Schnellsuche

Suchen

Suchbegriff:

SoundCloud Ltd

Welchen Bereich möchten Sie durchsuchen?

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» Erweiterte Suche

Eine Volltextrecherche über den V eröffentlichungsinhalt ist bei Jahresabschlüssen, Veröffentlichungen nach §§ 264 Abs. 3, 264b HGB und Zahlungsberichten nicht möglich.

Hinterlegte Jahresabschlüsse (Bilanzen) stehen im Unternehmensregister zur Beauskunftung zur Verfügung.

NameBereichInformationV.-DatumRelevanzSoundCloudRechnungslegung/FinanzberichteBefreiender Jahresabschluss gem. §325 a HGB zum Geschäftsjahr28.08.2017100%Ltd.vom 01.01.2015 bis zum31.12.2015

SoundCloud Ltd.

Berlin

Befreiender Jahresabschluss gem. §325 a HGB zum Geschäftsjahr vom 01.01.2015 bis zum 31.12.2015

SOUNDCLOUD LIMITED

London/UK

Directors' report and consolidated financial statements for the ear ended 31 December 2015

Registered number 06343600

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Company information

Directors A Ljung

CF Maire F Wilson

Secretary Eriska Secretaries Limited

Company number 06343600

Registered office c/o Jag Shaw Baker
Berners House 47-48

Berners Street London

W1 T 3 NF

Statutory auditor Ernst & Young LLP

Apex Plaza, Forbury Rd.

Reading RG1 1 YE

Deutsche Bank CIB GTB Ost

Unter den Linden 13-15

10117 Berlin Germany

Strategic report

Business review

Banker

The year under review has seen a significant increase in the number of subscriberand users of our platform. In 2015 the main revenue stream was from our creator subscriber customer base. Additionally we have scaled our advertising business in the US. Thin crease in the number of subscribers and the build out of our advertising business has driven the 22% increase in revenue from business &17.4 million to &21.1 million our gross profit magin is 54% (2014: 50%).

We are in a phase of growing SoundCloud into the market leading platform for listening, creating and sharing sound. This has necessitated investment in technology headcount and marketing. Our overhead base has increased faster than our revenues. The operatings for the year has therefore increased from \leq 39.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2014 to an operating loss of \leq 48.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Group has made progress in improving their music platform by signing licenseleals with several large and small record companies, publishers, labels as well as independent artists. The Group expects to sign up further music companies as well as other rightsolders and increase its investment in its music platform in advance of the launch of a user subscription service across various geographies, such as the US, UK, Irelandind France. During 2016, the Group has successfully raised further funding that allows it to build its business.

Key performance indicators

The Group uses a number of financial measures to monitor progress against strategies d corporate objectives. These are summarised below:

	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Turnover	21,131	17,352
EBITDA	(45,567)	36,854)
Loss on ordinary activities after tax	(51,216)	(39,141)

Risks and uncertainties

Our platform

SoundCloud is a hosting platform for content uploaded by registered users. Wgo to great lengths to protect against the use of our platform for the distribution of unauthorized or unlawful material, for example, through our implementation of technical measureach as content filtering [1], through the provision of self-serve takedown tools for rights holders, by operating process for the reporting and expeditious removal of infringing or unlawful content the termination of the accounts of repeat offenders, and by providing information educate and inform our users with respect to the content that they are permittet upload. Despite these measures, we cannot guarantee that all content posted byusers is free from unauthorized or unlawful material.

SoundCloud operates on a global basis. There are statutory provisions in Europealaw, the federal law of the United States and elsewhere that operate to limit (budo not generally exclude) the liability of online service providers for hosting unauthorized unlawful material, provided certain requirements are met. Despite the existence these statutory provisions in some territories, the law relating to the liability online service providers is lagely unsettled, and in any event the position varies from territory to territory according to local law

While we are committed to developing and maintaining tools, technologies and processæseigned to protect against the use of our platform for the distribution of unauthorized or unlawful material, we cannot exclude the possibility that claims may be broughtgainst the company based on allegations of copyright infringement or other violations arising from user-uploaded content hosted on ourplatform.

Launch of new subscription services

In the second quarter of 2016, the Group began to launch new subscription services the U.S., UK, France and Ireland. Subsequent roll-outs in other geographical areas have also been scheduled. These new subscription services will strongly support the group to monetize the platform, its unique content as well as contentweed by other parties. The launch of the new subscription services bears financialisks regarding the operating results and cash flows of the group given the level costs that will be incurred to support the growth in the business and the facthat there is no certainty over the levels of new subscribers.

