

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	G M Freed M S Randhawa C J Haigh
Registered number	11992947
Registered office	Boundary House County Place Chelmsford Essex CM2 0RE
Independent auditor	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Priory Place New London Road Chelmsford Essex CM2 0PP

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

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JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2021.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £138,323 (2020: loss for the period from 13 May 2019 to 31 May 2020 of £2,154,460). No dividends were paid during the year. The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2020: £Nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

G M Freed
M S Randhawa (resigned 31 May 2022)
M A A Bibby (resigned 31 July 2020)

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, has indicated that they will not be seeking reappointment for the year ended 31 May 2022. The directors are undertaking a process to appoint new auditors.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 2 September 2022 and signed on its behalf.

Gavin Freed

G M Freed
Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Juniper Education Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 May 2021, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 May 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks associated with the Company's business model including effects arising from macro-economic uncertainties such as Brexit and Covid-19, we assessed and challenged the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors and the related disclosures and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

The responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the 'Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements' section of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- The Company is subject to many laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements. We identified the following laws and regulations as the most likely to have a material effect if non-compliance were to occur: United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UK GAAP"), the Companies Act 2006, United Kingdom Corporation Tax legislation, anti-bribery legislation, GDPR and employment law.
- We enquired of management concerning the Company's policies and procedures relating to:
 - The identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
 - The detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
 - The establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by evaluating management's incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included an evaluation of the risk of management override of controls. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to:
 - Journal entries that increased revenues or that reclassified costs from the Statement of Comprehensive Income to the Balance Sheet;
 - Potential management bias in determining accounting estimates.
- These audit procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error and detecting irregularities that result from fraud is inherently more difficult than detecting those that result from error, as fraud may involve collusion, deliberate concealment, forgery or intentional misrepresentations. Also, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it;
- Assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included consideration of the engagement team's:
 - understanding of, and practical experience with audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation;
 - knowledge of the industry in which the client operates; and
 - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the entity including, the provisions of the applicable legislation, the regulator's rules and related guidance, including guidance issued by relevant authorities that interprets those rules and the applicable statutory provisions.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED
(CONTINUED)**

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Timothy Taylor

Timothy Taylor FCA
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
Chelmsford

2 September 2022

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

	Note	Year ended 31 May 2021 £	Period ended 31 May 2020 £
Cost of sales		(3,730,076)	(1,011,339)
Gross loss		(3,730,076)	(1,011,339)
Administrative expenses		(3,968,278)	(1,105,080)
Exceptional administrative expenses	6	(764,474)	(150,587)
Other operating income	4	8,315,859	115,568
Operating loss		(146,969)	(2,151,438)
Interest payable and expenses		-	(40)
Loss before tax		(146,969)	(2,151,478)
Tax on loss		8,646	(2,982)
Loss for the financial year		(138,323)	(2,154,460)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2021 or 2020 other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The notes on pages 11 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 11992947

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MAY 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	7	504,957	-
Tangible assets	8	299,335	338,953
		<u>804,292</u>	<u>338,953</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	3,639,186	846,515
Cash at bank and in hand	10	12,121	116,127
		<u>3,651,307</u>	<u>962,642</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(6,748,381)	(3,453,072)
Net current liabilities		<u>(3,097,074)</u>	<u>(2,490,430)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(2,292,782)</u>	<u>(2,151,477)</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax		-	(2,982)
		<u>-</u>	<u>(2,982)</u>
Net liabilities		<u><u>(2,292,782)</u></u>	<u><u>(2,154,459)</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1	1
Profit and loss account		(2,292,783)	(2,154,460)
		<u>(2,292,782)</u>	<u>(2,154,459)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 2 September 2022.

Gavin Freed

G M Freed
 Director

The notes on pages 11 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 June 2020	1	(2,154,460)	(2,154,459)
Comprehensive income for the year			
Loss for the year	-	(138,323)	(138,323)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(138,323)	(138,323)
At 31 May 2021	1	(2,292,783)	(2,292,782)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MAY 2020**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
Comprehensive income for the period			
Loss for the period	-	(2,154,460)	(2,154,460)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(2,154,460)	(2,154,460)
Shares issued during the period	1	-	1
At 31 May 2020	1	(2,154,460)	(2,154,459)

The notes on pages 11 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

1. General information

Juniper Education Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered head office is located at Boundary House, County Place, Chelmsford, CM2 0RE.

