Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

01 COMMUNIQUE LABORATORY INC.

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: The Shareholders of

01 Communique Laboratory Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of 01 Communique Laboratory Inc. and its subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at October 31, 2018 and 2017 and the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

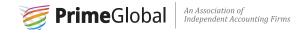
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the company's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, continued

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of 01 Communique Laboratory Inc. and its subsidiary as at October 31, 2018 and 2017 and their financial performance and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1(b) to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that 01 Communique Laboratory Inc. has sustained a loss in the year ended October 31, 2018, substantial losses in recent years and 01 Communique Laboratory Inc.'s ability to generate future profitable operations is uncertain. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cause significant doubt about 01 Communique Laboratory Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Shimmerman Penn LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Shimmuman Penn LLP

Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada

December 19, 2018

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (In Canadian dollars)

Gary Kissack Director

As at October 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,760	\$	238,576
Guaranteed investment certificate (note 4)		700,000		-
Accounts receivable (note 2)		62,696		28,077
Prepaid expenses and other assets		6,275		6,281
Total current assets		882,731		272,934
Property and equipment (note 5)		16,085		2,477
Total assets	\$	898,816	\$	275,411
Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit				
Current liabilities:	•	504.550	•	400.005
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	584,552	\$	498,295
Deferred revenue Liability component of debenture (note 6)		8,455 390,733		10,899 391,580
Total current liabilities		983,740		900,774
Shareholders' deficit: Share capital (note 7 (a))		41,186,529		40,832,777
Contributed surplus		5,511,832		5,407,310
Warrants (note 7 (c))		417,700		47,111
Agent's compensation options (note 7 (d))		99,200		-
Deficit		(47,300,185)		(46,912,561)
Total shareholders' deficit		(84,924)		(625,363)
Going concern (note 1(b)) Lease commitments (note 12)				
Contingencies (note 15)				
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	\$	898,816	\$	275,411
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements. On behalf of the Board:				
William Train Director				

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Revenue (note 8)	\$	202,967	\$	503,987
Expenses (income) (note 16):				
Selling, general and administrative		306,401		258,255
Research and development		204,900		172,716
·		511,301		430,971
Profit (loss) before accretion on liability component				
of debenture, interest and other income and taxes		(308,334)		73,016
Interest on debenture		50,295		40,000
Accretion on liability component of debenture		16,853		17,104
Profit (loss) before other income and taxes		(375,482)		15,912
Foreign exchange gain		5,069		5,073
Interest income		1,210		41
Profit (loss) before taxes		(369,203)		21,026
Withholding taxes (note 11)		18,421		45,934
Loss for the year and comprehensive loss	\$	(387,624)	\$	(24,908)
Loss per common share (note 9):				
Basic	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.00)
Diluted	•	(0.01)	,	(0.00)
Weighted average number of common				
shares outstanding (note 9):		67,749,286		66 542 007
Basic Diluted		66,543,807 66,543,807		
Dilutou		67,749,286		50,545,667

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficit (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2018	Number of shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrants	Agent's Compensation Options	Deficit	Total shareholders' deficit
Balance, October 31, 2017	66,543,807	\$40,832,777	\$5,407,310	\$ 47,111	\$ -	\$(46,912,561)	\$ (625,363)
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	(387,624)	(387,624)
Cancellation of warrants (note 6)	-	-	47,111	(47,111)	-	-	-
Equity component of new debenture (note 6)	-	-	-	17,700	-	-	17,700
Equity financing (note 7(a)(i))	10,000,000	353,752	-	400,000	99,200	-	852,952
Stock-based compensation expense (note 7(b))	-	-	57,411	-	-	-	57,411
	76,543,807	\$41,186,529	\$5,511,832	\$417,700	\$ 99,200	\$(47,300,185)	\$ (84,924)
2017	Number of shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrants	Agent's Compensation Options	Deficit	Total shareholders' deficit
Dalaman Oataban 04 0040	00.540.007	\$40,000,777	ΦE 044 4EE	0 47 444	•	Φ/40 007 0F0\	Φ (COC C40)
Balance, October 31, 2016	66,543,807	\$40,832,777	\$5,311,155	\$ 47,111	\$ -	\$(46,887,653)	\$ (696,610)
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	(24,908)	(24,908)
Stock-based compensation							00.455