The existence of these risks threatens the ability of the group to grow furtheand could require additional liquidity funds which have not yet been agreed.

Competition

Typical internet users use about four to five different music and audio services during a month. The market is heavily contested by strong incumbents such as MiTube, Spotify, Apple and Amazon as well as new more focused players. While the group does not expect the market to be a winner takes all opportunity there are economies of scale and technology developments that need to be monitored closely

Financial instrument risk

¹ SoundCloud analyses each audio file at the point of upload and compares the file against a database of known copyright works. If a match is returned the file is not published to the platform

Bundesanzeiger

The group has established a risk and financial management framework whose primary bjectives are to protect the group from events which hinder the achievement of the group's performance objectives. The objective aims to limit undue counterparty exposure ensure sufficient working capital exists and monior the management of risks at the business level.

Exposure credit, Liquidity and cash flow risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financiabss for that other party by failing to dischage that obligation. Group policies are aimed at minimising such losses and require that the deferred terms are only grantet customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history Details of the group's debtors are shown in note12 to the financial statements.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will encounter dffculty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The group aims to mitigate liquidity risk by managing cash generation and cash expenditure by its operations and long term funding proup manages its cash requirements by reviewing obligations to ensure that sufficient funding capacity is in place to meet the obligations as they fall due. Subsequents the year end an additional round of funding was entered into to ensure that sufficient liquidity was in place to meet its obligations for a period of at least 12 month.

Cash flow risk is the risk of exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable a particular risk associated with the recognised asset of liability such as future rest payments on long term debt. The group manages this risk where significants explained above.

Employees

As of 31 December 2015, the group employed 295 people across its Berlin, London an Francisco and New York offices. A majority of these employees are tech savvy and highly-qualified innovators who want to work in a challenging environment where they can work on ground technologies big data, and innovative social networks. As such, there may be a risk to SoundCloud in attracting and retaining talent as it continuously mustay at the edge of technology and be able to identify new trends early and shape the way the internet evolves. In case the company is unable to build a product that an stay relevant for the music loving generation there exists a possibility that key employees may depart in order to work on other innovative opportunities.

By order of the board

A Ljung, Director

c/o Jag Shaw Baker

Berners House 47-48 Berners Street

London

W1T 3NF

Directors' report

The Directors present their Report and the Financial Statements of the Group ant company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Directors of the company

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

A Ljung

CF Maire

F Wilson

Principal activities

The Company's principal business is that of a hoding company to its subsidiaryundertakings which are engaged in the provision of an online platform for music professionals to receive, send and distribute their music to a broad, global audience of listeners a broad, global audience of listeners.

The company operates from Germany and has subsidiaries in the United States an**B**ulgaria which provide sales and technical support.

There has not been any significant change in this activity during the year

Event since the balance sheet date

In April 2016 SoundCloud has obtained a significant equity investment lead by Witter INC (vehicle Sandgrouse LLC) alongside various other existing investors of SoundCloud.

Research and development

Research and development is concentrated on the development of the platform.

Future developments

The directors aim to maintain the management policies which have resulted in the group's substantial growth in recent years. They consider that the next year will show a further significant growth in revenues from continuing operations.

Donations

Political and charitable donations did not exceed £0 in the year (2014: £0).

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held ofice at the date of approval of this directors' reportconfirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of whicthe company's auditor is unaware; and each director **b**s taken

all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware f any relevant audit information and to establish that the company auditor is aware of that information.

Re-appointment of auditors

During the year KPMG resigned as auditors of the Group. Ernst & Yung were subsequently duly appointed as auditors.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to reappointed and Ernst & Young LLP will therefor continue in office.

Going Concern

The group's business activities, together with the actors likely to affect its future development, its financial position, financial risk management objectives and its xposures to liquidity and cash flow risk are described in the Strategic Report.

In determining the appropriate basis of preparation of the Annual Report, the Directorare required to consider whether the Group can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. After making enquiries, the Directors have concluded thathey have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continuing operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Group has made progress in improving their music platform by signing licensdeals with several large and small record companies, publishers, labels as well as independent artists. The Group expects to sign up further music companies as well as other rightsolders and increase its investment in its music platform. The group has launched a user subscription service in the US and expect to launch of the user subscription service across various geographies, such as the UK, Ireland and France. The Group is currently loss making and the Group's business plan for the next three years forecasts that this will continue for the foreseeable future.

During 2016, the Group has successfully raised further funding that allows it tbuild its business.

