CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 31 DECEMBER 2015

ASSETS	Notes	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1.073.452.938	1.169.671.508
Financial investments	7	14.268.498	-
Trade receivables	10	691.268.740	401.927.387
- Other trade receivables	10	691.268.740	401.927.387
Other receivables	11,37	148.026.015	17.554.986
- Due from related parties	37	136.827.361	10.215.524
- Other receivables	11	11.198.654	7.339.462
Inventories	13	546.742.346	440.346.096
Prepaid expenses	14	68.322.169	36.483.037
Other current assets	26	28.498.376	34.419.077
Total Current Assets		2.570.579.082	2.100.402.091

Non -	Current	Assets
-------	---------	--------

TOTAL ASSETS		6.174.212.549	5.626.505.323
Total Non - Current Assets		3.603.633.467	3.526.103.232
Deferred tax assets	35	44.596.608	94.318.412
Prepaid expenses	14	31.929.153	27.207.924
- Other intangible assets	19	16.929.830	19.993.078
- Goodwill	20	24.234.332	22.591.024
Intangible assets	19,20	41.164.162	42.584.102
Tangible assets	18	2.796.619.973	2.679.603.460
Investments in associates and joint ventures	16	406.941.033	399.031.105
Other receivables	11	935.337	1.014.876
Financial assets	7	281.447.201	282.343.353

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 31 DECEMBER 2015

LIABILITIES	Notes	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current Liabilities			
Short term borrowings	8	268.062.205	274.483.810
Short term portion of long term borrowings and interests	8	208.961.121	108.093.033
Trade payables	10,37	337.042.140	261.425.282
- Due to related parties	37	144.616.912	70.056.587
- Other trade payables	10	192.425.228	191.368.695
Other Payables	11,37	195.237.077	27.034.696
- Due to related parties	37	163.252.099	15.808.579
- Other payables	11	31.984.978	11.226.117
Deferred income	14	34.532.897	15.009.401
Current income tax liabilities	35	10.297.699	15.877.033
Short term provisions	22,24	46.308.698	28.872.038
- Provisions for employee benefits	24	1.023.066	1.710.580
- Other short term provisions	22	45.285.632	27.161.458
Other current liabilities	26	64.947.261	36.221.587
Total Current Liabilities		1.165.389.098	767.016.880
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long term financial liabilities	8	1.506.376.612	1.503.162.282
Other payables	11	281.729	199.972
- Other payables	11	281.729	199.972
Deferred income	14	49.817.073	49.024.557
Long-term provisions	24	65.124.323	60.578.007
Deferred tax liabilities	35	39.187.748	107.647.585
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1.660.787.485	1.720.612.403
Total Liabilities		2.826.176.583	2.487.629.283
Total Liabilities		2.020.170.303	2.407.029.203
EQUITY			
Shareholders' Equity	27	3.085.988.095	2.889.398.302
Paid-in share capital		930.000.000	895.000.000
Adjustment to share capital		5.576.528	5.576.528
Share premium		22.703	22.703
Other comprehensive income / expense not to be			
reclassified to profit or loss		462.792.350	467.811.588
- Gain on revaluation and remeasurement		462.792.350	467.811.588
- Increases in revaluation of tangible assets		463.296.677	468.315.915
- Funds for actuarial loss on employee termination benefits		(504.327)	(504.327)
Other comprehensive income / expense to be reclassified to profit or loss		131.457.341	293.663.311
- Currency translation differences		131.457.341	55.493.876
- Revaluation and/or classification gain/loss on financial assets		-	238.169.435
Restricted reserves		137.116.142	132.433.402
Retained earnings		967.227.268	935.629.817
Net profit for the year		451.795.763	159.260.953
1.00 profit for the jour			107.200.733
Non - controlling interest	2.7		249,477,738
Non - controlling interest TOTAL FOURTY	27	262.047.871	249.477.738 3 138 876 040
Non - controlling interest TOTAL EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	27		249.477.738 3.138.876.040 5.626.505.323

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 2015

	Notes	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Revenue	28	2.053.638.593	1.492.988.871	703.889.502	507.459.114
Cost of sales (-)	28	(1.454.963.297)	(1.107.263.734)	(503.134.059)	(381.344.004)
Gross profit from trading activities		598.675.296	385.725.137	200.755.443	126.115.110
General administrative expenses (-)	29	(181.564.547)	(149.959.974)	(54.225.306)	(58.723.658)
Marketing expenses (-)	29	(231.360.283)	(147.684.561)	(80.990.280)	(45.740.622)
Research and development expenses (-)	29	(21.989.789)	(20.200.558)	(3.929.358)	(4.718.877)
Other operating income	31	78.196.337	83.398.283	28.933.675	37.599.205
Other operating expenses (-)	31	(41.840.470)	(38.718.732)	(8.150.153)	(14.785.935)
Operating profit		200.116.544	112.559.595	82.394.021	39.745.223
Income from investing activities	32	319.380.345	10.289.277	8.515.867	266.730
Expenses from investing activities	32	(455.219)	(207.110)	(288.470)	(59.057)
Income from investments accounted for under equity accounting	16	17.170.508	17.780.306	5.318.554	3.355.810
Operating profit before financial income an expense	d	536.212.178	140.422.068	95.939.972	43.308.706
Financial income	33	183.175.198	389.015.206	76.933.066	194.023.202
Financial expenses (-)	33	(216.208.082)	(387.766.824)	(90.988.612)	(188.672.705)
Profit before tax from from continued operations		503.179.294	141.670.450	81.884.426	48.659.203
Tax expense from continuing operations	35	(35.919.386)	(33.867.167)	(7.948.113)	(13.121.279)
- Taxes on income	35	(41.030.562)	(36.777.184)	(12.274.516)	(15.991.060)
- Deferred tax income	35	5.111.176	2.910.017	4.326.403	2.869.781
Profit for the period		467.259.908	107.803.283	73.936.313	35.537.924
Attributable to:					
- Non controlling interest	27	15.464.145	5.289.519	8.215.241	3.628.446
- Equity holders of the parent	27	451.795.763	102.513.764	65.721.072	31.909.478
Earnings per share	36	0,4858	0,1102	0,0707	0,0343

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 2015

	Notes	1 January - 30 September 2016	1 January - 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Profit for the period	27	467.259.908	107.803.283	73.936.313	35.537.924
Other comprehensive income: Items to be reclassified to profit or loss	27	(153.849.982)	237.341.338	58.889.094	62.103.918
Currency translation differences Gains/(loss) on revaluation and/or reclassificiation of available		84.319.453	139.111.724	58.889.094	38.828.622
for sale financial assets		(250.704.669)	103.399.595	-	24.500.312
- Gains on revaluation of available for sale financial assets		36.713.624	103.399.595	-	24.500.312
- Reclassification adjustment on available for sale financial assets		(287.418.293)	-	-	-
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss for income tax on other comprehensive		12.535.234	(5.169.981)		(1.225.016)
Other comprehensive income		(153.849.982)	237.341.338	58.889.094	62.103.918
Total comprehensive income		313.409.926	345.144.621	132.825.407	97.641.842
Attributable to:					
- Non-controlling interest		23.820.133	32.042.719	15.748.798	25.475.889
- Equity holders of parent		289.589.793	313.101.902	117.076.609	72.165.953
Earnings per share		0,3114	0,3367	0,1259	0,0776

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Capital	Adjustment to capital	Share Premium	Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss	Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss	Restricted reserves	Retained Earnings	Net Profit for the period	Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent	Non controlling interests	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2015	739,000,000	5,576,528	22,703	51,303,214	198,793,368	127,750,662	926,629,896	283,229,115	2,332,305,486	204,795,699	2,537,101,185
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	4,682,740	278,546,375	(283,229,115)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	210,588,138	-	-	102,513,764	313,101,902	32,042,719	345,144,621
Capital Increase	156,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	(156,000,000)	-	-	8,409,804	8,409,804
Transactions related to joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,029	-	40,029	-	40,029
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36,000,000)	_	(36,000,000)	(9,750,000)	(45,750,000)
Increases (decreases) due to changes in ownership rate of subsidiaries that do not result in control loses	-	-	-			-	(116,400)	-	(116,400)	(121,200)	(237,600)
Balance at 30 September 2015	895,000,000	5,576,528	22,703	51,303,214	409,381,506	132,433,402	1,013,099,900	102,513,764	2,609,331,017	235,377,022	2,844,708,039

Balance at 1 January 2016	895,000,000	5,576,528	22,703	467,811,588	293,663,311	132,433,402	935,629,817	159,260,953	2,889,398,302	249,477,738	3,138,876,040
Transfers	-	-		-	-	4,682,740	154,578,213	(159,260,953)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(5,019,238)	(162,205,970)	-	5,019,238	451,795,763	289,589,793	23,820,133	313,409,926
Capital Increase	35,000,000	-			-	-	(35,000,000)	-	-	-	-
Transactions related to joint ventures and associates	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-		-	-	(93,000,000)	-	(93,000,000)	(11,250,000)	(104,250,000)
Increases (decreases) due to changes in ownership rate of subsidiaries that do not result in control loses		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	
Balance at 30 September 2016	930,000,000	5,576,528	22,703	462,792,350	131,457,341	137,116,142	967,227,268	451,795,763	3,085,988,095	262,047,871	3,348,035,966

Note 27 sets out disclosures for the changes in the equity.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 2015

	Notes	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		49.433.726	(30.822.486)
Net profit for the period	27	467.259.908	107.803.283
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by operating activities		(48.546.566)	152.226.752
- Depreciation and amortization	18,19	183.762.472	131.763.737
- Adjustments for impairments / reversals	10,11,13	11.062.925	11.596.515
- Changes in provisions	22,24	27.781.767	21.643.967
- Dividend income	32	(24.445.311)	(6.111.329)
- Interest income and expenses	8,31,33	28.355.757	49.284.717
- Unrealized exchange loss / (gain)	31,33	1.693.317	(68.066.878)
- Fair value (gain)/loss	7	(4.677.840)	-
- Income from associates (net)	16	(17.170.508)	(17.780.306)
- Current income tax accrual	35	35.919.386	33.867.167
- Gains from sales of tangible assets	31,32	(289.801.975)	(3.970.838)
- Other adjustments related to profit/loss reconciliation	7,26	(1.026.556)	-
Changes in net working capital		(268.541.635)	(186.771.757)
- (Increases) in trade receivables	10,37	(295.514.986)	(32.222.972)
- (Increases) / decreases in other receivables	11,37	(130.471.029)	570.577
- Decrease in derivative assets	12,33	24.721	1.598.330
- (Increases) / decreases in inventories	13	(108.481.568)	(83.358.607)
- (Increases) / decrease in trade payables	10,37	74.341.551	26.575.582
- (Increases) / decreases in other payables	11,14,26,37	187.725.877	(110.497.036)
- Other (increases) / decreases in net working capital	14,26	3.833.799	10.562.369
Cash flows from operating activities		150.171.708	73.258.278
- Interest paid	8,31,33,37	(59.482.270)	(61.122.989)
- Interest received	31,33,37	11.293.504	3.330.794
- Employment termination benefits paid	24	(5.939.321)	(4.744.718)
- Current income tax paid	35	(46.609.896)	(41.543.851)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 AND 2015

	Notes	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(80.311.025)	(117.645.501)
- Cash inflows from the sale of shares in other entities or funds or debt instruments		315.880.614	-
- Proceeds from sale of other entities' or funds' share	16	(291.661.096)	-
Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible assetsPurchases of tangible and intangible assets	18,19,32 18,19	14.657.597 (164.292.450)	5.900.212 (173.461.537)
- Proceeds from the sale of the investments properties	17,32	(7.095.011)	(173.401.337)
- Proceeds from advances given	14	(30.287.278)	(112.768.256)
- Dividends received from associates	14	26.453.265	137.511.740
- Interest received	16,32	26.617.015	8.683.326
- Other cash inflows / outflows	6,33	29.255.024	16.604.720
- Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible assets	3,10,11,26	161.295	(115.706)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(110.103.948)	(41.827.292)
- Capital contribution of non - controlling interests	27	-	8.172.204
- Proceeds from financial borrowings	8	415.152.096	264.796.834
- Repayments of financial borrowings	8	(420.182.419)	(268.038.631)
- Financial leases paid	8	(823.625)	(1.007.699)
- Dividends paid	27	(104.250.000)	(45.750.000)
NET INCREASE / DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENBEFORE CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES (A+B+C)	NTS	(140.981.247)	(190.295.279)
D. EFFECTS OF UNREALIZED EXCHANGE LOSS / (GAIN) ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		44.323.848	277.197.424
- Effect of change in the exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	33	32.756.601	303.673.448
- Effect of currency translation difference	27	11.567.247	(26.476.024)
NET INCREASE / DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A+B+C+D)	NTS	(96.657.399)	86.902.145
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	6	1.168.141.407	1.126.423.480
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR (A+B+C+D+E)	6	1.071.484.008	1.213.325.625

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. Group's Organisation and Nature of Operations

Trakya Cam Group (the "Group") consists of a holding company, Trakya Cam Sanayii A.Ş. ("Company") and 17 subsidiaries, 3 joint managing companies and 1 joint ventures.

Trakya Cam Sanayii A.Ş. was established on 17 January 1978 and started production in 1981. The Company is a subsidiary of Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Group ("Şişecam Holding") which is under the control of Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. The Company produces and sells basic flat glass, patterned glass, mirror, automotive glass, tempered glass, laminated glass, coated glass, processed glass and glassware in its production facilities at Kırklareli (Lüleburgaz), Mersin (Tarsus), Bursa (Yenişehir). There are also overseas factories at Bulgaria (Targovishte), Germany (Besigheim and Aurach), Slovakia (Malacky), Hungary (Aszod), Romania (Buzau), Egypt (Sukhna) and India (Halol).

The shares of the Company have been publicly traded on the Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE") since 5 November 1990.

The Head Office and the Shareholder Structure of the Company

The shareholder structure of the Company is presented in Note 27.

The Company is registered in Turkey and contact information is as below:

İçmeler Mah. D-100 Karayolu Cad. N44/A 34947 Tuzla/İSTANBUL

Phone : +90 850 206 50 50

Fax : +90 850 206 50 80

Web page: http://www.trakyacam.com.tr

Trade register Information of the Company

Registered at : İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Memurluğu

Regisner No : 151415

Mersis No : 2953-9497-3752-4526

Details of the number of personnel are as follows

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015	30 September 2015
Personnel charged by monthly pay	1.777	1.747	1.728
Personnel charged by hour	4.611	4.482	4.180
Total	6.388	6.229	5.908

The 584 employees who are counted in the total number of employee in the Group comprise of the employee of HNG Float Glass Limited that are evaluated by the equity method (31 December 2015: 590 employees, 30 September 2015: 591 employees).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. Group's Organisation and Nature of Operations (Continued)

Consolidated subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates of the Group, their country of incorporation and nature of business are as follows:

Subsidiaries:

Company Name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation
Trakya Yenişehir Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	Production and Sale of Flat, Coated and Laminated Glass	Turkey
Trakya Polatlı Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	Production and Sale of Flat Glass	Turkey
Şişecam Otomotiv A.Ş. (1)	Production and Sale of Automotive Glass	Turkey
Trakya Investment B.V.	Finance and Investment Company	Netherlands
Trakya Glass Rus AO	Production and Sale of Flat Glass and Mirror	Russia
TRSG Glass Holding B.V.	Finance and Investment Company	Netherlands
Trakya Autoglass Holding B.V.	Finance and Investment Company	Netherlands
Automotive Glass Alliance Rus AO	Automotive Glass Company	Russia
Glasscorp S.A	Production and Sale of Automotive Glass and Home Appliances Glass	Romania
Trakya Glass Rus Trading OOO Automotive Glass Alliance	Import and Sale Services	Russia
Rus Trading OOO	Import and Sale Services	Russia
Richard Fritz Holding GmbH	Commercial Activity	Germany
Richard Fritz Spol, S.R.O.	Production and Sale of Glass Encapsulation, Plastic Process	Slovakia
Richard Fritz Prototype + Spare Parts GmbH	Production and Sale of Glass Encapsulation	Germany
Richard Fritz Kft.	Production and Sale of Glass Encapsulation	Hungary
Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD	Production and Sale of Flat, Coated and Laminated Glass	Bulgaria
Sisecam Automotive Bulgaria EAD	Production and Sale of Flat Glass	Bulgaria
Jointly Managing Companies:		
Company Name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation
HNG Float Glass Limited	Production and Sale of Flat Glass, Mirror	India

Associates:

Company Name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation
Çayırova Cam San. A.Ş. (2)	Commercial Activity	Turkey
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	Production and Sale of Electricity	Turkey
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt	Production and Sale Flat Glass	Egypt

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. Group's Organisation and Nature of Operations (Continued)

Consolidated subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates(continued)

- (1) Within the scope of the article 159 and 179 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6102, the provisions of article 19 and 20 of the Corporate Income Tax Law (ITL), 6362 numbered Capital Market Law (CML) and 11-23.2 numbered "Mergers and Divisions Communiqué" (Communiqué) provisions of The Capital Markets Board, in the Trakya Cam Sanayii A.Ş., approval No. 29833736-1 10.06-E.5106 dated 29.04.2015 is granted by Capital Markets Board to the announcement prepared pursuant to the CML and Communiqué in the simplified spin off which will take place by the transfer of all assets, liabilities, rights and obligations situated in the business integrity of the auto glass business within the structure of Trakya Cam Sanayii A.Ş., one of the subsidiaries of the Group. Spin off transaction is approved in the extraordinary generel meeting held on 27 June 2016.
- (2) Çayırova Cam San. A.Ş. is a company that leases properties it owns to the Group companies and it has no production and sales activity.

The subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates of the Group their proportion of ownership interest and the effective interest of the Company in these subsidiaries are as follows:

Subsidiaries:

	30 September 2016		31 December 2		
Company Name	Direct and Indirect ownership ratio %	Effective ownership ratio %	Direct and Indirect ownership ratio %	Effective ownership ratio %	
Trakya Yenişehir Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	85,00	85,00	85,00	85,00	
Trakya Polatlı Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	85,00	85,00	85,00	84,90	
Şişecam Otomotiv A.Ş.	100,00	100,00	-	-	
Trakya Investment B.V.	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Trakya Glass Rus AO	100,00	70,00	100,00	70,00	
TRSG Glass Holding B.V.	70,00	70,00	70,00	70,00	
Trakya Autoglass Holding B.V.	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Automotive Glass Alliance Rus AO	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Glass Corp S.A	90,00	90,00	90,00	90,00	
Trakya Glass Rus Trading OOO	100,00	70,00	100,00	70,00	
Automotive Glass Alliance Rus Trading OOO	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Richard Fritz Holding GmbH	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Richard Fritz Spol, S.R.O.	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Richard Fritz Prototype + Spare Parts GmbH	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Richard Fritz Kft	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	
Sisecam Automotive Bulgaria EAD	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. Group's Organisation and Nature of Operations (Continued)

Consolidated subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates(continued)

Joint ventures:

	30 Sept	30 September 2016		31 December 2015		
	Direct and indirect	Effective ownership	Direct and indirect	Effective ownership		
Company Name	ownership (%)	(%)	ownership (%)	(%)		
HNG Float Glass Limited	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00		

Associates:

	30 Sep	tember 2016	31 December 2015		
Company Name	Direct and indirect ownership (%)	Effective ownership (%)	Direct and indirect ownership (%)	Effective ownership (%)	
Çayırova Cam San. A.Ş.	28,14	28,14	28,13	28,13	
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	34,43	34,43	34,43	34,43	
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E	30,01	30,01	30,00	30,00	

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

2.1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Communiqué Serial II, No:14.1, "Principles of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. According to Article 5 of the Communiqué, consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards issued by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POAASA"). TAS contains Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS"/"TFRS") and its addendum and interpretations ("IFRIC").

In compliance with the TAS 34, entities have preference in presenting their interim consolidated financial statements whether full set or condensed. In this framework, Group preferred to present its interim consolidated financial statements in full set.

In accordance with the CMB resolution issued on 17 March 2005, listed companies operating in Turkey are not subject to inflation accounting effective from 1 January 2005. Therefore, the financial statements of the Croup have been prepared accordingly.

The Company (and its subsidiaries and Joint Ventures registered in Turkey) maintains its accounting records and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (the "TCC"), tax legislation and the uniform chart of accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. Subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates operating in foreign countries have prepared their statutory financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the country in which they operate. The interim consolidated financial statements, except for the financial asset and liabilities presented with their fair values, are maintained under historical cost conversion in TRY. These interim consolidated financial statements are based on the statutory records, which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the TAS/TFRS.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Presentation and Functional Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity of the Group, are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY"), which is the functional and presentation currency of the Group.

Presentation of Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

In accordance with the CMB's resolution No: 11/367 issued on 17 March 2005, companies operating in Turkey which prepare their financial statements in accordance with the CMB Accounting Standards (including the application of TFRS) are not subject to inflation accounting effective from 1 January 2005. Therefore, as of 1 January 2005, TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" is not applied in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Hyperinflation impact on the paid-in capital of the Company was accounted for in "adjustments to share capital" under shareholders' equity.

Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements including the accounts of the parent company, its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates have been prepared assuming that the Group will continue as a going concern on the basis that the entity will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Comparative information and correction of prior period financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include comparative financial information to enable the determination of the financial position and performance. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in presentation in the current year consolidated financial statements.

Financial Statements of Foreign Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

Financial statements of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures operating in foreign countries are prepared in accordance with the legislation of the country in which they operate and assets and liabilities in financial statements prepared according to the Group's accounting policies are translated into TRY from the foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date whereas income and expenses are translated into TRY at the average foreign exchange rate. Exchange differences arising from the translation of the opening net assets of foreign undertakings and differences between the average and balance sheet date rates are included in the currency translation differences under shareholders' equity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Foreign currencies and exchange rates of the countries where a significant portion of the Group's foreign operations are performed are summarized below:

	30 Septe	mber 2016	31 December 2015		30 Septe	ember 2015
Currency	Period End	Period Average	Period End	Period Average	Period End	Period Average
Euro	3,36080	3,27100	3,17760	3,01871	3,42120	2,96257
Bulgarian Lev	1,71835	1,67244	1,62468	1,54344	1,73930	1,51474
Russian Rubles	0,04715	0,04283	0,03961	0,04456	0,04575	0,04479
Romanian Leu	0,75073	0,72516	0,69730	0,67544	0,76907	0,66347
Egyptian Pounds	0,33725	0,34257	0,37273	0,35348	0,38691	0,34825
Indian Rupee	0,04494	0,04367	0,04384	0,04239	0,04629	0,04180

Consolidation Principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company on the basis set out in sections below. The financial statements of the companies included in the scope of consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards applying uniform accounting policies and presentation. The results of subsidiaries and joint ventures are included or excluded from their effective dates of acquisition or disposal respectively.

Subsidiaries

Control is obtained by controlling over the activities of an entity's financial and operating policies in order to benefit from those activities.

Subsidiaries are companies over which the parent company has capability to control the financial and operating policies for the benefit of parent company, either (a) through the power to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights relating to shares in the companies owned directly and indirectly by itself; or (b) although not having the power to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights, otherwise having the power to exercise control over the financial and operating policies.

The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity.

The table in Note 1 sets out all Subsidiaries included in the scope of consolidation and shows the ownership and effective interest rates as at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated at control ceases. Where necessary, accounting policies for subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The result of operations of Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures are included or excluded in these consolidated financial statements subsequent to the date of acquisition or date of sale respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

The balance sheets and the statements income of the subsidiaries are consolidated on line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by the Company and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between the Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated during the consolidation. The cost of, and the dividends arising from, shares held by the Company in its Subsidiaries are eliminated from equity and income for the period, respectively.

The non-controlling shareholders' share in the net assets and results of Subsidiaries for the year are separately classified as non-controlling interest in the consolidated balance sheets and statements of income. The non-controlling interests consist of shares from the initial business combinations and the non-controlling shares from the changes in equity after the business combinations date. When the losses applicable to the non-controlling portion exceed the non-controlling interest in the equity of the subsidiary, the excess loss and the further losses applicable to the non-controlling are charged against the non-controlling interest (Note 2.5).

Joint Ventures

Joint Ventures are companies in respect of which there are contractual arrangements through which an economic activity is undertaken subject to joint control by the Company and one or more other parties. The Company exercises such joint control through the power to exercise voting rights relating to shares in the companies as a result of ownership interest directly and indirectly held by itself. The table in Note 1 sets out all Joint Ventures included in the scope of consolidation and shows their ownership and effective interests as of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015. Joint Ventures are accounted for under equity accounting method.

Associates

Associates are companies in which the Group has the interest that is more than 20% and less than 50% of the ordinary share capital held for the long-term and over which a significant influence is exercised. Equity method is used for accounting of associates.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in the associates. When the group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables or the significant influence ceases the Group does not continue to apply the equity method, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Subsequent to the date of the caesura of the significant influence the investment is carried either at fair value when the fair values can be measured reliably or otherwise at cost when the fair values cannot be reliably measured.

Available - for - sale investments

Available - for - sale investments, in which the Group has controlling interests equal to or above 20%, or over which are either immaterial or where a significant influence is not exercised by the Group, that do not have quoted market prices in active markets and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost less any provision for impairment.

Available - for - sale investments, in which the Group has the interests that is below 20% or in which a significant influence is not exercised by the Group, that have quoted market prices in active markets and whose fair values can be reliably measured, are carried to the financial statements at their fair value.

2.2 Statement of Compliance to TAS

The Group prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of 30 September 2016 in accordance with Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 and the related announcements. The accompanying consolidated financial statements and explanatory notes were disclosed in compliant with reporting formats recommended by CMB, including the compulsory explanations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.3 Significant Changes in Accounting Policies

Material changes in accounting policies are corrected, retrospectively; by restating the prior periods' consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies except the situation stated below used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2016 are consistent with those used in the preparation of financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

2.4 Restatement and Errors in the Accounting Policies and Estimate

The effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting the current period is recognized in the current period; the effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting current and future periods is recognized in the current and future periods. The accounting estimates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2016 are consistent with those used in the preparation of financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Material changes in accounting policies or material errors are corrected, retrospectively by restating the prior period consolidated financial statements.

2.5 Amendments in International Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

The Group has applied new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing IAS/ IFRS standards published by IASB and TASC/IFRIC that are effective as at 1 January 2016 and are relevant to the Group's operations. There are no relevant amendments or interpretations for the Group which have been enforced as of 1 January 2016 and in period ends to 30 September 2016.

a. The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective for the financial statements as of 30 September 2016:

- Amendment to TFRS 11, 'Joint arrangements' on acquisition of an interest in a joint operation, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. This amendment adds new guidance on how to account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business. The amendments specify the appropriate accounting treatment for such acquisitions.
- Amendments to TAS 16 'Property, plant and equipment', and TAS 41, 'Agriculture', regarding bearer plants, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These amendments change the financial reporting for bearer plants, such as grape vines, rubber trees and oil palms. It has been decided that bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment because their operation is similar to that of manufacturing. Consequently, the amendments include them within the scope of TAS 16, instead of TAS 41. The produce growing on bearer plants will remain within the scope of TAS 41.
- Amendment to TAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' and TAS 38, 'Intangible assets', on depreciation and amortisation, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. In this amendment, it has clarified that the use of revenue based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. It is also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset.
- TFRS 14 'Regulatory deferral accounts', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. TFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts' permits first-time adopters to continue to recognise amounts related to rate regulation in accordance with their previous GAAP requirements when they adopt TFRS. However, to enhance comparability with entities that already apply TFRS and do not recognise such amounts, the standard requires that the effect of rate regulation must be presented separately from other items.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.5 Amendments in International Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") (Continued)

- a. The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective for the financial statements as of 30 September 2015:
- Amendments to TAS 27, 'Separate financial statements' on the equity method, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These amendments allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.
- Amendments to TFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements' and TAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These amendments address an inconsistency between the requirements in TFRS 10 and those in TAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.
- Annual improvements 2014, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These set of amendments impacts 4 standards:
 - TFRS 5, Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations' regarding methods of disposal
 - TFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures', (with consequential amendments to IFRS 1) regarding servicing contracts
 - TMS 19, Employee benefits' regarding discount rates
 - TMS 34, Interim financial reporting' regarding disclosure of information.
- TAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"; effective from annual periods beginning on or after
 1 January 2016. These amendments address to improve the presentation and disclosure of financial statements.
- TFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and TAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These amendments clarify to address issues that have arisen in the context of applying the consolidation exception for investment entities.

b. Standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 30 September 2016:

- Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of cash flows' on disclosure initiative, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. These amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. The amendment is part of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative, which continues to explore how financial statement disclosure can be improved.
- Amendments IAS 12 'Income Taxes', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments clarify the accounting for deferred tax where an asset is measured at fair value and that fair value is below the asset's tax base. It also clarify certain other aspects of accounting for deferred tax assets.
- Amendments to IFRS 2, 'Share based payments' on clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This amendment clarifies the measurement basis for cash-settled, share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. It also introduces an exception to the principles in IFRS 2 that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.5 Amendments in International Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") (Continued)

b. Standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 30 September 2016:

- TFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. TFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is a converged standard from the IASB and FASB on revenue recognition. The standard will improve the financial reporting of revenue and improve comparability of the top line in financial statements globally. Amendment to TFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments comprise clarifications of the guidance on identifying performance obligations, accounting for licences of intellectual property and the principal versus agent assessment (gross versus net revenue presentation). New and amended illustrative examples have been added for each of those areas of guidance. The IASB has also included additional practical expedients related to transition to the new revenue standard
- IFRS 9 'Financial instruments', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in TAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model.
- TFRS 16 'Leases', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, This standard replaces the current guidance in TAS 17 and is a farreaching change in accounting by lessees in particular. Under IAS 17, lessees were required to make a distinction between a finance lease (on balance sheet) and an operating lease (off balance sheet). TFRS 16 now requires lessees to recognise a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a 'right-of-use asset' for virtually all lease contracts. The IASB has included an optional exemption for certain short-term leases and leases of low-value assets; however, this exemption can only be applied by lessees. For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. However, as the IASB has updated the guidance on the definition of a lease (as well as the guidance on the combinatioT and separation of contracts), lessors will also be affected by the new standard. At the very least, the new accounting model for lessees is expected to impact negotiations between lessors and lessees. Under TFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.
- Amendments to TFRS 4 'Insurance contracts' regarding the Implementation of TFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments introduce two approaches: an overlay approach and a deferral approach. The amended standard will:
 - give all companies that issue insurance contracts the option to recognise in other comprehensive income, rather than profit or loss, the volatility that could arise when TFRS 9 is applied before the new insurance contracts standard is issued; and
 - give companies whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance an optional temporary exemption from applying TFRS 9 until 2021. The entities that defer the application of TFRS 9 will continue to apply the existing financial instruments standard, TAS 39.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized on an accrual basis at the fair values of consideration received or receivable incurred or to be incurred. Net sales represent the invoiced value of trading goods and services given, less sales discounts and returns. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognized in the period on an accrual basis as operating income (Note 28 and Note 31).

Sales of Goods

Revenue obtained from the sales of the goods is accounted for when the conditions below are met:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods,
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor
 effective control over the goods sold,
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably,
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Interest Income

Interest income is accrued using the effective interest method which brings the remaining principal amount and expected future cash flows to the net book value of the related deposit during the expected life of the deposit.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recorded as income of the collection right transfer date. Dividend payables are recognized in the period that the profit distribution is declared.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories is determined on the weighted average basis for each purchase. Cost elements included in inventories are materials, labour and an appropriate amount for factory overheads. The cost of borrowings is not included in the costs of inventories. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. Inventories consist of raw material, semi-finished goods, finished goods, commercial goods, and goods in transit and other stocks (Note 13).

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except for land and buildings are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Land and buildings are carried at fair value as of revaluation date less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss.

Land and buildings were accounted for under the net method in accordance with revaluation method. The change of accounting policy was applied with the financial statements as of 31 December 2015.

Assets to be used for administrative purposes, or used in the production of goods and services and are in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. For assets that need considerable time to be ready for sale or use, borrowing costs are capitalized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. As it is for the other fixed assets, such assets are depreciated when the assets are ready for their intended use.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Cost amounts of property, plant and equipment assets excluding land and construction in progress are subject to amortization by using the straight-line method in accordance with their expected useful life. There is no depreciation allocated for lands due to indefinite useful lives. Expected useful life, residual value and amortization method are evaluated every year for the probable effects of changes arising in the expectations and are accounted for prospectively (Note 18).

Leased assets are subject to similar amortization procedures, as with the other tangible assets on the shorter of the related leasing period and economic life of the asset.

The depreciation periods for property, plant and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

	Useful life
Buildings	10-50 years
Land improvements	8-50 years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 years
Motor vehicles	3-15 years
Furniture and fixtures	2-15 years
Other tangible assets	4-10 years

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of the asset net selling price or value in use. The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is the higher of future net cash flows from the utilization of this property, plant and equipment or fair value less cost to sell.

Costs of property plant and equipment are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statements of income during the financial period in which they were incurred.

Gain or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are included in the "Income/Expense from Investing Activities" and are determined as the difference between the carrying value and amounts received.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired

Intangible assets acquired separately are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each year and the effect of any change in the estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis. Purchase costs are included in the related assets and are amortized at between 3 and 5 years based on their economic lives (Note 19).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Intangible assets (continued)

Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives (3 - 5 years). Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense as incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the development of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as intangible assets. Software development costs include employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Computer software development costs recognized as assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives (not exceeding five years) (Note 19).

Customer Relationships

The customer relationships and contracts acquired in a business combination are accounted for at fair value at the date of transaction. Contracted customer relationships are amortized by the straight-line method in accordance with their expected useful lives (3 years) and carried at cost less accumulated amortization. When an indication of impairment exists, the Group compares the carrying amount of the intangible asset with its net realizable value which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the comprehensive statement of income.

Investment Properties

Land and buildings those are held for long term rental yields or value increase or both, rather than in the production of supply of goods and services or administrative purposes or for the sale in the ordinary course of business are classified as "Investment property". Investment properties are accounted for using the fair value model at the financial statements. If an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property that will be carried at fair value, an entity shall apply TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" up to the date of change in use. The entity treats any difference at that date between the carrying amount of the property in accordance with TAS 16 and its fair value as a revaluation in accordance with TAS 16 and revaluation differences are accounted for under equity. Fair value of investment property has been calculated at the end of each year by the independent valuation firms that have related CMB licenses and required professional experience (Note 17). In subsequent periods, profit or loss due to the revaluation of fair value of investment property are accounted for under current period's profit or loss.

Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets other than goodwill are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. When an indication of impairment exists, the Group compares the carrying amount of the asset with its net realizable value which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. Impairment exists if the carrying value of an asset or a cash generating unit is greater than its recoverable amount which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the comprehensive statement of income.

The increase in carrying value of the assets (or a cash generated unit) due to the reversal of recognized impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount of the asset (net of amortisation amount) in case where the impairment loss was reflected in the consolidated financial statements in prior periods. Such a reversal is accounted for in the comprehensive statement of income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets Classified as Held for Sale

Non-current asset are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. Assets are are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is considered to be recovered principally through a sale transaction instead of usage. The assets can be a business unit, sales group or a separate tangible asset. The sale of assets held for sale is expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of balance sheet date. Various events or circumstances can extend the completion time more than one year. If there is no sufficient evidence supporting that the delay is beyond the control of entity and sales plan of sales transaction of the asset (or disposal asset group) continues; the delay does not prevent the classification of assets (or disposal asset group) as assets held for sale.

Assets held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value. The impairment loss is recognised as expense under consolidated income statement of the period, at which time the carrying value is less than the fair value. No amortisation is recognized for these assets.