96,155

\$5,407,310 \$47,111

96,155

\$ (625,363)

\$(46,912,561)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

66,543,807 \$40,832,777

expense (note 7(b))

Balance, October 31, 2017

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities:				
Comprehensive loss for the year	\$	(387,624)	\$	(24,908)
Adjustments to reconcile loss for the year to net				
cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation of property and equipment		1,346		2,420
Stock-based compensation expense		57,411		96,155
Accretion on liability portion of debenture		16,853		17,104
Interest income		(1,210)		(41)
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 10)		49,200		(24,687)
		(264,024)		66,043
Interest income received		1,210		41
Total cash provided by (used in) operations		(262,814)		66,084
Financing activities:				
Proceeds from private placement (note 7(a)(i))		1,000,000		-
Cash share issuance costs		(147,048)		-
Total cash provided by financing activities		852,952		-
Investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment		(14,954)		(932)
Purchase of guaranteed investment certificate		(700,000)		-
Total cash used in investing activities		(714,954)		(932)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(124,816)		65,152
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		238,576		173,424
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	113,760	\$	238,576
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Cash and cash equivalents comprise:				
Cash	\$	113,760	\$	238,576
- 	\$	113,760	\$	238,576
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

01 Communique Laboratory Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on October 7, 1992 under the laws of Ontario. The Company's I'm InTouch product offering provides the Company's customers with a suite of secure remote access services and products. In early fiscal 2018 the Company began transitioning its business from its legacy I'm InTouch product offering focusing on cybersecurity with the development and implementation of Post-Quantum Blockchain and Post-Quantum Cryptography technologies. These consolidated financial statements are prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and reflect management's best estimates and judgment based on information currently available.

The Company's head office is located at 1450 Meyerside Drive, Suite 500, Mississauga, Ontario, L5T 2N5 and its common shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol ONE.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise indicated:

(a) Statement of compliance:

These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on December 19, 2018.

(b) Going concern:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at October 31, 2018 the Company reported a working capital deficiency of \$101,009 (2017 – \$627,840). In addition to the working capital deficiency, the Company has sustained substantial losses and negative cash flows from operations in recent years and its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to generate future profitable operations and cash flows and/or obtain additional financing.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Management's plan to reduce the operating loss and ultimately become profitable and produce positive cash flows from operations is heavily dependent on: (i) a successful outcome from its strategic initiatives to realize monetary value from future product development; (ii) increasing product and service revenue from its I'm InTouch product offering through downloads from the Company's web site; and (iii) its relationship with a key customer Hitachi Solutions Create, Ltd. However, there can be no assurances the Company will be successful on any of these three initiatives. Should the Company not be able to generate sufficient cash flows from any combination of these three initiatives to become profitable in the future and generate sufficient working capital to fund operations as well as discharge its current working capital deficiency, then it will become necessary to secure additional sources of financing; however, there can be no assurances that any such financing will be available to the Company or that such funds will be available on acceptable terms and within an acceptable period of time.

The outcome of these matters, which cannot be predicted at this time, represents a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt with regard to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

(c) Basis of presentation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, 01 Communique (GP) Inc. Intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following items in the consolidated statements of financial position:

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value; and
- Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Presentation of the consolidated statements of financial position differentiates between current and non-current assets and liabilities. The consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss are presented using the functional classification for expenses.

(d) Revenue recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered in accordance with the terms of the arrangement, fees are fixed and determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

The Company has multiple sources of revenue, and in general, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the above policy. The following are the revenue sources and the specific revenue recognition criteria for these sources:

- (i) Revenue from software development is recognized upon shipment or delivery of the product under the terms of the agreement when the amount can be measured reliably and collection is reasonably assured.
- (ii) Revenue from license fee agreements is recognized at the later of delivery of the software by the licensee and fulfillment of all other significant obligations under the terms of the underlying license agreement.
- (iii) Revenue from providing remote access services is recognized as earned. Revenue from service contracts is recognized as the services are provided.

To the extent payments are received before services are provided, the payments are reflected as deferred revenue.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on account and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(f) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The cost of an item of property and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss in the years in which they are incurred.