As part of their going concern assessment, the Directors have reviewed tradingnd cash flow forecasts for the 15 months ended 31 December 2017 which take into consideration the uncertainties in the current operating environment as well as additional uncertainties on the launch of new subscriptions services.

The assumption of a successful launch of the new subscription services is the keylement of the financial projections for the next three years. The launch of the new subscription services is based on a conversion of existing users of the platform intrubscribers of the new service as well as the acquisition of further subscribers.

The launch of the new subscription services bears financial risks regarding the perating results and cash flows of the group. The occurrence of these risks can seriously affect the ability of the group to generate sufficient cash to cover the planned expenditures and could require the Group to raise additional funds which have not yet been agreed.

Whilst the Directors believe that the Group will have sufficient funds to continue meet its liabilities through 31 December 2017, the risks and uncertainties above a cause the company to run out of cash earlier than that date, and would require Group to raise additional funds which are not currently planned. These matters to a material uncertainty about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Group continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustment would result from the going concern basis of preparation being inappropriate.

By order of the board

A Ljung, Director

c/o Jag Shaw Baker

Berners House 47-48 Berners Street

London

W1T 3NF

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial tatements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financialear. Under that law they have elected to prepare group and parent company financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generall&ccepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unlesshey are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of fairs of the group and parent company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each f the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; ubject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
 and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless is inappropriate to presume that the group and parent company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that art ficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguarthe assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUNDCLOUD LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of SoundCloud Limited for the year ended 1 December 2015 which comprise the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income, th Group and Parent Company Statement of Financial Position, the Group Cash Flow Statement of He Group and Parent Company Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 25. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparations applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting standards pplicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the companys members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the companys members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the companys members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out opage 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and/or being satisfied that they give a true and fair viewOur responsibility is toaudit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable w and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards requires to comply with the Auditing Practices Boards Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial attements sufficient to give reasonable assurancethat the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or errofThis includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group'and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read althe financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and Directors Report identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the auditf we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the groups and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of the groups loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting standard applicable in the UKand Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of Matter - going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we haveonsidered the adequacy of disclosures made in note 1 to the company financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as agoing concern. The assumption of a successful launch of the new music subscription platform is the key element of the company's future commercial success and ability to continue in business. This situation along with the other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the ompany's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company were unable to continue as going concern.

Opinion on the other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the DirectorsReport for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared in consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the CompanieAct 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parentompany, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- ullet the parent company financial statement are not in agreement withhe accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by laware not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we equire for our audit.

December, 2016

David Hales, Senior statutory auditor for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor London

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ende**61** December 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	€000	€000
Turnover	2	21,131	17,352
Cost of sales		(9,821)	(8,610)
Gross profit		11,310	8,742
Administrative expenses		(59,949)	(47,744)
Operating loss before exceptional items		(48,639)	(39,002)
Operating loss	3	(48,639)	(39,002)
Interest payable and similar chages	7	(1,521)	(1)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(50,160)	(39,003)
Taxation	8	(1,056)	(138)
Loss for the financial year		(51,216)	(39,141)

In the current year and in the prior year the company made no material acquisitions and had no discontinued operations.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 Decembe 2015

	Allotted and issued share capital	Share Premium	Share-based payment reserve	Foreign exchange reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
Group	€000	€000	€000	€000	€000	€000
At 1 January 2014	42	79,973	3,596	2	(42,643)	40,970
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(39,141)	(39,141)
Share based payment expense	-	-	3,542	-	-	3,542
New shares issued	1	2,067	-	-	-	2,068
Foreign exchange reserve	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
At 31 December 2014	43	82,040	7,138	-	(81,784)	7,437
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(51,216)	(51,216)
Share based payment expense	-	-	6,551	-	-	6,551
New shares issued	2	299	-	-	-	301
At 31 December 2015	45	82,339	13,689	-	(133,000)	(36,927)
	Allotted and issued share capital	Share Premium	Share-based payment reserve	Foreign exchange reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
Company			1 0	0 0		
Company At 1 January 2014	capital	Premium	reserve	reserve	account	equity
* *	capital €000	Premium €000	reserve €000	reserve	account €000	equity €000
At 1 January 2014	capital €000	Premium €000	reserve €000	reserve	account €000 (42,189)	equity €000 41,422
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment	capital €000	Premium €000	reserve €000 3,596	reserve	account €000 (42,189) (38,848)	equity €000 41,422 (38,848)
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment expense	capital €000 42 - -	Premium €000 79,973 - -	reserve €000 3,596	reserve	account €000 (42,189) (38,848)	equity €000 41,422 (38,848) 3,542
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment expense New shares issued	capital €000 42 - -	Premium €000 79,973 - -	reserve €000 3,596	reserve	account €000 (42,189) (38,848)	equity €000 41,422 (38,848) 3,542
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment expense New shares issued Foreign exchange reserve	capital €000 42 - - 1	Premium €000 79,973 2,067	reserve €000 3,596 - 3,542	reserve	account €000 (42,189) (38,848) -	equity €000 41,422 (38,848) 3,542 2,068
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment expense New shares issued Foreign exchange reserve At 31 December 2014	capital €000 42 - - 1	Premium €000 79,973 2,067	reserve €000 3,596 - 3,542	reserve	account	equity €000 41,422 (38,848) 3,542 2,068
At 1 January 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment expense New shares issued Foreign exchange reserve At 31 December 2014 Loss for the year Share based payment	capital €000 42 - - 1	Premium €000 79,973 2,067	reserve €000 3,596 - 3,542 - 7,138	reserve	account	equity €000 41,422 (38,848) 3,542 2,068 8,184 (50,014)