Financial Leases

a) The Group as the lease

Financial Leasing

Leasing of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leasing. Finance leased are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Financial costs of leasing are distributed over the lease period with a fixed interest rate. The property, plant and equipment acquired under financial leases are depreciated over the useful lives of the assets. If there is a decrease in the value of the property, plant and equipment under financial leasing, the Group provides impairment. The foreign exchange and interest expenses related with financial leasing have been recorded in the income statement. Lease payments have been deducted from leasing debts.

Operating leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

b) The Group as the lessor

Operating leases

Assets leased out under operating leases, excluding land and investment properties, are included in property, plant and equipment in the consolidated balance sheet. They are depreciated over their expected useful lives on a basis consistent with similar owned property, plant and equipment. Rental income is recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognized initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective yield method; any difference between proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of income over the period of the borrowings (Note 8 and 33).

In case of foreign exchange income in the financing activities, the related income is deducted from the total of capitalized financial expenses.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset in the period in which the asset is prepared for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Foreign exchange differences relating to borrowings, to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs, are also capitalized.

The gains and losses that are an adjustment to interest costs include the interest rate differential between borrowing costs that would be incurred if the entity borrowed funds in its functional currency, and borrowing costs actually incurred on foreign currency borrowings.

Related Party

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, shareholders, key management personnel (general managers, head of group, vice general managers, vice head of group and factory managers) and Board members, in each case together with the companies controlled by/or affiliated with them, associated companies and other companies within the Group are considered and referred to as related parties (Note 37).

Offsetting

All items with significant amounts and nature, even with similar characteristics, are presented separately in the financial statements. Insignificant amounts are grouped and presented by means of items having similar substance and function. When the nature of transactions and events necessitate offsetting, presentation of these transactions and events over their net amounts or recognition of the assets after deducting the related impairment are not considered as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting.

Financial assets

Classification

The group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and held to maturity financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Those with maturities greater than 12 months are classified as non-current assets. The group's loans and receivables are classified as "trade and other receivables" in the balance sheet (Note 10, Note 11).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the related investments within 12 months of the balance sheet date (Note 7).

Held to maturity financial assets

Debt securities with fixed maturities, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to the maturity excluding the financial assets classified as originated loans and advances to customers are classified as "held-to-maturity financial assets". Held-to-maturity financial assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective yield method (Note 7).

Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date - the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available for sale are analyzed for translation differences resulting from changes in amortized cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences on monetary securities are recognized in the income statement; translation differences on non-monetary securities are recognized in equity. Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available for sale are recognized in equity. Held-for-trading derivative financial instruments are initially recognized in the consolidated financial statements at cost and are subsequently measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair values of held-for-trading derivative financial instruments are included in the consolidated statements of income. Dividends on available-for sale equity instruments are recognized in the statement of income as part of financial income when the Group's right to receive payments is established. The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models. If the market for a financial asset is not active and the fair value of the financial asset cannot be measured reliably, aforementioned financial assets are accounted for cost minus impairment in the consolidated financial statements.

The group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognized in the statement of income. Impairment losses recognized in the statement of income on equity instruments are not reversed through the statement of income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Trade receivable

Trade receivables that are created by way of providing goods or services directly to a debtor are carried at amortized rate method, less the unearned financial income. Short duration receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount unless the effect of imputing interest is significant.

A doubtful receivable provision for trade receivables is established if there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of all cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted based on the original effective interest rate of the originated receivables at inception.

If the amount of the impairment subsequently decreases due to an event occurring after the write-down, the release of the provision is credited to other income (Note 10).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts (Note 6). Bank deposits with original maturities of more than three months are classified under short-term financial investments (Note7).

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value including the transaction costs which are directly attributable.

Financial liabilities are classified as equity instruments and other financial liabilities.

Equity instruments

Financial liabilities related to non-controlling share put options are reflected in the financial statements in conformity with their discounted value of them own redemption plan. The discounted value of the financial liability which is the subject of the put option is estimated to be the fair value of the financial asset.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method plus the interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis (Note 8).

The effective interest method calculates the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate discounts the estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Trade payables

Trade payables are payments to be made arising from the purchase of goods and services from suppliers within the ordinary course of business. Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method (Note 10).

Business combinations and Goodwill

A business combination is the bringing together of separate entities or business into one reporting entity. Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method in the scope of TFRS 3 (Note 3).

The cost of a business combination is the fair value, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquired business and in addition, any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The cost of the business combination at the date of the acquisition is adjusted if a business combination contract includes clauses that enable adjustments to the cost of business combination depending on events after acquisition date, and the adjustment is measurable more probable than not. Costs of the acquisition are recognized in the related period. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquirer's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is accounted for as goodwill in the consolidated financial statements. In each acquisition, the non-controlling shares of the acquired company are accounted for on the basis of the share of the net assets of the acquired company. The carrying value of goodwill is reviewed annually at the same time for impairment and the impairment provision, if any, is immediately recognized in the consolidated statements of income. Legal mergers arising between companies controlled by the Group are not considered within the scope of TFRS 3. Consequently, no goodwill is recognized in these transactions. Similarly, the effects of all transactions between the legally merged enterprises, whether occurring before or after the legal merger, are corrected in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Legal mergers arising between companies controlled by the Group are not considered within the scope of TFRS 3. Consequently, no goodwill is recognized in these transactions. Similarly, the effects of all transactions between the legally merged enterprises, whether occurring before or after the legal merger, are corrected in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Transactions with non-controlling interest

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is deducted from equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity. For disposals to non-controlling interests, differences between any proceeds received and the relevant share of non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

Foreign Currency Transactions

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY"), which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TRY (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Foreign Currency Transactions (continued)

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in TRY using exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation differences. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at closing rates.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per share disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares circulating during the year concerned.

In Turkey, companies can raise their share capital by distributing "Bonus Shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "bonus share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share distributions is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation (Note 36).

Events after the Reporting Period

The Group adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements to reflect adjusting events occurring after the balance sheet date. If non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date have material influence on the economic decisions of users of the financial statements, they are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The discount rate reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The discount rate shall be a pre-tax rate and shall not reflect risks for which future cash flow estimates have been adjusted.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably (Note 22).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Segment reporting

The Group has two business segments determined by the management based on the information available for the evaluation of performances and the allocation of resources. These segments are managed separately because they are affected by the economic conditions and geographical positions in terms of risks and returns. The Group management has determined gross profit as the most suitable method for assessing the segmental performance (Note 5).

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the reporting provided to the Group's chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. As the sectors merged under "Other" do not meet the required quantitative thresholds to be a reportable segment, these have been merged for the purpose of segment reporting.

A reportable segment is a business segment or a geographical segment identified based on the foregoing definitions for which segment information is required to be disclosed. A business segment or geographical segment should be identified as a reportable segment if a majority of its revenue is earned from sales to external customers and its revenue from sales to external customers and from transactions with other segments is 10% or more of the total revenue, external and internal, of all segments; or its segment result, whether profit or loss, is 10% or more of the combined result of all segments in profit or the combined result of all segments in loss, whichever is the greater in absolute amount; or its assets are 10% or more of the total assets of all segments.

The Group classified its operations into two operational divisions for management accounting purposes which constitute the basis for the segment reporting (Note 5). The Basic Glass category contains flat glass, coated, laminated, mirror and project glass. The Other Glass category contains automotive glass, energy glass, white goods glass and glassware category of the foreign Joint Ventures.

Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the required conditions (Note 21).

Government grants related to costs are accounted as income on a consistent basis over the related periods with the costs.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the statements of income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity (Note 35). In such case, the tax is recognized in shareholders' equity.

The current year tax on income is calculated for the Group's subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures considering the tax laws that are applicable in the countries where they operate.

Deferred tax liability or asset is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which are used in the computation of taxable profit. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and tax regulations that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred The main temporary differences are from the time differences between carrying amount of tangible assets and their tax base amounts, the available expense accruals that are subject to tax and tax allowances that are not utilized.

The main temporary differences are from the time differences between carrying amount of tangible assets and their tax base amounts, the available expense accruals that are subject to tax and tax allowances that are not utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

When the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset accordingly.

Employee benefits

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labor Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising in case of the retirement of the employees. According to Turkish Labor Law and other laws applicable in Turkey, the Group is obliged to pay employment termination benefit to all personnel in cases of termination of employment without due cause, call for military service, retirement or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. The provision which is allocated by using the defined benefit pension's current value is calculated by using the estimated liability method. All actuarial profits and losses are recognized in the consolidated statements of income (Note 24).

The liabilities related to employee termination benefits are accrued when they are entitled.

Statement of cash flows

The Group prepares statements of cash flows as an integral part of its of financial statements to enable financial statement analysis about the change in its net assets, financial structure and the ability to direct cash flow amounts and timing according to evolving conditions. Cash flows include those from operating activities, working capital, investing activities and financing activities.

Cash flows from operating activities represent the cash flows generated from the Group's activities. Cash flows related to investing activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided from the investing activities of the Group (fixed investments and financial investments).

Cash flows arising from financing activities represent the cash proceeds from the financing activities of the Group and the repayments of these funds.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Dividends

Dividend income is recognized by the Group at the date the right to collect the dividend is realized. Dividend payables are recognized as a result of profit distribution in the period they are declared.

2.7 Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made regarding the amounts for the assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and explanations for the contingent assets and liabilities as well as the amounts of income and expenses realized in the reporting period. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The accounting estimates and assumptions, by definition, may not be equal to the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards and their statutory financial statements. These temporary differences usually result in the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for CMB Financial Reporting Standards and tax purposes. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither an accounting nor taxable profit/ (loss). The fully or partially recoverable amount of deferred tax assets are estimated under available circumstances. The future income projections, current period losses, unused losses and expiration dates of other tax assets and tax planning strategies that can be used when necessary are considered during the evaluation of estimations.

As a result of the assessment of Group Management, a deferred income tax asset amounting to TRY 10.078.726 (31 December 2015: TRY 9.081.785) results from temporary differences as of 30 September 2016 that are arising from the tax allowances and can be used as long as the tax allowances continue. The Group is entitled with corporate tax allowances in accordance with Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, article 32/A. As of 30 September 2016, the amount of corporate tax allowances related to temporary differences and that can be utilized during the period of corporate tax allowance right is TRY 70.064.862 (31 December 2015: TRY 67.550.093) (Note 35).

Land and buildings are stated at revalued amounts in accordance with TAS 16 revaluation method. Fair values in the financial statements dated 30 September 2016 are based on the appraisal reports prepared by independent valuation firms.

As there were recent similar buying/ selling transactions nearby, revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas if there were recent similar buying/ selling transactions nearby revaluations of buildings were based on of reference comparison if not the method of cost approach.

In the market reference comparison method, current market information was utilized, taking into consideration the comparable property in the market in recent past in the region, price adjustment was made within the framework of criteria that could affect market conditions, and accordingly an average m2 sale value was determined for the lands subject to the valuation. The similar pieces of land found were compared in terms of location, size, settlement status, physical conditions, real estate marketing firms were consulted for up-to-date valuation of the estate market, also, current information and experience of the professional valuation company was utilized.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

2.7 Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions (Continued)

In the cost approach method, fair value of the buildings and land improvements was calculated by considering recent reconstruction costs and related depreciation. In the cost approach method, above explained market reference comparison method was used in calculation of the land value, one of the components.

The carrying values do not necessarily reflect the amounts that would result from the outcome of a sales transaction between independent parties.

As of initial recognition and as of balance sheet date, the The Group performs impairment assessment for lands and buildings of which valuations are based on market value and cost approach, in accordance with the "TAS 36 Impairment of Assets", and impairment has been recognized in income statement.

Net book values of related assets have been adjusted to reflect the revalued amounts and the gain has been accounted for under the revaluation reserve in equity, net-off relevant deferred tax impact.

3. Business Combinations

None (31 December 2015:None).

4. Interest in Other Entities

None (31 December 2015:None).

5. Segment Reporting

The Group has adopted TFRS 8 starting from 1 January 2009 and has identified relevant operating segments based on internal reports about the components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the Group, identified as the board of directors.

The chief operating decision maker reviews results and operations on a product line segment basis as well as on a geographic segment basis in order to monitor performance and to allocate resources. Product line segments of the Group are defined in the following categories: basic glass and other glass. Geographic segments of the Group are defined in the following regions: Turkey and abroad.

The Group management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the measure of operating income. The measurement basis excludes the effects of non - recurring expenses from the operating income. The measurement basis also excludes the share in result of associates and joint ventures. Interest income and expenses are not allocated to segments, as this type of activity is driven by the central finance function of the Group.

The Group reviews its product line segments on the basis of gross profit, and operating profit, purchases of tangible fixed and intangible assets and depreciation and amortization of tangible fixed and intangible assets. Research and development expenses, financial income and expenses, and tax expense / income are not allocated to segments.

Total assets and liabilities of operating segments are not reported since such amounts are not regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5. Segment Reporting (Continued)

a. Operational Segments

					Consolidation	
1 January -30 September 2016	Basic glass	Autoglass	Other glass	Total	adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue	1.359.103.783	817.778.599	34.568.500	2.211.450.882	(157.812.289)	2.053.638.593
Cost of sales	(883.150.290)	(704.571.410)	(27.732.314)	(1.615.454.014)	160.490.717	(1.454.963.297)
Gross profit	475.953.493	113.207.189	6.836.186	595.996.868	2.678.428	598.675.296
Operating expenses	(319.177.576)	(120.826.267)	(3.745.875)	(443.749.718)	8.835.099	(434.914.619)
Other operating incomes	78.473.895	29.093.483	161.492	107.728.870	(29.532.533)	78.196.337
Other operating expenses	(49.710.082)	(6.032.823)	(59.334)	(55.802.239)	13.961.769	(41.840.470)
	107 720 720	15 111 500	2 102 160	204452504	(4.055.005)	200 11 6 711
Operating profit	185.539.730	15.441.582	3.192.469	204.173.781	(4.057.237)	200.116.544
Purchases of tangible and intangible fixed asset	52.203.965	110.809.094	1.279.390	164.292.450	-	164.292.450
Depreciation and amortization on fixed assets	(126.836.159)	(53.804.220)	(3.122.093)	(183.762.472)	-	(183.762.472)
					Consolidation	
1 January -30 September 2015	Basic glass	Autoglass	Other glass	Total	adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue	899.953.566	614.580.521	-	1.514.534.087	(21.545.216)	1.492.988.871
Cost of sales	(600.637.665)	(530.213.709)		(1.130.851.374)	23.587.640	(1.107.263.734)
Gross profit	299.315.901	84.366.812	-	383.682.713	2.042.424	385.725.137
Operating expenses	(236.096.145)	(86.044.181)	_	(322.140.326)	4.295.233	(317.845.093)
Other operating incomes	67.703.705	34.643.716	-	102.347.421	(18.949.138)	83.398.283
Other operating expenses	(32.784.911)	(14.283.828)	-	(47.068.739)	8.350.007	(38.718.732)
Income from associates	17.780.306			17.780.306		
Operating profit	115.918.856	18.682.519	-	134.601.375	(4.261.474)	112.559.595
Purchases of tangible and intangible fixed asset	125.676.429	49.161.413	-	174.837.842	-	174.837.842
Purchases of tangible and intangible fixed asset Depreciation and amortization on fixed assets	125.676.429 (88.057.080)	49.161.413 (43.706.657)	-	174.837.842 (131.763.737)	-	174.837.842 (131.763.737)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5. Segment Reporting (Continued)

b. Geographical segments

					Consolidation	
1 January -30 September 2016	Turkey	Europe	Other	Total	adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue	1.244.380.381	841.800.765	125.269.735	2.211.450.881	(157.812.288)	2.053.638.593
Cost of sales	(859.546.256)	(647.917.478)	(107.990.280)	(1.615.454.014)	160.490.717	(1.454.963.297)
Gross profit	384.834.125	193.883.287	17.279.455	595.996.867	2.678.429	598.675.296
Operating expenses	(267.552.005)	(158.838.762)	(17.358.951)	(443.749.718)	8.835.099	(434.914.619)
Other operating incomes	80.346.456	25.815.432	1.566.981	107.728.869	(29.532.532)	78.196.337
Other operating expenses	(43.720.200)	(8.148.316)	(3.933.724)	(55.802.240)	13.961.770	(41.840.470)
Operating profit	153.908.376	52.711.641	(2.446.239)	204.173.778	(4.057.234)	200.116.544
Purchases of tangible and intangible fixed asset	59.467.149	96.798.826	8.026.475	164.292.450	-	164.292.450
Depreciation and amortization on fixed assets	(88.978.960)	(71.754.286)	(23.029.226)	(183.762.472)	-	(183.762.472)
					Consolidation	
1 January -30 September 2015	Turkev	Europe	Other	Total		Consolidated
1 January -30 September 2015	Turkey	Europe	Other	Total	adjustments	Consolidated
1 January -30 September 2015 Revenue	Turkey 1.130.156.450	Europe 314.799.134	Other 69.578.503	Total 1.514.534.087		Consolidated 1.492.988.871
					adjustments	
Revenue Cost of sales	1.130.156.450	314.799.134	69.578.503	1.514.534.087	adjustments (21.545.216)	1.492.988.871
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713	(21.545.216) 23.587.640 2.042.424	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151)	314.799.134 (259.388.893)	69.578.503 (84.080.330)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374)	21.545.216) 23.587.640 2.042.424 4.295.233	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734)
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses Other operating incomes	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299 (244.386.728)	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241 (62.140.687)	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827) (15.612.911)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713 (322.140.326)	(21.545.216) 23.587.640 2.042.424	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137 (317.845.093) 83.398.283
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299 (244.386.728) 86.864.427	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241 (62.140.687) 13.105.493	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827) (15.612.911) 2.377.500	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713 (322.140.326) 102.347.420	21.545.216) 23.587.640 2.042.424 4.295.233 (18.949.137)	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137 (317.845.093)
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses Other operating incomes Other operating expenses Income from associates	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299 (244.386.728) 86.864.427 (24.580.034) 17.780.306	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241 (62.140.687) 13.105.493 (3.989.138)	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827) (15.612.911) 2.377.500 (1.744.207)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713 (322.140.326) 102.347.420 (30.313.379) 17.780.306	2.042.424 4.295.233 (18.949.137) (8.405.353) (17.780.306)	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137 (317.845.093) 83.398.283 (38.718.732)
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses Other operating incomes Other operating expenses Income from associates Operating profit	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299 (244.386.728) 86.864.427 (24.580.034) 17.780.306 178.452.270	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241 (62.140.687) 13.105.493 (3.989.138)	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827) (15.612.911) 2.377.500 (1.744.207)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713 (322.140.326) 102.347.420 (30.313.379) 17.780.306 151.356.734	2.042.424 4.295.233 (18.949.137) (8.405.353) (17.780.306) (38.797.139)	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137 (317.845.093) 83.398.283 (38.718.732)
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Operating expenses Other operating incomes Other operating expenses Income from associates	1.130.156.450 (787.382.151) 342.774.299 (244.386.728) 86.864.427 (24.580.034) 17.780.306	314.799.134 (259.388.893) 55.410.241 (62.140.687) 13.105.493 (3.989.138)	69.578.503 (84.080.330) (14.501.827) (15.612.911) 2.377.500 (1.744.207)	1.514.534.087 (1.130.851.374) 383.682.713 (322.140.326) 102.347.420 (30.313.379) 17.780.306	2.042.424 4.295.233 (18.949.137) (8.405.353) (17.780.306)	1.492.988.871 (1.107.263.734) 385.725.137 (317.845.093) 83.398.283 (38.718.732)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Cash	43.268	49.551
Cash in banks	1.073.207.434	1.169.615.213
- Demand deposits	17.491.023	63.562.652
- Time deposits that have maturity less than 3 months	1.055.716.411	1.106.052.561
Other	202.236	6.744
	1.073.452.938	1.169.671.508

Time deposits

	Interest		30 September	31 December
Currency	Rate (%)	Maturity	2016	2015
EUR	1,10-1,45	October 2016	180.708.230	130.777.082
US Dollar	2,10-2,20	October 2016	542.142.614	975.275.479
TRY	9,75-11,20	October 2016	305.856.175	-
Other	0,16-0,20	October 2016	27.009.392	-
			1.055.716.411	1.106.052.561

Cash and cash equivalents as of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 presented in the consolidated statements of cash flows are as follows:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015	30 September 2015
Cash and cash equivalents	1.073.452.938	1.169.671.508	1.214.529.017
Less: Interest accrual	(1.968.930)	(1.530.101)	(1.203.392)
	1.071.484.008	1.168.141.407	1.213.325.625

Nature and the level of risk related to cash and cash equivalents are explained in Note 38.

