

Company registration number: **10313940**

Novoville Limited
Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the
year ended
31 December 2020

Novoville Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	5	756	756
Tangible assets	6	17,615	16,162
		<u>18,371</u>	<u>16,918</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	326,013	168,962
Cash at bank and in hand		678,882	403,305
		<u>1,004,895</u>	<u>572,267</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(158,169)	(83,882)
Net current assets		<u>846,726</u>	<u>488,385</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>865,097</u>	<u>505,303</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(500,000)	-
Net assets		<u><u>365,097</u></u>	<u><u>505,303</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		212,024	212,024
Share premium		919,500	919,500
Profit and loss account		(766,427)	(626,221)
Shareholders funds		<u><u>365,097</u></u>	<u><u>505,303</u></u>

For the year ending 31 December 2020, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 July 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Iraklis Bourantas

Director

Company registration number: 10313940

Novoville Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2020

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 46 Aldgate High Street, Suite 20, London, EC3N 1AL, England.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

CONSOLIDATION

The entity has included the results of its 100% owned branch based in Greece in these financial statements. During the period the branch based in Greece had a net loss of £27,155 (2019: £79,222), with a balance of share-holders funds of £325,585 (2019: £197,811).

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less

any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	20% straight line
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GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 7 (2019: 7.00).

5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other intangible assets
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	756
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	-
CARRYING AMOUNT	
At 31 December 2020	756
At 31 December 2019	756

6 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc.
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2020	22,666
Additions	10,449
At 31 December 2020	<u>33,115</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2020	6,504
Charge	8,996
At 31 December 2020	<u>15,500</u>
CARRYING AMOUNT	

At 31 December 2020	17,615
At 31 December 2019	16,162

7 DEBTORS

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	231,147	161,292
Other debtors	94,866	7,670
	<u>326,013</u>	<u>168,962</u>

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	21,149	8,497
Taxation and social security	16,705	36,527
Other creditors	120,315	38,858
	<u>158,169</u>	<u>83,882</u>

9 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	500,000	-

10 CONTROLLING PARTY

The company was under the control of Mr Iraklis Bourantas, and Mr Fotios Talantzis by virtue of their ownership of the majority of the issued share capital of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.