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2015

		2015		2014	
	Note	€000	€000	€000	€000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		198		27
Tangible assets	10		6,230		6,614
			6,428		6,641
Current assets					
Debtors	12	12,732		6,921	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,200		14,826	
		25,932		21,747	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(27,844)		(20,951)	

		2015		2014	
	Note	€000	€000	€000	€000
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(1,912)		796
Total assets less current liabilities			4,516		7,437
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(41,443)		-
Net (liabilities)/assets			(36,927)		7,437
Capital and reserves					
Alloted and issued share capital	15		45		43
Share premium account	16		82,339		82,040
Share based payment reserves	16		13,689		7,138
Profit and loss account	16		(133,0000)		(81,784)
			(36.927)		7.437

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on December 202016 and were signed on their behalf by:

A Ljung, Director

Company Balance Sheet at 31 December 2015

		2015		2014	
	Note	€000	€000	€000	€000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		198		27
Tangible assets	10		5,920		6,284
Investment	11		2,732		1,823
			8,850		8,134
Current assets					
Debtors	12	24,105		7,564	
Cash at bank and in hand		12,449		12,519	
		36,554		20,083	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(38,939)		(20,033)	
Net current liabilities)/assets			(2,385)		50
Total assets less current liabilities			6,465		8,184
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(41,443)		-
Net (liabilities)/assets			(34,978)		8,184
Capital and reserves					
Allotted and issued share capital	15		45		43
Share premium account	16		82,339		82,040
Share based payment reserve	16		13,689		7,138
Profit and loss account	16		(131,051)		(81,037)
			(34,978)		8,184

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on December 202016 and were signed on their behalf by:

A Ljung, Director

Company number: 06343600

Group of statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 Decembe 2015

	Note	2015	2014
		€000	€000
Group of Statement of cash flows			
Cash flow from operating activities	20	(37.939)	(27,941)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	20	(1.521)	(1)
Taxation		(1.056)	(138)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	20	(2.854)	(5,415)
Cash outflow before financing		(43,370)	(33,495)
Financing	20	41,744	2,069
Decrease in cash in the period		(1,626)	(31,426)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
Decrease in cash in the period	20	(1,626)	(31,426)
Cash from movement in debt and lease financing	20	-	-
Change in net cash resulting from cash flows		(1,626)	(31,426)

	Note	2015	2014
		€000	€000
Movement in net cash in the period		(1,626)	(31,426)
Net cash at the start of the period		14,826	46,252
Net cash at the end of the period	20	13,200	14,826

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

SoundCloud Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England. ThRegistered Office is at c/o JAG Shaw Baker Berners House, 47-48 Berners Street, London W1T 3NF. The Group's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 asit applies to the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Group transitioned from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 Januar 1014. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 25.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of SoundCloud Limited were authorised for issue by thBoard of Directors on October 14, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements are prepared in Eurwhich is the functional currency of the group and rounded to the nearest €′000.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Companynd its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 December 2015.

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Companyand all its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each yearNo profit and loss account is presented for SoundCloud Limited as permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of their acquisition, being the daten which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date thatuch control ceases. Control comprises the power to govern the financial and operatingolicies of the investee so as to obtain benefit from its activities.

Going concern

In determining the appropriate basis of preparation of the Annual Report, the Directorare required to consider whether the Group can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. After making enquiries, the Directors have concluded thathey have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continuing operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Group has made progress in improving their music platform by signing licensdeals with several large and small record companies, publishers, labels as well as independent artists. The Group expects to sign up further music companies as well as other rightsolders and increase its investment in its music platform in advance of the launch of a user subscription service across various geographies, such as the US, UK, Ireland France. The Group is currently loss making and the Group'business plan for the next three years forecasts that this will continue for the foreseeable future.