7. Financial Assets

a) Short term financial investments

Short term financial investments	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Held to maturity financial assets (*)	14.268.498	=

(*)The long-term, semi-annual fixed-rate USD denominated short-term portion of the securities in the currency.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

7. Financial Assets (Continued)

b) Long term financial investments

Changes in fair value financial assets (*)

	30 September	31 December
Available for sale financial assets	2016	2015
Financial investments carried at market price	-	282.343.353
Held to maturity financial assets	281.447.201	-
Total long term financial investments	281.447.201	282.343.353
Movements of available for sale financial assets during the period are as below:		
	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
1 January	282.343.353	219.278.575
Disposals (-)	(319.056.977)	(50)

30 September

36.713.624

31 December

103.399.593 **322.678.118**

^(*) Soda Sanayii A.Ş.'s shares are traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş. and carried at their fair value in the financial statements. The Group has accounted the increase in its financial investments, which has valuated with stock exchange prices, of TRY 36.713.624 (TRY 78.899.281 on 31 December 2015) under equity. Soda Sanayii A.Ş.'s shares were sold for TRY 302.510.735 on 31 May 2016 to domestic and foreign investors with the special order. The sales expense was TRY 3.176.363.

Financial investments carried	,	30 September		31 December
at market price	Share %	2016	Share %	2015
Soda Sanayii A.Ş.	-	-	10,19	282.343.353

Held to maturity financial assets

	30 September	31 December
Company that has issuance of securities	2016	2015
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	71.482.282	-
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	58.636.775	-
Anadolu Efes Biracılık Ve Malt Sanayii A.Ş.	13.992.455	-
Arçelik A.Ş.	34.159.788	-
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	38.664.344	-
Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş.	6.381.777	-
Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	40.442.527	-
Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	31.955.751	-
	295.715.699	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

7. Financial Assets (Continued)

Held to maturity financial assets (continued)

The Group has accounted for fixed income securities that it intends to hold to maturity at amortized cost using the effective interest rate. The securities in question are in US dollar denominated fixed interest payment every six months.

Held to maturity financial assets have carried in active market and their market value regarding market prices is as follow;

	30 September	31 December
Company that has issuance of securities	2016	2015
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	71.075.259	-
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	58.531.567	-
Anadolu Efes Biracılık Ve Malt Sanayii A.Ş.	13.995.134	-
Arçelik A.Ş.	34.072.363	-
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	38.422.973	-
Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş.	6.350.322	-
Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	40.271.134	-
Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	31.805.688	<u>-</u>
	294.524.440	_

Maturity of held to maturity financial assets is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
Collection period	2016	2015
Less than 3 months	4.752.509	=
Between 3-12 months	9.515.989	-
Between 1-5 years	151.118.356	-
Exceed 5 years	130.328.845	-
	295.715.699	-

The movement of held to maturity financial assets is as follows:

	30 September 2015	31 December 2015
1 january	-	=
Addition	291.661.096	-
Interest received in current period	(623.237)	-
Revaluation diffrence	4.677.840	-
	295.715.699	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

7. Financial Assets (Continued)

Held to maturity financial assets (continued)

Coupon rates and latest redemption dates of held to maturity financial assets are as follows;

		Coupon Rate	Redemption
Company that has issuance of securities	ISIN Code	(%)	date
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	XS1188073081	4,750	11.02.2021
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	XS1390320981	5,375	06.10.2021
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	XS1219733752	5,125	22.04.2020
Anadolu Efes Biracılık Ve Malt Sanayii A.Ş.	XS0848940523	3,375	01.11.2022
Arçelik A.Ş.	XS0910932788	5,000	03.04.2023
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	XS1412393172	4,875	18.05.2021
Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş.	XS1028951264	4,875	19.06.2024
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	XS1079527211	5,000	25.06.2021
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	XS1439838548	5,000	13.07.2021
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	XS0882347072	3,875	05.02.2020
Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	XS1298711729	5,750	15.10.2025
Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	USM8931TAF68	5,250	13.09.2022

Effective interest rate of related securities is 5,443 %.

Securities held to maturity İş Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. And the amounts assessed by the effective interest rate method are as follows for the companies:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
İş Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	295.715.699	=

8. Financial Liabilities

Current financial liabilities	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Short term borrowings	268.062.205	274.483.810
Short term portion of long term borrowings	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Short term portion of long term borrowings and interests	197.480.496	106.137.267
Due to related parties (Note 37)	10.253.605	1.955.766
Liabilities for financial leasing	1.227.020	-
Total short term portion of long term borrowings	208.961.121	108.093.033
Total short term financial liabilities	477.023.326	382.576.843

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. Financial Liabilities (Continued)

Non - current financial liabilities	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Long term portion of long term borrowings	758.387.792	775.845.746
Due to related parties (Note 37)	747.095.961	724.512.108
Liabilities for financial leasing	892.859	2.804.428
Total long -term financial liabilities	1.506.376.612	1.503.162.282
Total financial liabilities	1.983.399.938	1.885.739.125
Reprising periods for loans	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
3 months and shorter	615.296.252	278.121.575
3 – 12 months	608.634.241	878.345.248
	1.223.930.493	1.156.466.823

The debt amounting TRY 757.349.566 that The Group borrowed from T.Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları will be paid with equal instalments every six months (31 December 2015: TRY 726.467.874). In 2016, financial leasing liabilities amounting TRY 892.850 will be paid with equal instalments every month. (31 December 2015:TRY 2.804.428).

The impact of discounting is not significant due to given interest rates for short-term loans and their carrying values approximate their fair values. The fair values are determined using the weighted average effective annual interest rates. The long-term financial liabilities are generally subject to reprising within three and six month periods and a large amount of those liabilities consists of foreign currency denominated loans. Therefore, it is expected that the carrying value of the financial liabilities that are calculated by effective interest rate method approximate to their fair values.

Short and long-term bank borrowings as of 1 January-30 September 2016 are summarized as below:

30 September 2016

Bank Borrowings	Capital	Interest	Commission	Total
1 January	1.149.792.349	7.382.920	(708.446)	1.156.466.823
Currency translation differences	56.952.950	436.151	-	57.389.101
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	16.037.856	-	-	16.037.856
Additions - accruals for the period	415.152.096	28.517.000	-	443.669.096
Payments - reversals for the period	(420.182.419)	(29.636.776)	186.812	(449.632.383)
30 September 2016	1.217.752.832	6.699.295	(521.634)	1.223.930.493

			Discounts on		
Bonds issued	Capital	Interest	Bonds	Commission	Total
1 January	726.900.000	2.662.348	(2.192.662)	(901.812)	726.467.874
Foreign exchange					
(gain)/loss	22.075.000	-	-	-	22.075.000
Additions-accruals for the period	<u>-</u>	23.819.068	_	_	23.819.068
Payments-reversals for the		23.819.008	-	-	23.819.008
period	-	(15.513.030)	347.517	153.137	(15.012.376)
30 September 2016	748.975.000	10.968.386	(1.845.145)	(748.675)	757.349.566

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. Financial Liabilities (Continued)

Financial leases	Principal+Interest	Interest (-)	Total
1 January	2.804.428	-	2.804.428
Currency translation differences	139.076	-	139.076
Additions - accruals for the period	-	60.606	60.606
Payments - reversals for the period	(823.625)	(60.606)	(884.231)
30 September 2016	2.119.879	-	2.119.879

Financial liabilities movements for the period between 1 January and 30 September 2015 are summarized as below:

30 September 2015

Bank Borrowings	Capital	Interest	Commission	Total
1 January	655.383.565	6.036.831	(957.531)	660.462.865
Currency translation differences	63.496.309	727.724	-	64.224.033
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	75.992.071	-	-	75.992.071
Additions - accruals for the period	264.841.624	33.013.650	(44.790)	297.810.484
Payments - reversals for the period	(268.038.631)	(32.006.856)	231.603	(299.813.884)
30 September 2015	791.674.938	7.771.349	(770.718)	798.675.569

			Discounts on		
Bonds issued	Capital	Interest	Bonds	Commission	Total
1 January	579.725.000	1.886.432	(2.637.851)	(1.105.996)	577.867.585
Foreign exchange					
(gain)/loss	181.100.000	=	=	-	181.100.000
Additions - accruals for the					
period	-	23.190.181	-	-	23.190.181
Payments - reversals for					
the period	-	(14.343.750)	331.253	153.138	(13.859.359)
30 September 2015	760.825.000	10.732.863	(2.306.598)	(952.858)	768.298.407

Financial leases	Principal+Interest	Interest (-)	Total
1 January	3.718.256	-	3.718.256
Currency translation differences	635.581	-	635.581
Payments - reversals for the period	(1.007.699)	-	(1.007.699)
30 September 2015	3.346.138	-	3.346.138

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. Financial Liabilities (Continued)

Short and long-term bank borrowings summarized informations are as below:

30 September 2016

Currency	Interest rate (%) (*)	Short - term	Long - term
USD	Libor + 2,00 - 3,75	26.574.562	841.144.013
EUR	Euroribor $+ 0.08 - 3.75$	403.812.911	632.350.385
TRY and others	-	46.635.853	32.882.214
		477.023.326	1.506.376.612

31 December 2015

Currency	Interest rate (%) (*)	Short - term	Long - term
USD	Libor + 2,00 - 3,75	15.998.044	817.259.262
EUR	Euroribor $+ 0.08 - 3.75$	306.586.809	651.904.437
TRY and others	-	59.991.990	33.998.583
		382.576.843	1.503.162.282

^(*)The weighted average interest rate for EUR is Euribor + 2,62 %, for USD is Libor + 2,82 %.

The redemption schedule of financial liabilities is as follow:

Repayment maturities of financial liabilities	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Up to 1 year	477.023.326	382.576.843
Between 1-2 years	266.535.302	220.234.183
Between 2-3 years	215.449.332	203.448.714
Between 3-4 years	856.211.434	158.503.366
Between 4-5 years	71.439.704	819.873.027
Exceed 5 years	96.740.840	101.102.992
	1.983.399.938	1.885.739.125

9. Other Financial Liabilities

None (31 December 2015: None).

10. Trade Receivables and Payables

Trade receivables

Short-term trade receivables	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Trade receivables	712.510.802	420.944.608
Notes receivables	5.650.353	3.807.625
Alacak senetleri reeskontu (-)	(4.247.179)	(2.761.668)
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(22.645.236)	(20.063.178)
	691.268.740	401.927.387

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

10. Trade Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Average Sales term for flat glass are 90 days (31 December 2015: 90 days) for the period between January and March and July and September 2016. The Group had made its sales with 210 days maturity for the period between March and June 2016. For overdue payments, 2% interest is charged on a monthly basis (31 December 2015: 2%).

Average sales term for auto glass and glassware products is 45 days (31 December 2015: 45 days)

Foreign sales term for flat glass are either in advance or average 45 days maturity.

The Group has allocated allowance for its doubtful receivables. Allowance for doubtful receivables is determined by referring to past default experience. In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted to the reporting date. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers. Accordingly, the management believes that no further credit provision is required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts.

TRY 104.547.447 portion of trade receivable is related to the sales that the company's related party Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş. (31 December 2015: TRY 68.037.693).

G The group's the movement in the allowance for doubtful receivable is as follow:

The movement in the allowance for doubtful receivable is as follows:

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	(20.063.178)	(6.470.730)
Charge for the period	(9.165.453)	(8.415.268)
Currency translation difference	(557.824)	(413.900)
Collections	7.141.219	1.262.351
	(22.645.236)	(14.037.547)

The Group holds the following collaterals for trade receivables:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Letters of guarantees	146.066.257	74.829.561
Promissory notes and bills	27.568.647	13.055.114
Mortgages	7.891.486	8.896.413
Direct Debiting System (DBS)	56.829.141	34.891.711
Other	585.842	-
	238.941.373	131.672.799

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

10. Trade Receivables and Payables (Continued)

As of 30 September 2016 98.090.300 TRY (31 December 2015: 66.757.154 TRY) of trade receivable amount was past due but not impaired. This is related to various independent customers with no recent history of default. The aging analysis of trade receivable amounts is as follows:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
1 - 30 days overdue	37.171.212	20.114.987
1 - 3 months overdue	31.693.824	24.624.460
3 - 12 months overdue	10.654.848	12.863.418
1 - 5 years overdue	18.570.416	9.154.289
Total overdue receivables	98.090.300	66.757.154
The part under guarantee with collateral, etc.	26.305.117	15.332.309

Trade Payables

	30 September	31 December
Short term trade payables	2016	2015
Trade payables	192.983.984	191.805.820
Due to related parties (Note 37)	144.616.912	70.056.587
Rediscount of notes receivable (-)	(558.756)	(437.125)
	337.042.140	261.425.282

Average credit term for purchases of goods is one month. The Group has financial risk management policies to ensure that all liabilities are paid within credit terms.

11. Other Receivables and Payables

Other current receivables	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Due from related parties (Note 37)	136.827.361	10.215.524
Due from personnel	1.258.246	722.895
Deposits and guarantees given	986.892	666.464
Other receivables	8.953.516	5.950.103
	148.026.015	17.554.986
	30 September	31 December
Long - term other receivables	2016	2015
Deposits and guarantees given	935.337	1.014.876

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

11. Other Receivables and Payables (Continued)

	30 September	31 December	
Other current payables	2016	2015	
Due to related parties (Note 37)	163.252.099	15.808.579	
Due to personnel	10.516.190	10.257.022	
Deposits and guarantees received	20.088.756	219.788	
Other payables	1.380.032	749.307	
	195.237.077	27.034.696	

	30 September	31 December
Other non - current payables	2016	2015
Deposits and guarantees taken	281.729	199.972

12. Derivative Instruments

The group signed the foreign currency swap agreements with HSBC Bank A.Ş. dated on 2 August 2016, including the purchase of Euro by the sale of USD 2.500.000 at a parity of 1,1224 EUR/USD, including the purchase of Euro by the sale of USD 2.500.000 at a parity of 1,1229 EUR/USD, including the purchase of Euro by the sale of USD 2.500.000 at a parity of 1,1234 EUR/USD. This operations has been realized as of 30 September 2016.

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	-	-
Foreign exchange gain/(loss) charged to statement of profit or loss	24.721	1.598.330
Cash outflows/(inflows) due to realized foreign exchange gain/loss	(24.721)	(1.598.330)
Net varlık/(yükümlülük)	-	-

13. Inventories

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Finished goods	305.468.791	232.090.006
Raw materials	132.609.360	110.480.733
Trade goods	13.539.699	13.045.147
Work in process	39.289.722	34.814.113
Operating supplies	16.816.963	13.370.513
Other inventories	43.267.433	41.523.329
Provision for impairment of inventory (-)	(4.249.622)	(4.977.745)
	546.742.346	440.346.096

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

13. Inventories (Continued)

The movement of provision for impairment of inventory is as follows:

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	(4.977.745)	(5.580.632)
Currency translation difference	(187.846)	(521.608)
Provision realized during the year	(1.897.472)	(3.181.247)
Provision used during the period	2.813.441	2.929.139
	(4.249.622)	(6.354.348)

14. Prepaid Expenses and Deffered Income

Prepaid expenses in current assets	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Order advances given for inventories	52.686.348	30.959.216
Prepaid expenses	15.635.821	5.523.821
	68.322.169	36.483.037
Prepaid expenses in non-current assets	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Given advances	21.138.636	15.656.949
Prepaid expenses	10.790.517	11.550.975
	31.929.153	27.207.924
	30 September	31 December
Short term deferred income	2016	2015
Order advances received	24.455.691	13.264.079
Other advances received	125	116
Deferred income	10.077.081	1.745.206
	34.532.897	15.009.401
Long term deferred income	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Deferred income (*)	49.817.073	49.024.557

^(*)The amount consists of the government incentive provided by the Romania government to Glasscorp SA.