The Company's principal activity is that of payroll services.

The comparative figures in these financial statements show the results of the Company for the period from 13 May 2019 to 31 May 2020. As a result the amount represented in the financial statements are not entirely comparable.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company is a subsidiary in the Juniper Education Group group of companies. The directors have reviewed the wider group's trading projections, including the timing of cashflows generated by the group in order to service the group's external debt, and have concluded that there are no material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt upon the wider group or company's ability to continue as a going concern, and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Exceptional administrative expenses

Exceptional administrative expenses are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

2.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Long-term leasehold property	- 10 years
Fixtures and fittings	- 4 years
Office equipment	- 4 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires the directors to make judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements.

Recoverability of intercompany debtor - In making its assessment of recoverability, management considers the net asset position of intercompany debtor entities and the projected cashflows of those entities.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

4. Other operating income

	Year ended	Period ended
	31 May	31 May
	2021	2020
	£	£
Other operating income	-	115,568
Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme ("CJRS") grant received	254,518	-
Management recharges	8,061,341	-
	<u>8,315,859</u>	<u>115,568</u>

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 199 (2020: 191).

6. Exceptional administrative expenses

	Year ended	Period ended
	31 May	31 May
	2021	2020
	£	£
Exceptional administrative expenses	764,474	150,587
	<u>764,474</u>	<u>150,587</u>

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

7. Intangible assets

	Software and development £
Cost	
Additions	509,667
At 31 May 2021	<u>509,667</u>
Amortisation	
Charge for the year on owned assets	4,710
At 31 May 2021	<u>4,710</u>
Net book value	
At 31 May 2021	<u><u>504,957</u></u>
At 31 May 2020	<u><u>-</u></u>

Amortisation on intangible assets is charged to admin expenses.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Long-term leasehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 June 2020	163,554	2,585	205,988	372,127
Additions	-	-	32,437	32,437
At 31 May 2021	<u>163,554</u>	<u>2,585</u>	<u>238,425</u>	<u>404,564</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2020	13,274	368	19,532	33,174
Charge for the year on owned assets	16,544	646	54,865	72,055
At 31 May 2021	<u>29,818</u>	<u>1,014</u>	<u>74,397</u>	<u>105,229</u>
Net book value				
At 31 May 2021	<u>133,736</u>	<u>1,571</u>	<u>164,028</u>	<u>299,335</u>
At 31 May 2020	<u>150,280</u>	<u>2,217</u>	<u>186,456</u>	<u>338,953</u>

9. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	53,944	225
Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,482,030	604,639
Other debtors	-	206,724
Prepayments and accrued income	97,548	34,927
Deferred taxation	5,664	-
	<u>3,639,186</u>	<u>846,515</u>

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>12,121</u>	<u>116,127</u>

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	361,639	377,894
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,930,281	2,562,228
Other taxation and social security	23,841	281,266
Other creditors	80,327	-
Accruals and deferred income	352,293	231,684
	<u>6,748,381</u>	<u>3,453,072</u>

12. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020: 1) Ordinary share of £1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on dividends and the repayment of capital.

13. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £649,997 (2020: £123,028). Contributions totalling £75,927 (2020: £69,000) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

JUNIPER EDUCATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

14. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 May 2021 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2021 £	2020 £
Not later than 1 year	219,040	155,540
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	786,202	483,665
	1,005,242	639,205

15. Related party transactions

The Company has adopted the exemption outlined in FRS 102 33.1A from disclosing transactions and balances between wholly owned companies in the Juniper Education Group Limited group.

At the year end, the parent company had given guarantees, in common with the other group chargors, Juniper Education Holdco Limited, Juniper Education Midco Limited, Juniper Education Holdings Limited, Juniper Education Limited, Juniper Education Services Limited, Target Tracker Limited, Optimum Reports Limited, Prime Principle Limited, Klik Limited, Pupilasset Limited, Financial Services 4 Schools Limited and SISRA Limited, to the group's bankers for loans and overdraft facilities granted to the Group. Debt is further secured by legal charges over property owned by the other group chargors.

16. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Juniper Education Holdings Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England. A copy of this company's financial statements can be obtained from Companies House, Cardiff, CF13 3UZ.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Juniper Education Group Limited. Consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Companies House, Cardiff, CF13 3UZ.

The directors do not consider there to be an ultimate controlling party.