During 2016, the Group has successfully raised further funding that allows it tbuild its business.

As part of their going concern assessment, the Directors have reviewed tradingnd cash flow forecasts for the 15 months ended 31 December 2017 which take into consideration the uncertainties in the current operating environment as well as additional uncertainties on the launch of new subscription services.

The assumption of a successful launch of the new subscription services is the keylement of the financial projections for the next three years. The launch of the new subscription services is based on a conversion of existing users of the platform intrubscribers of the new service as well as the acquisition of further subscribers.

The launch of the new subscription services bears financial risks regarding the perating results and cash flows of the group. The occurrence of these risks can seriously affect the ability of the group to generate suficient cash to cover the planned expenditures and could require the Company to raise additional funds which have not yet been agreed.

Whilst the Directors believe that the Company will have suffcient funds to continue meet its liabilities through 30 September 2017, the risk and uncertainties above a cause the company to run out of cash earlier than that date, and would require Company to raise additional funds which are not currently planned. These matters ive rise to a material uncertainty about the Company ability to continue as a going concern. The Company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments would result from the going concern basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated mpairment losses. Such cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended. Depreciation is provided on all propertyplant and equipment, at rates calculated to write of the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Computer and office equipment over 3 to 5 years

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are capitalised at cost natagible assets acquired as part of an acquisition of a business are capitalised separatel from goodwill if the fair value can be measured reliably on initial recognition, subjecto the constraint that, unless the asset has a readily ascertainable market value fair value

is limited to an amount that does not create or increase any negative goodwill arising on acquisition. Intangible assets, excluding development costs, created in the business are not capitalised and expenditure is chaged against profits in the year in which it is incurred.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated usefulives of 5 years. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed at the end of first full year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changein circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents income receivable for subscription services provided and revenuæceived through promotion and advertising in the period, exclusive of **M**ue Added Tax and trade discounts. Subscription revenue is recognised evenly over the subscription and where a subscription covers more than one financial period, an element of revenue arising from that subscription is deferred into subsequent periods. Advertisinænd promotion revenue is recognised when the following conditions have been met:

- · The amount of revenue can be measured reliably
- It is probable that future economic benefits associated withhe transaction will flow to the Group
- The stage completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting eriod can be measured reliably;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete transaction can be measured reliably.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written offas incurred.

Provisions for liabilities

A provision is recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligations a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits willer equired to settle the obligation.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have arisen from timing dfferences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition a tax computation. Full provision is made for all liabilities, and provision is made for assets to the extent that they are considered more likely than not to be decoverable in the foreseeable future. Provision is made using tax rates that are xpected to apply in the periods in which the timing dfferences are expected to reverse, based upon rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

Debtors

Debtors are shown after providing for any amounts which in the opinion of the directormay not be collected in full. The Group also has certain arrangements whereby costs are paid in advance or are subject to minimum guaranteed amounts. The amounts pairh advance are reviewed for impairment when the actual costs incurred during a contractual year are lower than the advance payment made or the minimum guaranteed amounts.

Investments

In the Company's financial statements, investments in subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Foreign currencies

Company

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the entity functional currency by applying the spot exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated sing the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Group

Each entity in the group determines its own functional currency and items include the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated in the presentational currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date rote and loss accounts of such undertakings are consolidated at the exchange rate of the day. Gains and losses arising on these translations are taken to the profit and loss account.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in handhod short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less. Fathe purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Loan notes

Loan notes which are basic financial instruments are initially recorded at the resent value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for similar loan. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loan notes that are receivable within one year are not discounted.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are chaged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Post-retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the schemære held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Share based payments

The share option program for employees allows employees to acquire shares of the ompany. The grant date fair value of share-based payment awards granted is recognise as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equityover the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The fair value of the options granted is measured using an option pricing model, taking into account the terms and onditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards for which the related service and on-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-base playment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

Where the Company grants options over its own shares to the employees of its subsidiaries recognises an increase in the cost of investment in its subsidiaries equivalent the equity-settled share-based payment chage recognised in its subsidiarys financial statements with the corresponding credit being recognised directly in equity

For share options to non-employees for good or services received, the grant data value is recognised as expenses over the period the other party become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The fair value is measured based on the value of goods overvices received or if this is not possible based on the fair value of the equity instrument.