15. Construction Contracts

None (31 December 2015: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. Joint Ventures and Associates

Net asset values of Joint Ventures and associates accounted for under equity accounting method represented in the balance sheet of the associates are as follows:

Joint Ventures	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
HNG Float Glass Limited	176.071.114	159.797.741
Associates	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	21.420.167	20.714.514
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E	110.862.544	119.829.212
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	98.587.208	98.689.638
	230.869.919	239.233.364
	406.941.033	399.031.105

Movements of the investments accounted for under equity accounting method during the year are as below:

	30 September 2016	30 September 2015
1 January	399.031.105	617.439.457
The effect of the restructuring of the Group	-	6.863.379
Profit / (loss) for the period from associates (net)	17.170.508	17.780.306
Dividend income from associates	(2.171.704)	(2.571.997)
Currency translation differences	(7.088.876)	113.879.876
	406.941.033	753.391.021

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

Movements of the investments accounted for under equity accounting method during the period are as below:

<u>Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.</u>	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current assets	9.191.627	9.102.559
Non - current assets	341.733.232	341.818.187
Total Assets	350.924.859	350.920.746
Current liabilities	639.106	271.053
Non - current liabilities	_	-
Total Liabilities	639.106	271.053
Net Assets (including goodwill)	350.285.753	350.649.693
Group share		
-Direct and indirect ownership ratio (%)	28,14	28,14
-Effective ownership ratio (%)	28,14	28,14
Group share in net assets (including goodwill)	98.587.208	98.689.638
	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Revenue	-	-
Net profit / (loss) from continuing operations	1.236.060	1.572.349
Other comprehensive income loss	-	-
Total comprehensive loss	1.236.060	1.572.349
The Group's share in profit / (loss) from continuing operations	347.886	442.534
Dividend distribution from retained earnings	1.600.000	1.800.000
Dividend distributed to company's share	450.317	506.333

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current assets	60.492.530	58.964.881
Non - current assets	9.026.751	10.157.258
Total assets	69.519.281	69.122.139
Current liabilities	6.503.281	8.247.993
Non - current liabilities	798.232	706.041
Total liabilities	7.301.513	8.954.034
Net assets (including goodwill)	62.217.768	60.168.105
Group share		
- Direct and indirect ownership ratio (%)	34,43	34,43
- Effective ownership ratio (%)	34,43	34,43
Group share in net assets (including goodwill)	21.420.167	20.714.514
	1 January- 30 September	1 January- 30 September
	2016	2015
Revenue	37.003.249	36.928.635
Net profit from continuing operations	7.049.663	5.370.697
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	7.049.663	5.370.697
The Group's share in profit from continuing operations	2.427.041	1.849.009
Dividend distribution from retained earnings	5.000.000	6.000.000
Dividend distributed to company's share	1.721.387	2.065.664

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current assets	111.954.024	115.969.544
Non - current assets	396.833.926	454.516.657
Total assets	508.787.950	570.486.201
Current liabilities	120.712.740	139.398.223
Non - current liabilities	18.701.067	31.838.500
Total liabilities	139.413.807	171.236.723
Net assets (including goodwill)	369.374.143	399.249.478
Group share		
- Direct and indirect ownership ratio (%)	30,01	30,01
- Effective ownership ratio (%)	30,01	30,01
Group share in net assets (including goodwill)	110.862.544	119.829.212
	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Revenue	44.794.091	118.900.712
Net profit / (loss) from continuing operations	8.257.276	(16.886.304)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	(38.132.611)	62.242.258
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(29.875.335)	45.355.954
The Group's share in profit / (loss) from continuing operations	2.478.307	(5.068.191)
Capital increases in the period	-	25.944.625
The Group's share in cash capital increase	-	6.823.350

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

HNG Float Glass Limited	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Current assets	87.660.343	54.344.999
- Cash and cash equivalents	1.112.290	1.634.925
- Trade receivables	9.880.584	14.650.320
Non - current assets	398.799.725	405.148.306
Total assets	486.460.068	459.493.305
Current liabilities	56.622.255	73.618.794
- Short term financial liabilities	23.328.224	44.230.069
Non - current liabilities	77.695.586	66.279.029
- Long term financial liabilities	51.781.582	44.347.974
Total liabilities	134.317.841	139.897.823
Net assets (including goodwill)	352.142.227	319.595.482
Group share		
- Direct and indirect ownership ratio (%)	50,00	50,00
- Effective ownership ratio (%)	50,00	50,00
Group share in net assets (including goodwill)	176.071.114	159.797.741
	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Revenue	113.821.257	158.282.806
Interest income	30.635	388.537
Interest expense	4.935.787	10.305.316
Depreciation expense	10.378.002	13.948.348
Tax expense	4.067.697	-
Net profit from continuing operations	23.834.548	8.601.209
Other comprehensive income	8.712.197	68.418.234
Total comprehensive income	32.546.745	77.019.443
The Group's share in profit / (loss) from continuing operations	11.917.274	4.300.604

17. Investment Properties

None (31 December 2015: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

18. Property, Plant And Equipments

Cost	Land	Land improvemen ts	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Furnitures and fixtures	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
1 January	410.493.388	98.956.732	885.548.562	2.620.285.755	42.107.715	134.028.909	43.567.222	179.324.176	4.414.312.459
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency translation differences	1.813.953	4.473.224	62.848.968	97.348.323	1.995.309	2.716.051	1.813.994	4.781.732	177.791.554
Additions	-	-	250.900	2.516.629	276.819	1.499.420	680.496	156.902.978	162.127.242
Disposals	(6.002.040)	(8.000)	(701.480)	(18.568.239)	(660.745)	(1.367.791)	(1.487.897)	-	(28.796.192)
Transfers from construction in progress	-	1.113.594	7.911.375	168.286.439	1.611.047	9.341.263	4.843.290	(193.107.008)	
Balance at 30 September 2016	406.305.301	104.535.550	955.858.325	2.869.868.907	45.330.145	146.217.852	49.417.105	147.901.878	4.725.435.063
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
1 January	(7.832.469)	(42.175.049)	(8.189.857)	(1.528.641.553)	(23.981.417)	(99.395.621)	(24.493.033)	-	(1.734.708.999)
Currency translation differences	(451.570)	(526.203)	(1.223.100)	(30.853.370)	(1.070.693)	(1.770.313)	(499.513)	-	(36.394.762)
Charge for the period (*)	-	(3.141.672)	(19.494.847)	(139.515.394)	(3.879.714)	(7.611.254)	(3.782.040)	-	(177.424.921)
Disposals	-	711	19.175	17.861.854	613.271	984.569	234.012	-	19.713.592
Balance at 30 September 2016	(8.284.039)	(45.842.213)	(28.888.629)	(1.681.148.463)	(28.318.553)	(107.792.619)	(28.540.574)	-	(1.928.815.090)
Net Book Value as of 30 September 2016	398.021.262	58.693.337	926.969.696	1.188.720.444	17.011.592	38.425.233	20.876.531	147.901.878	2.796.619.973
Net Book Value as of 31 December 2015	402.660.919	56.781.683	877.358.705	1.091.644.202	18.126.298	34.633.288	19.074.189	179.324.176	2.679.603.460

^(*) Current period allocation of depreciation expense is disclosed in Note 28 and Note 30. No mortgage over lands and buildings due to bank borrowings exist (31 December 2015: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

18. Property, Plant And Equipments (Continued)

Cost	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Furnitures and fixtures	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
1 January	25.622.894	64.615.413	692.819.455	1.808.575.666	15.301.790	114.389.322	36.460.019	208.529.813	2.966.314.372
Reclassification	-	-	1.892.526	511.253	326.332	9.772	3.344	(2.743.227)	-
Currency translation differences	4.535.605	1.470.463	46.944.905	63.838.866	588.870	4.836.984	1.805.362	19.074.942	143.095.997
Additions	-	-	327.352	7.263.409	2.999	1.565.439	1.553.636	162.091.685	172.804.520
Disposals	-	-	(121.248)	(27.435.727)	(426.115)	(8.167.659)	(2.574.834)	-	(38.725.583)
Transfers from assets held for sale	3.193.032	-	3.460.504	-	-	-	-	-	6.653.536
Transfers from construction in progress		2.499.722	47.120.021	174.517.063	1.134.794	5.249.968	7.846.608	(238.368.176)	
Balance at 30 September 2015	33.351.531	68.585.598	792.443.515	2.027.270.530	16.928.670	117.883.826	45.094.135	148.585.037	3.250.142.842
Accumulated depreciation and impairment 1 January		(34.061.671)	(170.324.872)	(1.118.658.469)	(7.028.100)	(92.315.419)	(20.945.820)		(1.443.334.351)
Reclassification		316.845	793.133	(597.011)	(512.967)	(92.313.419)	(20.943.820)	-	(1.445.554.551)
Currency translation differences		(29.296)	(11.238.257)	(16.741.839)	(331.070)	(4.153.823)	(693.634)	_	(33.187.919)
Charge for the period (*)	_	(2.136.327)	(14.058.948)	(98.391.367)	(2.016.875)	(4.940.527)	(4.003.714)	-	(125.547.758)
Disposals	-	-	121.248	27.113.876	426.115	7.931.838	1.322.556	-	36.915.633
Balance at 30 September 2015	_	(35.910.449)	(194.707.696)	(1.207.274.810)	(9.462.897)	(93.477.931)	(24.320.612)	-	(1.565.154.395)
Net book value as of 30 September 2015	33.351.531	32.675.149	597.735.819	819.995.720	7.465.773	24.405.895	20.773.523	148.585.037	1.684.988.447
Net book value as of 31 December 2014	25.622.894	30.553.742	522.494.583	689,917,197	8.273.690	22.073.903	15.514.199	208.529.813	1.522.980.021

^(*) Current period allocation of depreciation expense is disclosed in Note 28 and Note 30.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

19. Intangible Assets

Cost	Rights(*)	Others	Total
1 January	60.876.281	8.010.704	68.886.985
Currency translation differences	3.285.597	425.917	3.711.514
Additions	804.241	1.360.967	2.165.208
Disposals	(94.500)	(35.917)	(130.417)
Balance at 30 September 2016	64.871.619	9.761.671	74.633.290
Accumulated depreciation			
1 January	(44.268.262)	(4.625.645)	(48.893.907)
Currency translation differences	(2.328.302)	(259.165)	(2.587.467)
Change for the period	(5.386.455)	(951.096)	(6.337.551)
Disposals	94.500	20.965	115.465
Balance at 30 September 2016	(51.888.519)	(5.814.941)	(57.703.460)
Net book value as of 30 September 2016	12.983.100	3.946.730	16.929.830
Net book value as of 31 December 2015	16.608.019	3.385.059	19.993.078
Cost	Rights	Others	Total
1 January	54.513.346	3.441.651	57.954.997
Currency translation differences	9.695.362	572.654	10.268.016
		922 972	2.033.322
Addition	1.200.450	832.872	2.033.322
Addition Disposals	1.200.450 (1.037.078)	(130.087)	(1.167.165)
Disposals	(1.037.078)	(130.087)	(1.167.165)
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015	(1.037.078)	(130.087)	(1.167.165)
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015 Accumulated depreciation	(1.037.078) 64.372.080	(130.087) 4.717.090	(1.167.165) 69.089.170
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015 Accumulated depreciation 1 January	(1.037.078) 64.372.080 (33.712.746)	(130.087) 4.717.090 (1.800.274)	(1.167.165) 69.089.170 (35.513.020)
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015 Accumulated depreciation 1 January Currency translation differences	(1.037.078) 64.372.080 (33.712.746) (6.382.297)	(130.087) 4.717.090 (1.800.274) (357.884)	(1.167.165) 69.089.170 (35.513.020) (6.740.181)
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015 Accumulated depreciation 1 January Currency translation differences Change for the period	(1.037.078) 64.372.080 (33.712.746) (6.382.297) (5.817.160)	(130.087) 4.717.090 (1.800.274) (357.884) (398.819)	(1.167.165) 69.089.170 (35.513.020) (6.740.181) (6.215.979)
Disposals Balance at 30 September 2015 Accumulated depreciation 1 January Currency translation differences Change for the period Disposals	(1.037.078) 64.372.080 (33.712.746) (6.382.297) (5.817.160) 1.030.268	(130.087) 4.717.090 (1.800.274) (357.884) (398.819) 2.970	(1.167.165) 69.089.170 (35.513.020) (6.740.181) (6.215.979) 1.033.238

^(*) Allocation of depreciation expense is disclosed in Note 28 and Note 30.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

20. Goodwill

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	22.591.024	20.258.514
Currency translation differences	1.643.308	4.536.276
	24.234.332	24.794.790
	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Fritz Holding GmbH	4.889.964	4.623.408
Glasscorp S.A.	19.344.368	17.967.616
	24.234.332	22.591.024

21. Government Grants

An agreement for government incentive was signed between Glasscorp S.A and Ministry of Economy and Energy on behalf of the Republic of Romania under "Regulation of Investment Incentive and Implementation" of Romania and "Government Incentive Legislation" of European Union.

Exports and other foreign currency denominated operations, within the scope of the standards determined by the Ministry of Finance and Undersecretaries of Foreign Trade, are exempt from stamp tax and fees. Government grants are paid to support participating in international fairs in accordance with the Decision No: 2004/11 of the Money Credit and Coordination Committee issued at 16 December 2004.

22. Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provisions

Short term provisions	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Provision for litigation	16.535.002	18.532.614
Provision for outsourced services	1.938.199	292.006
Provision for personnel allowance	4.011.914	3.432.598
Bonus provisions	21.308.005	2.185.128
Other	1.492.512	2.719.112
	45.285.632	27.161.458

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Letters of guarantees given	30.231.238	41.955.119
Promissory notes and securities given	1.265.847.711	1.148.514.804
Other	2.776.461	3.056.904
	1.298.855.410	1.193.526.827

As of 30 September 2016, Group management took advice from legal consultants about the lawsuits filed against the Group, calculated its potential future cash outflow as TRY 16.535.002 (2015: TRY 18.532.614) and set aside a provision for this amount. The provision amount was recognised under general management expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

22. Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Collaterals, pledges and mortgages "CPM" given by the Company as of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 are as follows:

	30 September 2016			
The CPM's given by the Company	TRY Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
A. CPM's given in the name of its own legal personality (*)	14.281.031	1.960.000	2.000.000	1.687.467
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully consolidated companies	535.599.380	2.334.438	144.491.139	42.999.818
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	748.975.000	250.000.000	-	-
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the majority shareholder	748.975.000	250.000.000	-	-
ii. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-	-	-
iii. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	
Total	1.298.855.410	254.294.438	146.491.139	44.687.284

Percentage of CPM's given by the Company to the Company's equities is 22% as of 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: 38%).

The financial of the Group are met by the parent company, Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. and these funds are proceed to subsidiaries with same conditions.

The Group has provide guarantee for repayment of the principal and interest of 250 million USD, TRİ presented under the Table D-i "In Favor of the Parent Company", which was funded by the of Şişecam's bond issue on 9 May 2013 which amounts to 500 million USD with 7-years maturity. As of 30 September 2016, The group doesn't give guaraantee in favor of third parties.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

22. Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

_	31 December 2015			
The CPM's given by the Company	TRY Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
A. CPM's given in the name of its own legal personality	27.483.125	3.920.000	4.000.000	3.374.933
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully consolidated companies	439.143.702	2.765.455	122.295.014	42.498.229
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	726.900.000	250.000.000	-	-
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the majority shareholder	726.900.000	250.000.000	-	-
ii. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-	-	-
iii. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	-
Total	1.193.526.827	256.685.455	126.295.014	45.873.162

23. Commitments

According to agreements made with Türkiye Petrolleri Anonim Ortaklığı. Polatlı O.S.B. and Mersin O.S.B., the Group has a commitment to purchase 40.284.632 sm³ natural gas purchase commitment between 1 July and 31 December 2016 (31 December 2015: 198.788.829 sm3).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

24. Employee Benefits

Short Term	30 September 2016	
Unused vacation provisions	1.023.066	1.710.580
Long Term		
Provision for employee termination benefits	30 September 2016	
Domestic	62.450.254	58.227.883
Foreign	2.674.069	2.350.124
	65.124.323	60.578.007

Long Term (Provision for employment termination benefits)

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Group is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee who has qualified for such benefits as the employment ended. Also, employees who are entitled to a retirement are required to be paid retirement pay in accordance with Law No: 2422 dated 6 March 1981 and No: 4447 dated 25 August 1999 and the amended Article 60 of the existing Social Insurance Code No: 506. Some transition provisions related to the preretirement service term were excluded from the law since the related law was changed as of 23 May 2002.

The monthly ceiling of employee termination benefit to be paid as of 30 September 2016 is TRY 4.297,21 (31 December 2015: TRY 4.092, 53).

Liability of employment termination benefits is not subject to any funding as there isn't an obligation. Provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the Group's obligation under the defined benefit plans. The following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of the total liability. Actuarial loss/ (gain) are accounted in the income statement under the cost of sales and operating expenses.

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 the provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees.

Provisions at the balance sheet date were calculated by assuming an annual inflation rate of 5,00% (31 December 2015: 5,00%) and a discount rate of 10,13% (31 December 2015: 10,13%), the real discount rate is approximately 4,89% (31 December 2015: 4,89%). The anticipated rate of forfeitures that occurred on voluntary turnovers is considered.

