).

The carrying amount of the liability is £1,420,000 (2021: £996,000). The carrying amount of the equity element relating to the units at 31 December 2022 is £2,359,000 (2021: £1,655,000).

The number of RSU’s granted during 2022 was 116,999 (2021: 112,754), with a fair value at grant date of £4,607,000 (2021: £4,505,000).

Share based payments valued at £2,807,000 vested and were settled during 2022 (2021: £1,391,000).

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 21 Share-based payments (continued)

##### Movements in RSUs during the period

The following table illustrates the number of, and movements in, RSUs and PSUs during the year:

	2022 Number of RSUs	2021 Number of RSUs
Balance at 1 January	171,798	104,807
Granted during the year	116,999	112,754
Settled during the year	(83,707)	(45,763)
Balance at 31 December	<u>205,090</u>	<u>171,798</u>

#### 22 Capital Commitments

##### *Property, plant and equipment*

At 31 December 2022, amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounted to £1,715,000 (2021: £3,194,000).

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 23 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

##### As a lessee

The Company has lease contracts for various items of land and buildings and other equipment. Leases of land and buildings generally have lease terms between 3 and 25 years, while other equipment generally has lease terms between 2 and 24 years.

The Company has leases with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption for these leases.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and movements during the period for those included in notes 17 and 18.

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
As at 1 January	70,694	77,988
Additions	1,514	2,923
Adjustments	5,248	1,537
Accretion of interest	2,832	3,132
Payments	(17,703)	(13,852)
Retirements	(3,190)	(1,022)
Foreign exchange movement	5	(12)
As at 31 December	59,400	70,694

##### As a lessor

The Company supplies equipment for exclusive use by customers on their premises via sales type lease agreements with financing of the equipment provided by a 3rd party. Due to the nature of these agreements the equipment in substance does not meet the definition of an asset and therefore does not form part of tangible assets.

The Company holds surplus office space which is let to third parties. Where the Company transfers substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset, the arrangement is classified as a finance lease.

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
<i>Future minimum lease payments due</i>		
Not later than one year	3,989	4,230
After one year but not more than five years	10,415	11,517
After five years	-	2,074
	14,404	17,821
Less unearned finance income	(750)	(1,074)
Present value of minimum lease payments	13,654	16,747

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 23 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts (continued)

The present value of minimum lease payments is analysed as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£ 000</b>	<b>£ 000</b>
Not later than one year	3,614	3,698
After one year but not more than five years	10,040	10,985
After five years	<u>-</u>	<u>2,064</u>

#### Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Not later than one year	7,279	11,158
After one year but no more than five years	5,034	5,005
After five years	<u>224</u>	<u>322</u>
	<u>12,537</u>	<u>16,485</u>

Operating lease commitments relate to equipment, office equipment and telecommunications circuits. The Company has applied the short-term leases recognition exemptions to equipment and office equipment, and these leases have been recognised as operating leases. Telecommunications circuits are recognised as operating leases as the supplier has the substantive right to substitute the asset throughout the period of use. IFRS 16 has been applied to leases relating to land and buildings and other equipment from the application date 1 January 2019.

## Verizon UK Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 24 Pension and other schemes

##### Defined contribution pension scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the Company to the scheme and amounted to £9,017,000 (2021: £9,176,000).

As at 31 December 2022 there was a pension accrual relating to the Company contributions of £745,000 (2021: £760,000) which is included within the accruals figure in Note 17.

#### 25 Financial instruments

##### Financial liabilities

##### *Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss held for trading*

The following table presents the Company's outstanding forward contracts, notional amounts and related fair values at 31 December 2022. The fair values are based on market values of equivalent instruments at 31 December 2022. These financial instruments are classified as Level 2 based upon the degree to which the fair value movements are observable. Level 2 fair value measurements are defined as those derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (prices from third parties) or indirectly (derived from third party prices).

	Notional Amount		Fair values Assets/Liabilities	
	31 December 2022 £ 000	31 December 2021 £ 000	31 December 2022 £ 000	31 December 2021 £ 000
Foreign Currency Forward Contracts	313,082	311,348	(1,095)	6,993
Recognised in the statement of profit or loss	-	-	(1,095)	6,993

## **Verizon UK Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

#### **26 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Verizon European Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales.

The Company is a 99.77% owned indirect subsidiary of Verizon Communications Inc., a company incorporated in Delaware in the United States of America, whose principal place of business is 1095 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, USA and is the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of the Company.

Verizon Communications Inc. is the ultimate parent company of the largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated.

#### **27 Events since the balance sheet date**

There were no significant events after the end of the reporting period.