2 Revenues

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of services which fall/within the company's ordinary activities, stated ne of value added tax. The group operates in two principal areas of activity that of subscription services and advertising ervices. All revenues arise in the European Union.

3 Group operating loss

	2015	2014
This is stated after chaging I (crediting):	€000	€000
Depreciation of owned assets (see note 10)	3,064	2,145
Amortisation of IT software (see note 9)	8	3
Foreign exchange differences	370	2,618
Auditors' remuneration (see note 4)	28	274
Operating lease rentals - la nd and buildings	2,249	1,324
4 Auditors remuneration		
	2015	2014
The remuneration of the auditorsor its associates is further analysed as follows:	€000	€000
Audit of the financial statements	28	55
Taxation services	-	207
Other non-audit services	_	12
5 Remuneration of directors		12
	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Directors' emoluments	267	100
No directors accrued any benefits under the defined contributions scheme.		
6 Staff costs		
v Star Costs		
	2015	2014
Staff Costs	€000	€000
Wages and sa la ries	26,765	17,931
Share based payments (see note 19)	5,249	3,372
Socia I security costs	3,485	2,697
Other Pension costs	103	592
	35,602	24,592
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year wasnade up as follows:		
Number of employees	2015	2014
Product, Engineering & Design	159	123
Operations	91	73
Sales & Marketing	45	40
	295	236
7 Interest payable and similar charges		
	2015	2014
	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Borrowings 9 Tayation	1,521	-
8 Taxation		

Analysis of charge in period

	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Corporation tax - overseas		
Current tax	829	120
Adjustment in respect of prior years	227	18
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	1,056	138
Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		

The current tax charge for the year is higher (2014 higher) than the standardrate of corporation tax in Germany of 30.18% (2014: 30.18%). The dferences are explained below

	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Current tax reconciliation		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	50,160	39,002
Current tax at 30.18% (2014: 30.18%)	(15,138)	(11,771)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1.483	673
Tax losses carried forward	14,457	11,210
Adjustment in respect of prior years	227	18
Effect of different tax rates	27	8
Total current tax charge	1,056	138

The group is taxable in Germany USA and Bulgaria. As the group is loss-making it is unlikely to be tax-paying in the near future. Due to transfer pricing rules, tax be payable in the US and Bulgaria.

Due to the uncertainty of recoverability deferred taxation has not been provided n respect of tax losses carried forward of approximately €60 million (2014: €46 million).

9 Intangible fixed assets

Group

	Assets under	TTP C	T 1
	Construction	IT software	Total
	€000	€000	€000
Cost			
At beginning of year	-	41	41
Additions	179	-	179
At end of year	179	41	220
Accumulated amortisation			
At beginning of year	-	14	14
Charge for the year	-	8	8
At end of year	-	22	22
Net book value			
At 31 December 2015	179	19	198
At 31 December 2014	-	27	27
Parent Company			
	Accets under		
	Assets under Construction	IT software	Total
	Construction	IT software €000	Total €000
Cost		IT software €000	Total €000
	Construction		
Cost At beginning of year Additions	Construction €000	€000	€000
At beginning of year Additions	Construction €000	€000 41	€000 41
At beginning of year	Construction €000	€000 41 -	€000 41 179
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation	Construction €000	€000 41 -	€000 41 179
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year	Construction €000 - 179 179	€000 41 - 41	€000 41 179 220
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year Charge for the year	Construction €000 - 179 179	€000 41 - 41 14	€000 41 179 220
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year	Construction €000 - 179 179	€000 41 - 41 14 8	€000 41 179 220 14 8
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year Charge for the year At end of year	Construction €000 - 179 179	€000 41 - 41 14 8	€000 41 179 220 14 8
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year Charge for the year At end of year Net book value At 31 December 2015	Construction €000 - 179 179	€000 41 - 41 14 8 22	€000 41 179 220 14 8 22
At beginning of year Additions At end of year Accumulated amortisation At beginning of year Charge for the year At end of year Net book value	Construction €000 - 179 179 179 179	€000 41 - 41 14 8 22	€000 41 179 220 14 8 22