The movement of the employement termination benefits is as follows:

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	60.578.007	54.781.311
Service cost	8.026.106	8.508.291
Interest cost	2.319.001	1.720.687
Currency translation differences	140.530	337.244
Paid during the period	(5.939.321)	(4.744.718)
	65.124.323	60.602.815

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

25. Impairment of assets

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Provision for doubtful receivables	22.645.236	20.063.178
Provision for impairment of inventory	4.249.622	4.977.745
	26.894.858	25.040.923

26. Other Assets And Liabilities

Other current assets	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Other VAT	22.898.406	32.839.115
Other	5.599.970	1.579.962
	28.498.376	34.419.077

Other current liabilities	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Taxes and funds payables	15.476.605	8.262.111
Social security premiums payable	9.560.251	7.450.021
Social benefit payable	8.223.878	5.457.738
Expense accruals	26.847.185	13.621.057
Other	4.839.342	1.430.660
	64.947.261	36.221.587

27. Capital, Reserves and Other Equity Items

Equity components "Paid-in Share Capital", "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premiums", are accounted as legal reserves in accordance with related Article of the Turkish Commercial Code and are presented with in the statutory financial statements. The differences, that are recognized through the valuation made in accordance with CMB Reporting Standards and cannot be subject to dividend distribution or capital increase as of reporting date (such as inflation adjustment differences) and relevant to the paid-in share capital, are associated with "Adjustments to Share Capital" which is under paid-in share capital and the differences resulting from the "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premiums" are associated with "Retained Earnings.

a) Capital / Treasury Shares

The approved and paid-in capital of the Company consists of 93.000.000.000 (31 December 2015: 89.500.000.000) shares issued on bearer with a nominal value of Kr 1 (Kr one) each.

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Registered capital ceiling	1.500.000.000	1.500.000.000
Approved and paid-in capital	930.000.000	895.000.000

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

27. Capital, Reserves and Other Equity Items (Continued)

a) Capital / Treasury Shares (continued)

Shareholder structure as of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	30 September 2016		31 December 2015	
Shareholders	Amount TRY	Share (%)	Amount TRY	Share (%)
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	645.234.000	69,38	620.990.718	69,38
Publicly traded	281.046.000	30,22	270.419.490	30,22
Şişecam group companies	3.720.000	0,40	3.589.792	0,40
Paid - in share capital	930.000.000	100,00	895.000.000	100,00
Adjustment to share capital	5.576.528	-	5.576.528	-
Total share capital	935.576.528		900.576.528	

Ultimate shareholders of the Company, indirectly, are as follows:

	30 September 2016		31 December 2015	
Shareholders	Amount TRY	Share (%)	Amount TRY	Share (%)
T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Munzam Sosyal	IKI	(70)	IKI	(/0)
Güvenlik ve Yardımlaşma Sandığı Vakfı	224.776.479	24,17	216.317.149	24,17
Atatürk Hisseleri (Cumhuriyet Halk Partisi)	119.949.051	12,90	115.434.839	12,90
Other (Publicly traded)	585.274.470	62,93	563.248.012	62,93
Total	930.000.000	100,00	895.000.000	100,00

b) Share Premium

It determines the difference between the nominal price and the sales price of the shares publicly traded. It is TRY 22.703 as of 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: TRY 22.703).

c) Other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to profit or loss

Revaluation funds that are unrelated with income statement is directly transferred to equity as follows:

	30 September	31 December
Items not be reclassified to profit and loss	2016	2015
Fixed assets revaluation fund	463.296.677	468.315.915
- Fixed assets revaluation fund	463.296.677	468.315.915
Actuarial gain / loss revaluation fund for employee		
termination provisions	(504.327)	(504.327)
	462.792.350	467.811.588

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

27. Capital, Reserves and Other Equity Items (Continued)

c) Other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to profit or loss (continued)

Provision for employee termination benefits actuarial gain / loss reserve fund

The amendment in IAS-19 "Employee Benefits" does not permit the actuarial gain/loss considered in the calculation of provision for employee termination benefits to be accounted for under the statement of income. The gains and losses arising from the changes in the actuarial assumption have been accounted for by "Revaluation Funds" under the equity.

The movement of the gain/loss on revaluation and remeasurement is as follows:

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	(504.327)	(2.671.683)
Additions	-	-
	(504.327)	(2.671.683)

d) Other Comprehensive Income to be reclassified to profit or loss

Movements in revaluation funds presented in the statements of comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity.

Currency translation differences

It arises from exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates to reporting currency of TRY and accounted for under equity.

TRY 8.355.988 of the change in the currency translation difference relates to non-controlling interests (31 December 2015; TRY 17.310.249).

Revaluation fund related to financial assets

The revaluation fund related to financial assets arises from the measurement of available-for-sale financial assets at their fair value (Note: 7). In case of disposal of assets carried at fair value, the cumulative gain or loss related to that assets previously recognized in other comprehensive income will recycle to the profit or loss for the period. In case of impairment of financial assets, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity is included in the profit or loss for the period.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of Soda Sanayi A.Ş. shares transferred to the Group regarding the partial spin off of Mersin Cogeneration plant owned by Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş., one of the Group's associates, has been accounted under revaluation funds.

	30 September	31 December
Kar veya zararda yeniden sınıflandırılacaklar	2016	2015
Financial asset revaluation fund	-	238.169.435
Currency translation differences	131.457.341	55.493.876
	131.457.341	293.663.311

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

27. Capital, Reserves and Other Equity Items (Continued)

e) Restricted Reserves

Retained earnings in the statutory financial statements can be distributed as dividends other than judgments related to legal reserves described below.

Legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, calculated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is calculated as 5% of the financial statutory profits per annum until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is calculated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions; however, holding companies are not subject to this application.

Publicly held corporations make their dividend distributions within the framework set forth in the standards and notifications published by Capital Markets Board.

Legal Reserves "Share Premiums" in the legal reserve status and legal reserves allocated for specific purposes (participation sales revenue allocated to obtain tax advantage) other than profit distribution allocated within the framework of the related Clause of Turkish Commercial Code are reflected as their recorded amounts. Within this scope, differences arising in the evaluations made within the framework of TFRS principles and inflation adjustments not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as by the report date are related with previous year's profits/losses.

	30 September	31 December
Restricted reserves attributable to equity holders of the Parent	2016	2015
Legal reserves	137.116.142	132.433.402

f) Retained Earnings

Prior periods' income of the Group amounting to TRY 967.227.268 is classified to retained earnings in the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: TRY 935.629.817).

Profit Distribution

Dividends are distributed according to Communiqué Serial: II-19.1 on "Principles Regarding Distribution of Interim Dividends for quoted entities subject to Capital Market Board Law", principles on corporate articles and dividend distribution policy which is declared by Companies. In addition to the CMB, it is stipulated that companies which have the obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements, calculate the net distributable profit amount by taking into account the net profits for the period in the consolidated financial statements that will be prepared and announced to the public in accordance with the Communiqué II-14.1 that sufficient reserves exists in the unconsolidated statutory books.

Halka açık ortaklıklarda kar payı, dağıtım tarihi itibarıyla mevcut payların tümüne, bunların ihraç ve iktisap tarihleri dikkate alınmaksızın payları oranında eşit olarak dağıtılır.

Reserves subject to distribution of dividend

The profit shares in quoted partnerships are distributed to all available shared as of distribution date, equally at the rates of shares without considering the issue and acquisition dates.

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Net profit for the year	358.279.549	97.759.054
I. Legal reserves	(17.913.977)	(4.887.953)
Distributable profit for the period	340.365.572	92.871.101
Extraordinary reserves	548.877.533	524.146.901
Retained earnings	92.871.101	254.150.067
	982.114.206	871.168.069

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

28. Revenue and Cost of Sales

Sales	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Sales	2.194.129.145	1.615.783.973	743.446.484	550.770.053
Sales discount	(126.842.233)	(110.312.885)	(35.920.797)	(36.802.336)
Sales returns	(12.159.363)	(9.855.635)	(3.486.133)	(4.305.355)
Other sales discounts	(1.488.956)	(2.626.582)	(150.052)	(2.203.248)
	2.053.638.593	1.492.988.871	703.889.502	507.459.114

	1 January-	1 January-	1 July-	1 July-
Cost of sales	30 September 2016	30 September 2015	30 September 2016	30 September 2015
Cost of sales	2010	2015	2010	2015
Direct materials	(899.323.393)	(723.314.266)	(287.131.865)	(238.173.073)
Direct labor	(139.756.758)	(97.456.732)	(59.110.593)	(33.314.728)
General production	(307.686.129)	(203.593.597)	(130.552.458)	(67.956.924)
Depreciation	(159.679.466)	(117.769.582)	(54.027.965)	(38.361.007)
Change in work - in - progress inventories	4.475.609	14.550.885	(4.346.875)	3.243.458
Change in finished goods inventories	73.378.785	45.349.248	44.093.521	4.521.922
Cost of goods sold	(1.428.591.352)	(1.082.234.044)	(491.076.235)	(370.040.352)
Cost of traded goods sold	(17.261.603)	(25.020.215)	(8.926.880)	(11.303.652)
Cost of services given	(9.110.342)	(9.475)	(3.130.944)	
	(1.454.963.297)	(1.107.263.734)	(503.134.059)	(381.344.004)

29. General Administrative Expenses, Marketing Expenses, Research and Development Expenses

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
General administrative expenses Marketing, selling and distribution	(181.564.547)	(149.959.974)	(54.225.306)	(58.723.658)
expenses	(231.360.283)	(147.684.561)	(80.990.280)	(45.740.622)
Research and development expenses	(21.989.789)	(20.200.558)	(3.929.358)	(4.718.877)
	(434.914.619)	(317.845.093)	(139.144.944)	(109.183.157)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

30. Expense by Nature

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Indirect material costs	(10.109.138)	(5.640.741)	(3.537.929)	(1.500.404)
Employee benefit expenses	(130.649.444)	(118.220.362)	(44.698.736)	(50.755.948)
Outsourced services	(194.834.585)	(116.331.784)	(58.971.166)	(31.876.994)
Miscellaneous expenses	(75.238.444)	(63.658.051)	(23.799.390)	(20.193.809)
Depreciation and amortization	(24.083.008)	(13.994.155)	(8.137.723)	(4.856.002)
	(434.914.619)	(317.845.093)	(139.144.944)	(109.183.157)

31. Other Operating Income and Expenses

	1 January-	1 January-	1 July-	1 July-
Other operating income	30 September 2016	30 September 2015	30 September 2016	30 September 2015
Gain on sales of mould and material	5.909.223	4.608.351	2.807.174	161.007
Service share income	-	4.560.707	-	4.560.707
Gain on sales of scrap	4.217.384	2.275.120	1.615.156	326.688
Rent income	1.207.326	558.331	53.565	183.434
Insurance damage indemnity	2.485.005	2.672.682	826.016	597.216
Franchise income	17.375	179.151	-	179.151
Terminated provisions (*)	7.141.219	1.303.927	(1.534.649)	85.903
Commission income	-	2.488.243	-	885.099
Finance income related to operating activities	41.966.318	51.687.371	19.039.426	25.132.262
Prior period income and profits	6.264.935	6.237.109	2.634.107	3.272.162
Investment incentive income	2.837.205	2.029.224	958.673	2.029.224
Other	6.150.348	4.798.067	2.534.208	186.352
	78.196.337	83.398.283	28.933.675	37.599.205

	1 January- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Other operating expenses	2016	2015	2016	2015
Financing expense related to operating				_
activities	(14.709.263)	(16.755.360)	-	(7.210.397)
Provision expenses	(9.165.453)	(8.415.268)	(1.884.220)	(1.424.397)
Commission expenses	(6.373.488)	(4.587.432)	(3.170.467)	(1.497.025)
Prior period expenses and losses	(3.736.098)	(2.647.765)	(626.002)	(1.104.529)
Loss on sales of scrap	(2.442.026)	(1.936.594)	(1.097.381)	(1.560.753)
Indemnities	(1.087.906)	(1.675.356)	-	(1.607.371)
Other	(4.326.236)	(2.700.957)	(1.372.083)	(381.463)
	(41.840.470)	(38.718.732)	(8.150.153)	(14.785.935)

^(*) Provisions have been revised period between 1 July and 30 September.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

32. Income and Expenses From Investing Activities

Income from investing activities	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Gain on sale of marketable securities	288.919.770	14.503	4.677.840	-
Dividend income	24.445.311	6.111.329	-	-
Gain on sales of tangible assets	6.015.264	4.163.445	3.838.027	266.730
	319.380.345	10.289.277	8.515.867	266.730

	1 January- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Expense from investing activities	2016	2015	2016	2015
Loss on sales of tangible assets	(455.219)	(207.110)	(288.470)	(59.057)

33. Financial Income and Expenses

Financial Income	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Foreign exchange income	142.811.078	368.331.347	58.361.748	188.843.465
- Cash and cash equivalents	124.659.612	338.769.640	53.199.179	191.572.840
- Borrowings	3.523.279	3.390.723	1.635.231	2.321.988
- Bonds issued	-	-	(3.508.780)	-
- Derivatives	24.721	1.598.330	24.721	1.254.222
- Other	14.603.466	24.572.654	7.011.397	(6.305.585)
Interest income	40.364.120	20.683.859	18.571.318	5.179.737
- Time deposits	29.070.616	17.353.065	14.205.357	6.440.913
- Other	11.293.504	3.330.794	4.365.961	(1.261.176)
	183.175.198	389.015.206	76.933.066	194.023.202

Financial Expenses	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Foreign exchange expense	(149.539.551)	(318.166.915)	(66.630.492)	(164.169.453)
- Cash and cash equivalents	(92.103.886)	(35.096.192)	(20.578.773)	(14.088.147)
- Borrowings	(19.561.135)	(79.382.794)	(15.721.791)	(56.665.541)
- Bond issued	(22.075.000)	(181.100.000)	(22.066.220)	(89.250.000)
- Other	(15.799.530)	(22.587.929)	(8.263.708)	(4.165.765)
Interest expense	(66.668.531)	(69.599.909)	(24.358.120)	(24.503.252)
- Borrowings	(28.517.000)	(31.637.345)	(9.138.848)	(9.101.424)
- Bonds	(23.819.068)	(23.190.181)	(8.209.996)	(8.529.307)
- Other	(14.332.463)	(14.772.383)	(7.009.276)	(6.872.521)
	(216.208.082)	(387.766.824)	(90.988.612)	(188.672.705)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

33. Financial Income and Expenses (Continued)

Financial Income Expense (Net)	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015	1 July- 30 September 2016	1 July- 30 September 2015
Foreign exchange expense	(6.728.473)	50.164.432	(8.268.744)	24.674.012
- Cash and cash equivalents	32.555.726	303.673.448	32.620.406	177.484.693
- Borrowings	(16.037.856)	(75.992.071)	(14.086.560)	(54.343.553)
- Bond issued	(22.075.000)	(181.100.000)	(25.575.000)	(89.250.000)
- Derivatives	24.721	1.598.330	24.721	1.254.222
- Other	(1.196.064)	1.984.725	(1.252.311)	(10.471.350)
Interest expense	(26.304.411)	(48.916.050)	(5.786.802)	(19.323.515)
- Time deposits and borrowings	553.616	(14.284.280)	5.066.509	(2.660.511)
- Bonds	(23.819.068)	(23.190.181)	(8.209.996)	(8.529.307)
- Other	(3.038.959)	(11.441.589)	(2.643.315)	(8.133.697)
	(33.032.884)	1.248.382	(14.055.546)	5.350.497

34. Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations

None (31 December 2015: None).

35. Taxes on Income (Including Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities)

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the temporary differences between financial statements as reported in accordance with CMB and its tax base of statutory financial statements. These differences usually result in the recognition of revenue and expense items in different periods for CMB and statutory tax purposes.

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company, its subsidiaries and joint ventures to file a consolidated tax return, therefore, tax liabilities, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis. In this respect deferred tax assets and liabilities of consolidated entities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not offset.

	2016	2015
Deferred tax assets	44.596.608	94.318.412
Deferred tax liabilities (-)	(39.187.748)	(107.647.585)
Deferred tax assets (net)	5.408.860	(13.329.173)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

35. Taxes on Income (Including Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities) (Continued)

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Temporary Differences	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets	554.143.234	540.609.493
Carry forward tax losses	(189.800.573)	(156.256.566)
Employment termination benefits	(65.124.323)	(60.578.007)
Revaluation of inventories	2.552.868	(4.344.179)
Investment allowance utilized during the period	(350.324.310)	(337.750.467)
Discount on receivables and payables	(338.749)	(1.972.157)
Provision for legal exposures	(2.648.177)	(1.560.229)
Doubtful receivables	(13.052.265)	(11.210.000)
Differences in the valuation of financial assets available for sale	-	267.250.911
Other	(11.665.748)	(229.647)
	(76.258.043)	233.959.152
Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets	-	
	2016	2015
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets	2016 90.662.464	2015 91.236.238
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses	2016 90.662.464 (10.078.726)	2015 91.236.238 (9.081.785)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits	2016 90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758)	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits Revaluation of inventories	2016 90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758) 611.275	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589) (224.800)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits Revaluation of inventories Investment allowance utilized during the period	90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758) 611.275 (70.064.862)	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589) (224.800) (67.550.093)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits Revaluation of inventories Investment allowance utilized during the period Discount on receivables and payables	90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758) 611.275 (70.064.862) (67.750)	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589) (224.800) (67.550.093) (394.432)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits Revaluation of inventories Investment allowance utilized during the period Discount on receivables and payables Provision for legal exposures	2016 90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758) 611.275 (70.064.862) (67.750) (529.635)	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589) (224.800) (67.550.093) (394.432) (312.046)
Useful life and valuation differences on tangible and intangible assets Carry forward tax losses Employment termination benefits Revaluation of inventories Investment allowance utilized during the period Discount on receivables and payables Provision for legal exposures Doubtful receivables	2016 90.662.464 (10.078.726) (12.949.758) 611.275 (70.064.862) (67.750) (529.635)	91.236.238 (9.081.785) (12.044.589) (224.800) (67.550.093) (394.432) (312.046) (2.175.746)

The movement of the deferred tax (assets) / liabilities is as follows:

	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
1 January	(13.329.173)	19.554.204
Charged to the statement of income	5.111.176	2.910.017
Charged to the equity	12.535.234	(5.169.981)
Currency translation differences	1.091.623	(716.466)
	(5.408.860)	(16.577.774)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

35. Taxes on Income (Including Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities) (Continued)

Corporate tax

The Group is subject to Turkish corporate taxes. Tax legislation in Turkey does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses, and by deducting the revenues exempted from tax, non-taxable revenues and other discounts (if any previous year losses and preferred investment allowances) are deducted.

The effective tax rate is 20% with the balance sheet date (31 December 2015: 20%).

The principal tax rates (%) of the tax authorities in each country used to calculate deferred taxes as of 30 September 2016 are as follows:

Country	Tax Rate (%)
Bulgaria	10,0
Egypt	20,0
Romania	16,0
Russia (*)	2,0-20,0
Holland (**)	20,0-25,0
Germany	15,0
India	30,0

- (*) Russia's Tatarstan region is used tax rate of 2,0%, in the other regions are used tax rate 20,0%.
- (**) In Holland, tax rate of 20% is used up to amounting EUR 200.000 income, if exceed this amount, tax rate of 25% is used.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. In 2016, 20% of temporary tax rate is applied during the taxation of corporate income (31 December 2015: 20%).

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns between 1 - 25 April following the close of the accounting year to which they relate (Companies with special accounting periods file their tax returns between 1- 25 of the fourth month subsequent to the fiscal year end). Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

Losses can be carried forward for offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years (Russia 10 years, Romania 7 years, Germany 10 years). Losses cannot be carried back for offset against profits from prior periods.

With the term of not exceeding the companies subsidiary Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD's investments more than %50 which operations take place in Bulgaria, the company can benefit from tax allowance. Company has benefited from the tax allowance in year 2016 and 2015.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

35. Taxes on Income (Including Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities) (Continued)

Corporate tax (continued)

Income Withholding Tax

In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes and funds surcharge on any dividends distributed, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey and Turkish branches of foreign companies. This rate was changed to 15% for all Companies as of 23 July 2006. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding tax.

A tax charge of 19.8% applies to investment incentives that were utilized via investment incentive certificates that were obtained before 24 April 2003. After this date, 40% of investment expenses incurred without an incentive certificate can be deducted from taxable revenue. There is no tax charge for capital expenditures qualifying for government incentive.

Investment Incentive

Investment allowances are not applicable after 1 January 2006. If companies' taxable incomes are not sufficient, the amount of unused investment allowance as of 31 December 2005 and the incentive allowances incurred from 1 January 2006 onwards, can be transferred to the following years in order to be deducted from the taxable revenues of the following years.

Law No.6009 published on 1 August 2010 allows for unused investment allowances to be used in future periods without limitation. However, the determination of the tax base that can be used for %25 of the earnings for the period. 20% corporate tax is calculated on earnings after deducting investment incentives. The arrangements made with the Law No.6009 came into force in 1 August 2010 to be applied on income for the year 2010.

Corporate Tax Allowance Practice

Tax provision in the statement of income

Corporate tax allowances can be taken for regional implementation of investments and large scale investments in accordance with Decision No: 2009/15199 of the Government Subsidies for Investments, and the framework of 5520 Corporate Income Tax Law No. 32/A. These allowances are used to reduce tax payable until the investment amount as calculated based on an incentive rate in the incentive certificate is reached. An allowance for VAT and custom tax can be utilized in accordance with incentive certificates in line with the same decision.

30 September

(35.919.386)

31 December

(33.867.167)

	2016	2015
Current tax provision	41.030.562	49.094.622
Prepaid taxes and funds (-)	(30.732.863)	(33.217.589)
Tax provision in the statement of the financial position	10.297.699	15.877.033
	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Provision for Corporate Tax for current period	(41.030.562)	(36.777.184)
Deferred tax income	5.111.176	2.910.017

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

35. Taxes on Income (Including Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities) (Continued)

Corparate Tax (continued)

Reconciliation of provision for tax	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Profit before taxation and non-controlling interest	503.179.294	141.670.450
Effective tax rate	20,00%	20,00%
Calculated tax	(100.635.859)	(28.334.090)
The reconciliation of income tax provision and calculated		
- Non-deductible expenses	(5.939.375)	(2.551.656)
- Reduced Corporate Tax	2.514.769	347.667
- Carry forward tax losses	996.941	1.208.653
- The effect of foreign companies subject to different tax rate	12.855.413	(9.457.742)
- Exempts	45.714.925	-

8.573.800

(35.919.386)

4.920.001

(33.867.167)

36. Earnings Per Share

Tax provision in the statement of income

- Other

	1 January- 30 September	1 January- 30 September	1 July- 30 September	1 July- 30 September
Earnings per share	2016	2015	2016	2015
Average number of shares existing during the period (total value)	930.000.000	930.000.000	930.000.000	930.000.000
Net profit for the period attributable to				
equity holders of the parent	451.795.763	102.513.764	65.721.072	31.909.478
Earnings per share	0,4858	0,1102	0,0707	0,0343
				_
Total comprehensive income attributable to				
equity holders of the parent	289.589.793	313.101.902	117.076.609	72.165.953
Earnings per share from total				
comprehensive income	0,3114	0,3367	0,1259	0,0776

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. Related Party Disclosures

Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. is the main shareholder of the Group and Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. is the ultimate controlling party. All transactions and balances between the Group and its consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation and not disclosed in this note.

Transactions among the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

	30 September	31 December
Deposits held from related parties	2016	2015
T. İş Bankası A.Ş.		
- Time deposits	914.063.841	1.049.282.692
- Demand deposits	978.033	33.761.341
	915.041.874	1.083.044.033
İşbank AG		
- Demand deposits	3.796.721	3.868.304
	918.838.595	1.086.912.337

The non-trade receivables and payables of the Group with its related parties consist of financial loans given to and received from Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. and its subsidiaries. These non-trade receivables and payables do not have maturities. Interest is accrued using a monthly current account interest rate determined by Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. based on money markets. The monthly interest rate used for 30 September 2016 was 1, 09% (31 December 2015: 0, 90%).

Loans from related parties	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Şişecam Holding	70.552.235	-
Financial liabilities to related parties	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Şişecam Holding (*)	686.797.331	726.467.874

^(*) The parent company, T. Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. issued on 9 May 2013 7 year term, fixed interest bonds amounting to USD 500 million with the maturity date May 2020. The interest rate for the bonds was determined as 4.25%. The capital payment of the bond would be made at maturity date. Funds amounting to USD 250 million provided after issuance of these bonds transferred to the Group under the same conditions and the Group guaranteed principal, interest and other payments of fund transferred from T. Sise ve Cam Fabrikaları A.S.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.

Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.

Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.

Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E.

İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.

Saint Gobain Glass France S.A.

Camiş Egypt Mining Ltd. Co.

Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.

Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta A.Ş.

İş Merkezleri Yönetim Ve İşletim A.Ş.

İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.

Sisecam Sigorta Aracılık Hizmetleri A.Ş.

Camis Madencilik A.S.

Şişecam Enerji A.Ş.

Soda Sanayii A.Ş.

Related Farty Disclosures (Continued)		
Other receivables from related parties	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Anadolu Cam Yenişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	542.889	235.339
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	254.615	89.181
Paşabahçe Bulgaria EAD	4.613.686	-
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	375.002	-
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	685.723	1.308.170
Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	543.275	486.164
Paşabahçe Investment B.V.	340.981	322.394
Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.	13.300	-
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	124.155.912	-
Şişecam Sigorta Aracılık Hizmetleri A.Ş.	1.027.747	671.943
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E.	4.272.009	4.886.036
Oxyvit Kimya Sanayii Ve Tic. A.Ş.	2.222	1.640
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	_	2.214.227
Denizli Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	_	430
	136.827.361	10.215.524
Trade payables to related parties	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	49.036	-
Anadolu Cam Eskişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	62.139	16.249
Anadolu Cam Investment B.V.	38.455	36.359
Şişecam Bulgaria EOOD	10.340.099	4.832.493
Paşabahçe Bulgaria EAD	20.277	-
Camiş Ambalaj Sanayii A.Ş.	37.099	22.321
Cam Elyaf Sanayii A.Ş.	30.949	31.070
Denizli Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	390	-
Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	60.977.554	28.024.362

2.136.934

6.429.621

8.434.810

1.511.295

53.485.832

654.447

138.682

170.891

39.375

49.516

9.511

4.779.891

1.859

51.876

8.307.555

1.127.549

13.297.273

176.556

200.937

59.553

8.136.001

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

Other payables to related parties	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	163.252.099	15.808.579
Interest income from related parties	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Anadolu Cam Yenişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	46.426	13.203
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	8.942	4.428
Anadolu Cam Eskişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	10.871	-
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	3.894	_
Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	134.630	3.240
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	76.007	3.987
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	9.857	100.076
Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	69.293	35.808
Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.	989	2.384
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	8.584.826	1.843
Soda Sanayii A.Ş.	144.536	80.175
İş Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	3.911	_
T. İş Bankası A.Ş.	21.432.972	14.673.688
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E.	-	154.700
Trakya Cam Investment B.V.	_	7.993
Şişecam Enerji A.Ş.	_	3.457
Denizli Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	_	45
	30.527.154	15.085.027
	1 January- 30 September	1 January- 30 September
Interest expense to related parties	2016	2015
Anadolu Cam Yenişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	487	-
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	194.876	7.486
Anadolu Cam Eskişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	1.912	-
Camiş Ambalaj Sanayii A.Ş.	2.057	830
Cam Elyaf Sanayii A.Ş.	3.094	1.366
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	552.605	561.060
Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş.		
	403.810	41.902
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	197.907	35.774
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	197.907 990.496	
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824	35.774
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824 1.239	35.774 78.420 -
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş. Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824 1.239 7.168.219	35.774 78.420 - - 9.300.139
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş. Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Soda Sanayii A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824 1.239 7.168.219 1.549.362	35.774 78.420 - - 9.300.139 40.767
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş. Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Soda Sanayii A.Ş. İşbank AG	197.907 990.496 824 1.239 7.168.219	35.774 78.420 - 9.300.139 40.767 285.972
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş. Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Soda Sanayii A.Ş. İşbank AG T. İş Bankası A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824 1.239 7.168.219 1.549.362 3.747	35.774 78.420 - - 9.300.139 40.767
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş. Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş. Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. Soda Sanayii A.Ş. İşbank AG T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Şişecam Enerji A.Ş. Denizli Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	197.907 990.496 824 1.239 7.168.219 1.549.362 3.747	35.774 78.420 - 9.300.139 40.767 285.972 8.771.238

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Dividend income from related parties	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Soda Sanayii A.Ş.	24.445.311	6.111.328
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.		1
	24,445,311	6.111.329

Other income from related parties	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Anadolu Cam Yenişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	1.182.720	1.110.362
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	50.812	35.099
Şişecam Bulgaria EOOD	428	-
Paşabahçe Bulgaria EAD	20.954.786	-
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	73.800	68.670
Denizli Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	1.680	16.193
Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	1.424.251	-
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	7.333	12.505
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	357.950	344.153
Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	535.818	656.293
Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.	95.603	101.958
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	3.273.978	147.287
HNG Float Glass Limited	189.423	-
İşbank AG	16.036	158.209
Saint Gobain Glass France S.A.	8.954	-
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E.	-	660.442
Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD		43.971.040
	28.173.572	47.282.211

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Other expenses to related parties	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Anadolu Cam Yenişehir Sanayi A.Ş.	3.338	-
Anadolu Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	124.816	124.167
Şişecam Bulgaria EOOD	36.719.573	-
Paşabahçe Bulgaria EAD	150.496	-
Camiş Ambalaj Sanayii A.Ş.	11.297	10.323
Çayırova Cam Sanayii A.Ş.	110.430	51.300
Şişecam Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	2.468.358	1.115.301
Camiş Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	17.990.899	18.747.328
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	54.752.471	43.247.782
Camiş Egypt Mining Ltd. Co.	4.654.046	5.335.614
Paşabahçe Cam Sanayii ve Tic. A.Ş.	54.138	48.250
Paşabahçe Mağazaları A.Ş.	15.092	12.344
OOO Ruscam Glass Packaging Holding	3.527	1.804
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş.	777.419	1.238.808
Şişecam Enerji A.Ş.	52.819.108	62.625.301
Soda Sanayii A.Ş.	124.135.045	93.020.172
Saint Gobain Glass Egypt S.A.E.	714.849	716.402
Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta A.Ş.	1.844.373	-
İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	2.207.600	1.900.544
İş Merkezleri Yönetim Ve İşletim A.Ş.	715.969	763.386
İş Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	19.698	-
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	226.077	-
İşbank AG	25.198	42.658
T. İş Bankası A.Ş.	-	206.607
Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD	-	51.919.016
	300.543.817	281.127.107

⁽¹⁾ It consists of purchases of soda from Soda Sanayii

⁽⁴⁾ It consists of purchases of sand from Camiş Madencilik.

Benefits provided to key management	1 January- 30 September 2016	1 January- 30 September 2015
Parent	3.878.346	3.899.937
Consolidated entities	9.381.649	7.897.955
	13.259.995	11.797.892

Key management personnel are composed of top management, members of board of directors, general manager and general manager assistants and factory directors. The Group did not provide key management with share based payments, severance pay, retirement benefits and other long term benefits in 2016 and 2015.

⁽²⁾ It consists of purchases of energy from Şişecam Enerji A.Ş.

⁽³⁾ It consists of purchases of trade goods from Trakya Glass Bulgaria EAD.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

a) Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings and other debts disclosed in Note 8 and 10, cash and cash equivalents disclosed in Note 6 and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in Note 27.

The Group controls its capital using the net debt / total capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by the total equity amount. Net debt, total debt net of cash and cash equivalents (as shown in the balance sheet of financial assets and liabilities, financial leases and trade payables) is calculated by subtracting.

As of 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 the Group's net debt / total equity ratios are as follows:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Financial liabilities and trade payables	2.320.442.078	2.147.164.407
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(1.073.452.938)	(1.169.671.508)
Net Debt	1.246.989.140	977.492.899
Total Equity	3.348.035.966	3.138.876.040
Net debt / total equity ratio	%37	%31

The Group's general strategy is in line with prior periods.

b) Financial Risk Factors

The Group's activities expose it to various financial risks, market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize the potential adverse effects over the Group's financial performance.

The Group manages its financial instruments centrally in accordance with the Group's risk policies via Financial Transactions Department. The Group's cash inflows and outflows are monitored by the reports prepared on a daily, weekly and monthly basis and compared to the monthly and yearly cash flow budgets.

Risk management is carried out by the Risk Management Department, which is independent from steering, under the policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group's Risk Management Department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board of Directors sets out written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as; foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

b.1) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations. The Group's management mitigates this risk through limitations on the contracts made with counterparties and obtaining sufficient collaterals where appropriate. The Group's credit risks mainly arise from its trade receivables. The Group manages this risk by the credit limits up to the guarantees received from customers. Use of credit limits is monitored by the Group by taking into consideration the customer's financial position, past experiences and other factors and customer's credibility is evaluated on a consistent basis. Trade receivables are evaluated based on the Group's policies and procedures and presented net of doubtful provision in the financial statements accordingly (Note 10).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.1) Credit Risk Management (continued)

		Receiva	bles			
	Trade Rec	eivable	Other Rece	ivable		
Credit risk of financial instruments	Related Party	Third Party	Related Party	Third Party	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Derivative Financial Intruments
Maximum credit risk exposed as of 30 September 2016 (*) (A+B+C+D+E)	-	691,268,740	136,827,361	12,133,991	1,073,207,434	-
- Hedged part of maximum risk with collateral		(238,941,373)	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impairedThe part of which is under guarantee with collateral		593,178,440 (212,636,256)	136,827,361	12,133,991	1,073,207,434	-
 B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise that will be considered as past due or impaired The part of which is under guarantee with collateral 		•	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
C. Net book value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired - The part of which is under guarantee with collateral		98,090,300 (26,305,117)	- - -	-	- - -	- - -
 D. Net book value of impaired assets Past due (gross carrying amount) Impairment (-) The part of net value under guarantee with collateral Not past due (gross carrying amount) Impairment (-) The part of net value under guarantee with collateral 		22,645,236 (22,645,236) - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
E. Off balance sheet items with credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

^(*) Determination of the amount received as guarantees, credit enhancements are not taken into account

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.1) Credit Risk Management (continued)

	Recei	Receivables		
	Trade Receivable	Other Receivable	Cash and	5
Credit risk of financial instruments	Related Party Third Party	Related Party Third	Cash Party Equivalents	Derivative Financial Intruments
Maximum credit risk exposed as of 31 December 2015 (*) (A+B+C+D+E)	- 401,927,387	10,240,594 8,35	54,338 1,169,615,213	-
- Hedged part of maximum risk with collateral	- (131,672,799)	-		-
 A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired The part of which is under guarantee with collateral 	- 335,170,233 - (116,340,490)	10,215,524 8,3	54,338 1,169,615,213	-
 B. Net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise that will be considered as past due or impaired The part of which is under guarantee with collateral 		-		-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are past due but not impairedThe part of which is under guarantee with collateral	- 66,757,154 - (15,332,309)	-		-
 D. Net book value of impaired assets Past due (gross carrying amount) Impairment (-) The part of net value under guarantee with collateral Not past due (gross carrying amount) Impairment (-) The part of net value under guarantee with collateral 	- 20,063,178 - (20,063,178) 	- - - - - -		- - - - - -
E. Off balance sheet items with credit risk	-	-		-

^(*) Determination of the amount received as guarantees, credit enhancements are not taken into account

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.1) Credit Risk Management (continued)

Guarantees received from the customers are as follows:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Letters of guarantee	146.066.257	74.829.561
Security cheques and bonds	27.568.647	13.055.114
Mortgages	7.891.486	8.896.413
Direct Debiting System (DBS)	56.829.141	34.891.711
Other	585.842	=
	238.941.373	131.672.799

Collaterals for the trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are as stated below:

	30 September 2016	31 December 2015
Overdue 1-30 days	37.171.212	20.114.987
Overdue 1-3 months	31.693.824	24.624.460
Overdue 3-12 months	10.654.848	12.863.418
1-5 years overdue	18.570.416	9.154.289
Total overdue receivables	98.090.300	66.757.154
The part secured with guarantee, etc. (-)	26.305.117	15.332.309

b.2) Liquidity Risk Management

The Group manages liquidity risk by providing the continuity of sufficient funds and loan reserves by twinning the maturities of financial assets and liabilities by following cash flow regularly.

Liquidity risk tables

Conservative liquidity risk management requires maintaining adequate reserves in addition to having the ability to utilize adequate level of credit lines and funds as well as closing market positions.