Group

	-		
		Computer and office equipment	Total
		equipinent €000	€000
Cost		€000	€000
At beginning of year		9,802	9,802
Additions/transfer		2,838	2,838
Disposals		(135)	(135)
At end of year		12,505	12,505
Accumulated depreciation		12,303	12,303
At beginning of year		3,210	3,210
Charge for the year		3,092	3,092
Disposals		(27)	(27)
At end of year		6,275	6,275
Net book value		0,275	0,273
At 31 December 2015		6,230	6,230
At 31 December 2014		6,614	6,614
Parent Company		0,014	0,014
Turcin company			
		Computer and office	
		equipment	Total
		€000	€000
Cost			
At beginning of year		9,405	9,405
Additions/transfer		2,656	2,656
Disposals		(103)	(103)
At end of year		11,958	11,958
Accumulated depreciation			
At beginning of year		3,121	3,121
Charge for the year		2,944	2,944
Disposals		(27)	(27)
At end of year		6,038	6,038
Net book value			
At 31 December 2015		5,920	5,920
At 31 December 2014		6,284	6,284
11 Investments held as fixed assets			
			Shares in group
			undertakings
			€000
Cost and net book value			
At beginning of year			3,903
Share based payment chage for employees of subsidiaries			908
At end of year			4,811
Provisions			
At beginning of year			2,080
Impairment			-
At end of year			2,080
Net book value			
31 December 2015			2,732
At 31 December 2014			1,823
The companies in which the companys interest at the year-end is more than 20% are as follows:			
	Country of	Dringinal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Subsidiary undertakings	incorporation	Principal activity	or snares nerd
SoundCloud Inc.	USA	Support corriges	100%
Instinctiv Bulgaria EOOD		Support services	100% 100%
	Bulgaria USA	Support services	100%
SoundCloud Operations Inc. The investment valuation is dependent on the future cash flows expected to arises a result of the la		Support services	
that there is no impairment	and of the music stre	Proteorin and the C	ccors nave concluded
12 Debtors			

	Group		Company	
2	2015	2014	2015	2014
€	£000	€000	€000	€000

1/10/2018	Bundesanzeige	r		
Trade debtors	1,967	1,814	8	132
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	17,301	4,032
Other debtors	10,765	5,107	6,796	3,400
	12,732	6,921	24,105	7,564
13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one yar				
	6		C	
	Group 2015	2014	Company 2015	2014
	£000	€000	£000	£000
Trade creditors		918		
Other liabilities	3,394		3,086	775
	9,650	421	9,617	421
Accruals and deferred income	13,973	19,550	11,585	18,774
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	13,824	1
Other taxation and social security	6	-	6	-
Taxation	821	62	821	62
14 Creditors: amounts falling due after moe than one year	27,844	20,951	38,939	20,033
14 Creditors, amounts faming due after moe than one year				
	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	€000	€000	€000	€000
11% secured loan of US\$35,000,000 repayable and October 2018	32,234	-	32,234	-
1% unsecured loan of US\$10,000,000	9,209	-	9,209	-
	41,443	-	41,443	-
The long-term loans are wholly repayable within three years.				
15 Allotted and issued share capitals				
			2015	2014
			€000	€000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
2,053,707 Ordinary shares of €0.01 each			21	19
76,339 A Ordinary shares of €0.01 each			1	1
678,333 A preferred shares of €0.01 each			7	7
818,195 B preferred shares of €0.01 each			8	8
341,846 C preferred shares of €0.01 each			3	3
42,074 C1 preferred shares of €0.01 each			-	-
494,736 D preferred shares of €0.01 each			5	5

The ordinary shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distributionsights, including on winding up. The ordinary shares do not confer any rights of redemption or distribution of assets on a liquidation or return of capital. The surplus assets the company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be applied a) first, in paying to each of the series A shareholders, series B shareholders, series C shareholders or shareholders in priority to any other shareholders, an amount per share held equal to the preference amount as defined in the company articles plus any arrears and then b) the balance of any surplus assets shall be distributed among the holders of the C1 shares and the ordinary shares pro rata to the number of c-1 shares the loss on translation has been taken to the share premium reserve.

Details of options granted in respect of the Companys' ordinary and preferred sharesare shown in note 19.

16 Share premium and reserves

Group

	Share premium account	Share-based payment reserve	Foreign exchange reserve	Profit and loss account
	€000	€000	€000	€000
At beginning of year	82,040	7,138	2	(81,784)
Movement in the financial year	299	6,551	(2)	(51,216)
At end of year	82,339	13,689	-	(133,000)
Parent Company				
		Share premium	Share-based payment	
		account	reserve	Profit and loss account
		€000	€000	€000
At beginning of year		82,040	7,138	(81,037)
Movement in the financial year		299	6,551	(50,014)
At end of year		82,339	13,689	(131,051)
Share premium account				

This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares soldess transaction cost.