Funding risk attributable to the current and future potential borrowing needs is managed by providing continuous access to adequate number of creditors with high quality.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.2) Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity risk tables (continued)

The below table shows the Group's expected maturity for financial liabilities. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets. Interest to be paid in future on financial liabilities is included in the table below.

			30 Septembe	r 2016		
Non-derivative financial Liabilities	Carrying value	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12months	1-5 years(III)	More than 5 years(IV)
Liabilities	Carrying value	(111111111)	months (1)	(H)	1-3 years(III)	years(1v)
Bank borrowings	1,223,930,493	1,265,379,628	64,506,291	289,714,466	805,962,071	105,196,800
Due to realted parties (Note 37)	757,349,566	876,300,751	15,915,719	15,915,719	844,469,313	-
Finance lease obligations	2,119,879	2,119,879	· · · · <u>-</u>	1,227,020	892,859	-
Trade payables	192,425,228	192,983,984	188,453,004	4,530,980	-	-
Due to related parties	307,869,011	307,869,011	307,869,011	-	-	-
Other payables	32,266,707	32,266,707	31,984,978	-	281,729	-
		2 (5 6 0 10 0 60	(00.720.002	211 200 105	1 (51 (05 052	105,196,800
Total Liabilities	2,515,960,884	2,676,919,960	608,729,003	311,388,185	1,651,605,972	103,170,000
	2,515,960,884	2,676,919,960			1,651,605,972	103,190,000
	2,515,960,884	Total cash outflow in	31 December		1,051,005,972	103,170,000
Total Liabilities	2,515,960,884	Total cash outflow in accordance to	31 December	r 2015	1,051,005,972	
Total Liabilities Non-derivative financial		Total cash outflow in accordance to contract	31 December	2015 3-12months		More than 5
Total Liabilities	2,515,960,884 Carrying value	Total cash outflow in accordance to	31 December	r 2015	1-5 years(III)	
Total Liabilities Non-derivative financial Liabilities		Total cash outflow in accordance to contract	Less than 3 months (I)	2015 3-12months		More than 5
Total Liabilities Non-derivative financial	Carrying value	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV)	31 December	3-12months (II)	1-5 years(III)	More than 5 years(IV)
Non-derivative financial Liabilities Bank borrowings	Carrying value 1,156,466,823	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12months (II) 250,389,429	1-5 years(III) 950,142,710	More than 5 years(IV)
Non-derivative financial Liabilities Bank borrowings Due to realted parties (Note 37)	Carrying value 1,156,466,823 726,467,874	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV) 1,332,005,778 865,919,625	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12months (II) 250,389,429	1-5 years(III) 950,142,710 835,026,375	More than 5 years(IV)
Non-derivative financial Liabilities Bank borrowings Due to realted parties (Note 37) Finance lease obligations	Carrying value 1,156,466,823 726,467,874 2,804,428	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV) 1,332,005,778 865,919,625 2,804,429	Less than 3 months (I) 28,284,690	3-12months (II) 250,389,429 30,893,250	1-5 years(III) 950,142,710 835,026,375 2,804,429	More than 5 years(IV)
Non-derivative financial Liabilities Bank borrowings Due to realted parties (Note 37) Finance lease obligations Trade payables	Carrying value 1,156,466,823 726,467,874 2,804,428 191,368,695	Total cash outflow in accordance to contract (I+II+III+IV) 1,332,005,778 865,919,625 2,804,429 191,805,820	28,284,690 	3-12months (II) 250,389,429 30,893,250	1-5 years(III) 950,142,710 835,026,375 2,804,429	More than 5 years(IV)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. At a Group level, market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis. When compared to prior periods, there has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risks, hedging methods used or the measurement methods used for such risks.

b.3.1) Foreign Currency Risk Management

Foreign currency transactions expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Group, its subsidiaries and affiliates is available according to the countries in which it operates currencies other than the functional currencies of the foreign currency accepted.

		Foreign Currency	y Position State	ement for 30 Sep	tember 2016
		TRY equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. 2a. 2b.	Trade receivables Monetary financial assets (included cash and banks account) Non-monetary financial assets	122,455,663 728,138,699	14,628,308 181,873,450	18,593,692 53,286,955 -	16,141,035 4,177,232
3.	Other		-	-	
4.	Current Assets (1+2+3)	850,594,362	196,501,758	71,880,647	20,318,267
5.	Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a.	Monetary financial assets	295,715,699	98,706,799	-	-
6b.	Non-monetary financial assets	21,138,636	6,500	5,366,901	3,082,082
7. 8.	Other Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	316,854,335	98,713,299	5,366,901	3,082,082
9.	Total Assets (4+8)	1,167,448,697	295,215,057	77,247,548	23,400,349
10.	Trade payables	54,880,803	1,388,599	14,964,678	427,409
11.	Financial liabilities	193,125,419	8,870,310	49,321,716	790,434
12a.	Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
12b.	Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	
13.	Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	248,006,222	10,258,909	64,286,394	1,217,843
14. 15.	Trade payables Financial liabilities	1,162,135,412	280,765,050	95,510,414	-
15. 16a.	Other monetary liabilities	1,102,133,412	280,763,030	93,310,414	_
16b.	Other non-monetary liabilities	-	_	_	_
17.	Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	1,162,135,412	280,765,050	95,510,414	-
18.	Total Liabilities (13+17)	1,410,141,634	291,023,959	159,796,808	1,217,843
19.	Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position (19a-19b)	-	-	_	_
19a.	Total amount of assets hedged	-	-	-	-
19b.	Total amount of liabilities hedged	-	-	-	-
20.	Net foreign currency position for monetary items (9+18+19)	(242,692,937)	4,191,098	(82,549,260)	22,182,506
21.	Monetary items net foreign asset/liabilities position	(2(2,921,552)	4 104 500	(97.017.171)	10 100 424
	(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(263,831,573)	4,184,598	(87,916,161)	19,100,424
22.	Fair value of derivative instruments used in	-	-	-	-
23.	Export	198,938,485	45,867,445	17,371,790	7,684,300
24.	Import	395,334,876	16,771,774	104,831,763	3,274,459

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.1) Foreign Currency Risk Management (continued)

	<u> </u>	Foreign Curren	cy Position State	ement for 31 Dece	mber 2015
		TRY equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1.	Trade receivables	74.131.360	7.671.378	12.912.291	10.795.966
2a.	Monetary financial assets (included cash and banks account)	1.116.738.438	338.615.987	40.693.464	2.871.042
2b.	Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3.	Other	-	-	-	-
4.	Current Assets (1+2+3)	1.190.869.798	346.287.365	53.605.755	13.667.008
5.	Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a.	Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6b.	Non-monetary financial assets	39.131.303	1.549.043	9.044.925	5.886.152
7.	Other	-	-	-	-
8.	Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	39.131.303	1.549.043	9.044.925	5.886.152
9.	Total Assets (4+8)	1.230.001.101	347.836.408	62.650.680	19.553.160
10.	Trade payables	59.306.641	1.818.910	12.785.978	13.389.255
11.	Financial liabilities	121.321.053	5.502.148	33.145.458	-
12a.	Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
12b.	Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13.	Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	180.627.694	7.321.058	45.931.436	13.389.255
14.	Trade payables	-	-	-	-
15.	Financial liabilities	1.134.174.991	281.076.923	99.734.306	-
16a.	Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b.	Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17.	Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	1.134.174.991	281.076.923	99.734.306	-
18.	Total Liabilities (13+17)	1.314.802.685	288.397.981	145.665.742	13.389.255
19.	Net foreign currency asset / (liability) position (19a-19b)		_	-	-
19a.	Total amount of assets hedged		-	-	-
19b.	Total amount of liabilities hedged	-	-	-	-
20.	Net foreign currency position for monetary items (9+18+19)	(84.801.584)	59.438.427	(83.015.061)	6.163.905
	Monetary items net foreign asset/liabilities position (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-				
21.	15-16a)	(123.932.887)	57.889.384	(92.059.986)	277.753
		,		,	
22.	Fair value of derivative instruments used in	-	-	-	-
23.	Export	313.481.220	28.552.013	69.896.400	8.360.585
24.	Import	377.241.054	19.560.526	98.774.806	6.500.045

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.1) Foreign Currency Risk Management (continued)

The Group is mainly exposed to EUR and USD risks..

The table below presents the Group's sensitivity to a 10% deviation in foreign exchange rates (especially USD and EUR). 10% is the rate used by the Group when generating its report on exchange rate risk; the related rate stands for the presumed possible change in the foreign currency rates by the Group's management. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. This analysis includes foreign currency denominated bank loans other than the functional currency of the ultimate user or borrower of the bank loans. The positive amount indicates increase in profit / loss before tax or equity.

Exchange Rate Risk Sensitivity

	30 September 2016				
_	Profit / ((Loss)	Equity		
	Appreciation of foreign	Devaluation of foreign	Appreciation of foreign	Devaluation of foreign	
_	currency	currency	currency	currency	
Appreciation of USD against TRY by 10%					
1 - US Dollars net asset / liability	1.253.664	(1.253.664)	-	-	
2 - USD risk hedged amount (-)		-	-		
3 - USD net effect (1 +2)	1.253.664	(1.253.664)			
Appreciation of EURO against TRY by 10%					
4 - Euro net asset / liability	(29.546.863)	29.546.863	122.348.119	(122.348.119)	
5 - Euro risk hedged amount (-)	-	-	-		
6 - Euro net effect (4+5)	(29.546.863)	29.546.863	122.348.119	(122.348.119)	
Appreciation of other currencies against TRY by 109	%				
7 - Other currencies net asset / liability	1.910.042	(1.910.042)	75.607.502	(75.607.502)	
8 - Other currencies risk hedged amount (-)	-	=	-	<u>-</u>	
9 - Other currencies net effect (7+8)	1.910.042	(1.910.042)	75.607.502	(75.607.502)	
Total (3+6+9)	(55.954.727)	55.954.727	197.955.621	(197.955.621)	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.1) Foreign Currency Risk Management (continued)

_	31 December 2015				
	Profit / (Loss)	Eq	uity	
_	Appreciation of foreign currency	Devaluation of foreign currency	Appreciation of foreign currency	Devaluation of foreign currency	
Appreciation of USD against TRY by 10%	16 921 017	(16 921 017)			
1 - US Dollars net asset / liability2 - USD risk hedged amount (-)	16.831.917	(16.831.917)	-	-	
3 - USD net effect (1 +2)	16.831.917	(16.831.917)			
Appreciation of EURO against TRY by 10%					
4 - Euro net asset / liability	(29.252.981)	29.252.981	115.678.822	(115.678.822)	
5 - Euro risk hedged amount (-)	-	-	-	-	
6 - Euro net effect (4+5)	(29.252.981)	29.252.981	115.678.822	(115.678.822)	
Appreciation of other currencies against TRY by 10%					
		(27.775)	65 121 902	(65 121 902)	
7 - Other currencies net asset / liability	27.775	(27.775)	65.121.803	(65.121.803)	
8 - Other currencies risk hedged amount (-)	-	-	-	-	
9 - Other currencies net effect (7+8)	27.775	(27.775)	65.121.803	(65.121.803)	
Total (3+6+9)	(12.393.289)	12.393.289	180.800.625	(180.800.625)	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.2) Interest rate risk management

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is related to its financial liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities mostly consist of floating interest rate borrowings. Based on the current balance sheet composition and analysis calculated by the Group, if the TRY interest rates were increased / decreased by 1% and foreign currency interest rates were increased/ decreased by 0.25% with the assumption of keeping all other variables constant, the effect on net profit / loss for the period before taxation and non-controlling interest would decrease / increase by TRY 5.255.689 as of 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: TRY 2.891.167).

The Group's financial instruments that are sensitive to interest rates are as follows:

	30 September 2016			
	Floating interest	Fixed interest	Non interest bearing	Total
Financial assets	-	2.191.662.202	17.736.527	2.209.398.729
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1.055.716.411	17.736.527	1.073.452.938
Available for sale financials		295.715.699	_	295.715.699
Trade receivables	-	691.268.740	-	691.268.740
Due from related parties	-	136.827.361	-	136.827.361
Other receivables		12.133.991	-	12.133.991
Financial liabilities	1.223.930.493	1.292.030.391	-	2.515.960.884
Bank borrowings	1.223.930.493	757.349.566	-	1.981.280.059
Financial leasing liabilities	-	2.119.879	-	2.119.879
Trade payables	-	192.425.228	-	192.425.228
Due from related parties	-	307.869.011	-	307.869.011
Other payables	-	32.266.707	-	32.266.707
		31 Decemb	ber 2015	
			Non	
	Floating	Fixed	interest	
	interest	interest	bearing	Total
Financial assets	-	1.526.549.810	345.962.300	1.872.512.110
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1.106.052.561	63.618.947	1.169.671.508
Available for sale financials	-	-	282.343.353	282.343.353
Trade receivables	-	401.927.387	-	401.927.387
Due from related parties	-	10.215.524	-	10.215.524
Other receivables	-	8.354.338	-	8.354.338
Financial liabilities	1.156.466.823	1.017.932.252	-	2.174.399.075
Bank borrowings	1.156.466.823	726.467.874	-	1.882.934.697
Financial leasing liabilities	-	2.804.428	-	2.804.428
Trade payables	-	191.368.695	-	191.368.695
Due from related parties	-	85.865.166	-	85.865.166
Other payables	-	11.426.089	-	11.426.089

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (Continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.3) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to market price risk due to its equity share investments. Equity share investments are held for strategic purposes rather than trading purposes. The Group does not trade equity share investments.

Equity price sensitivity

Sensitivity analyses presented below are determined based on the equity share price risks as of the reporting date.

If the equity shares prices were increased / decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant as of the reporting date:

• Net profit/loss would not be affected as of 30 September 2016 to the extent that equity share investments classified as available for sale assets are not disposed of or impaired.

39. Financial Instruments (Fair Value and Hedge Accounting Disclosures) Categories of Financial Instruments

30 September 2016	Financial assets and liabilities are valued using effective interest method	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	At fair value through profit or loss financial assets and liabilities	Carrying value	Note
Financial assets	1.369.168.637	828.096.101	-	-	2.197.264.738	
Cash and cash equivalents	1.073.452.938	-	-	-	1.073.452.938	6
Trade receivables		691.268.740	-	-	691.268.740	10
Due from related parties	-	136.827.361	-	-	136.827.361	37
Derivative financial assets		-	-	-	-	12
Financial investments	295.715.699	-	_	-	295.715.699	7
Financial liabilities	2.483.694.177	_	-	-	2.483.694.177	
Financial liabilities	1.983.399.938	-	-	-	1.983.399.938	8
Trade payables	192.425,228	-	-	-	192.425.228	10
Due to related parties	307.869.011	-	-	-	307.869.011	37
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	12

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. Financial Instruments (Fair Value and Hedge Accounting Disclosures) (Continued)

Categories of Financial Instruments (continued)

31 December 2015	Financial assets and liabilities are valued using effective interest method	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	At fair value through profit or loss financial assets and liabilities	Carrying value	Note
Financial assets	1.169.671.508	412.142.911	282.343.353	-	1.864.157.772	
Cash and cash equivalents	1.169.671.508	-	-	-	1.169.671.508	6
Trade receivables	-	401.927.387	-	-	401.927.387	10
Due from related parties	-	10.215.524	-	-	10.215.524	37
Financial investments	-	-	282.343.353	-	282.343.353	7
Financial liabilities	2.162.972.986		-	-	2.162.972.986	
Financial liabilities	1.885.739.125	-	-	-	1.885.739.125	8
Trade payables	191.368.695	-	-	-	191.368.695	10
Due to related parties	85.865.166	-	-	-	85.865.166	37
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-		-	-	12

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are determined as follows:

- Category 1: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, active market trading price is used for valuation purposes.
- Category 2: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, should other market price be observed other than first degree market prices, then observed market price is used for valuation purposes.
- Category 3: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, data not based on market observation is used for valuation purposes.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

	30 September 2016				
Financial assets	Total	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	
Financial assets available for sale	-	-	-	-	
Held to maturity financial assets	295.715.699	-	295.715.699		
	295.715.699	-	295.715.699	-	

	31 December 2015				
Financial assets	Total	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	
Financial assets available for sale	282.343.353	282.343.353	-		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

40. Events After Reporting Period

Trakya Investment BV, a subsidiary of the Group, has established a 100% partnership with Sisecam Flat Glass Italy SRL in Italy, which will cover the assets of the Sangalli Vetro Porto Nogaro company in Italy on October 31, 2016 totaling EUR 84,664,77 has bought the bed. The said price has been calculated over the preliminary amounts and the determination of the final amount and the completion of the payments will be made within the nine month period.

Within the scope of restructuring efforts of our companies operating in the automobile sector; a total of € 3.950.000 for a 10% share of Glasscorp SA from our subsidiaries located in Romania, Nordexo Manufacturing S.R.L. To be paid in installments and the payment of the first installment was made. For this purpose, participation in the capital increase in Trakya Investment B.V. Trakya Cam's ownership in Glasscorp S.A. reached 100% after purchasing a 10% shareholder.

With the resolution of our Board of Directors dated 27.10.2016; In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code numbered 6102 and related legislative obligations, a 3-year period covering the years 2017, 2018 and 2019 of Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (a member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) will be the Company's independent auditor has been decided to be presented at the General Assembly Meetings to be held in the respective years.

The purchase of a total of EUR 84.7 million worth of assets, including financial assets, of Sangalli Vetro Porto Nogaro, a company in Italy, which was notified to the public with special disclosures on 04.12.2015, 13.05.2016, 01.08.2016 and 01.11.2016, has been completed.

41. Other Issues that Significantly Affect the Financial Statements or Other Issues Required for The Clear Understanding of Financial Statements

Approval of Financial Statements

The Group's consolidated financial statements as of 30 September 2016 and the semi annual report prepared in accordance with the Capital Markets Board's Communiqué Serial: II-14.1 are reviewed by also considering the opinion of the Audit Committee and it has been concluded that the accompanying financial statements present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company in accordance with the regulations issued by the Capital Markets Board and accounting policies applied by the Company. The accompanying financial statements are authorized by Financial Director Anıl Karaca and Accounting Manager Nihal Topçuoğlu approved for the public announcement by the Board of Directors on 9 November 2016.

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