43

45

17 Reconciliation of movement in shaeholders' funds

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	€000	€000	€000	€000
Loss for the financial year	(51,216)	(39,141)	(50,014)	(38,848)
Increase/(decrease) in share capital	2	1	2	1
Increase in share premium account	299	2,067	299	2,067
Increase in share based payment reserve	6,551	3,542	6,551	3,542
Movement in foreign exchange reserve	-	(2)	-	-
Net movement in shareholders' funds	(44,364)	(33,533)	(43,162)	(33,238)
Opening shareholders' funds	7,437	40,970	8,184	41,422
Closing shareholders' funds	(36,927)	7,437	(34,978)	8,184
18 Leasing commitment				

	Group Land and buildings		Company Land and buildings	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	€000	€000	€000	€000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	337	-	-	-
In two to five years	14,019	1,534	810	616
	14,356	1,534	810	616

19 Share schemes for employees and non-employees

Share based payments - Group

The Group recognised total expenses of €6,551,000 related to the non-employeeshare based payments in the year (2014: €3,542,000). The employee share option scheme is open to all full-time employees.

The employee share option scheme enables employees to acquire Ordinary Shares in SoundCloud Ltd. at a given strike price. Options are exercisable at strike prices ranging from €0.01 to €61.23 per share depending on the point in time when the options were grante@ptions granted in 2015 were at a strike price of 61.23 each (2014: €50.25 and €61.23 each). Typically, the vesting period of any option package is four years. If the optionsemain unexercised after a period of 10 years from the date of grant, the options expire. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Group before the optionsest.

The number share options related to the employee share are as follows:

	Number of options		
	2015	2014	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	572,536	418,759	
Granted during the year	203,912	179,167	
Forfeited during the year	(69,366)	(22,480)	
Exercised during the year	(9,505)	(2,910)	
Outstanding at the end of the year	697,577	572,536	
Vested at the end of the year	355,555	276,595	

In 2015 in total 9,505 options were exercised (2014: 2,910). The options outstanding the year-end have an exercise price in the rangeof €0.01 to €61.23 and a weighted average contractual life of 6.00 years (2014: 6.54 years).

Share options have been issued to non-employees in return for goods or services endered. The options are to acquire 63,789 A Ordinary Shares in SoundCloud Ltd. At a strike price of €0.01 each and 5,588 D Preferred Shares at a strike price of €142.94 each.

20 Notes to the statement of cash flows

(a) Reconciliation of profit to net cash outflowfrom operating activities

	2015	2014
	€000	€000
Group los for the year	(51,216)	(39,141)
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the year to net caslflow		
from operating activities		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment chages	3,072	2,151
Increase in debtors	(5,811)	(5,967)
Increase in creditors	6,893	11,335
Net finance costs	1,521	1
Charge in relation to share based payments	6,551	3,542
Gain an disposal of fixed asset	(5)	-
Taxation	1,056	138
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(37,939)	(27,941)
(b) Analysis of cash flows		

1/10/2010	Barraesarrzerger		
		2015	2014
		€000	€000
		2015	2014
		€000	€000
Returns an Investment and servicing of finance			
Interest paid		(1,521)	(1)
		(1,521)	(1)
Capital expenditure and financial Investment			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(2,859)	(5,415)
Sale of tangible fixed asset		5	
		(2,854)	(5,415)
Financing			
Issue of ordinary share capital		2	1
Issue of share premium		299	2,067
Borrowings		41,443	-
		41,744	2,068
(b) Cash and cash equivalents			
	At beginning of year	Cash flow	At end of year
	€000	€000	€000

21 Pension scheme

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost chge for the period represents contributions payable by the Group to the scheme and amounted to €102,843 (2014: €592,339).

14,826

(1,626)

13,200

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or endf the financial year

22 Events after the reporting period

In April 2016 SoundCloud has obtained a significant investment lead by Fitter INC (vehicle Sandgrouse LLC) followed by various of other existing investors of SoundCloud.

23 Ultimate controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party

24 Related party

During the year the group did not entered into material transactions, in the ordinaryourse of business, with other related party transactions.

Key management personnel

All directors and certain senior employees who have authority and responsibilitfor planning directing and controlling the activities of the Group are considered to bkey management personnel. Total remuneration in respect of these individuals is $\le 267,000(2014) \le 100,000(2014)$

25 Transition to FRS 102

The Group and company transitioned to FRS 102 from previously extant UK GAAP att 1 January 2014. No material GAAP differences arose from the transition to FRS 102 from previously extant UK GAAP and therefor the implementation of FRS 102 has no material managed on the financial statements of SoundCloud Ltd.