Any gain and loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized within selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment at the following annual rates:

Computer systems 30%
Communications equipment 10% - 20%
Furniture and fixtures 20%
Leasehold improvements Shorter of estimated useful life and term of lease

(g) Research and development and investment tax credits:

All research costs are expensed as incurred. Software development costs are expensed as incurred unless they satisfy the criteria for deferral and subsequent amortization. The Company has not deferred any such development costs to date. Related refundable investment tax credits are recorded as a reduction of the related research and development expense or as a reduction of the related property and equipment when the Company has reasonable assurance that the credit will be realized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Foreign exchange translation:

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar. Monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the year-end exchange rates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at their historical exchange rates. Revenue and expenses are translated at average rates of exchange for the years. All of the exchange gains or losses resulting from these transactions are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

(i) Stock-based compensation:

The Company accounts for its stock option plan using the fair value method. The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and expensed over the vesting period.

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized so that each tranche in a stock option award with graded vesting is considered a separate grant with a different vesting date and fair value. No compensation expense is recognized for stock options that employees forfeit if they fail to satisfy the service requirement for vesting. The amount recognized is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized is based on the number of awards that vest.

(j) Loss per share:

Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the years. Diluted loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of common and potential common shares outstanding during the years, if dilutive. Potential common shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants using the treasury stock method.

(k) Income taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current tax, deferred tax and withholding tax. Current tax, deferred tax and withholding tax are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive loss.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable based on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to taxes payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future income tax consequences attributable to differences between the consolidated financial statements' carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized.

Withholding taxes represent taxes withheld on payments received from foreign customers.

(I) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the years. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management must also make estimates and judgements about future results of operations in assessing recoverability of assets and the value of liabilities. These judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the years in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

Critical judgements used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements include the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern basis of accounting and the assessment of potential future benefits derived from available tax losses. While management has assessed that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate, they recognize there are material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, no deferred tax assets have been recognized in the consolidated financial statements and management has included additional disclosure regarding these material uncertainties as outlined in note 1 (b).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements arise from amounts recognized on the fair value of the Company's stock-based compensation transactions and the allocation of the debt and equity components of the debenture. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining and making assumptions about the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the rate of forfeiture of options granted, the expected life of the option, the volatility of the Company's stock price and the risk-free interest rate. Estimating the debt and equity components of the debenture requires determining and making assumptions about the inherent value of the liability component including the discount rate appropriate for similar debt instruments, absent any warrant.

(m) Provisions:

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Examples could include:

Legal claims:

In the normal course of operations, the Company may be subject to litigation claims from customers, suppliers, patent holders, former employees and others. A provision is recognized when the Company determines the probability that the event will occur is greater than the probability that it will not. The Company regularly reviews any outstanding claims it may have to see if they meet the criteria. A provision is calculated based on management's best estimate of a probable outflow of economic resources.

(n) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or other financial liabilities.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

A financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-fortrading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy. Attributable transaction costs are

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment certificate.

(ii) Loans and receivables:

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Loans and receivables comprise accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers from the rendering of services or sale of goods in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, less impairment.

(iii) Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial measurement, these other liabilities are measured at amortized cost. The difference between the initial carrying amount of these other liabilities and their redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the contractual terms using the effective interest method. They are classified as current liabilities when they are payable within 12 months of the reporting date, otherwise they are classified as non-current.

A financial liability is derecognized when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

The Company has the following other financial liabilities: accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and a debenture which has been segregated between its liability and equity components.

The Company had neither available-for-sale nor held-to-maturity instruments during the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(iv) Impairment of financial assets:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in current year earnings. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance accounts, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in current year earnings.

(o) New and future accounting pronouncements:

The IASB has issued new standards and amendments to existing standards. These changes in accounting are not yet effective at October 31, 2018 and could have an impact on future years.

• IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"):

The IASB issued IFRS 9, which replaces IAS 39, Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement, and which establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. This new standard also includes a new general hedge accounting standard which will align hedge accounting more closely with risk management. It does not fundamentally change the types of hedging relationships or the requirement to measure and recognize ineffectiveness; however, it will provide more hedging strategies that are used for risk management to qualify for hedge accounting and introduces more judgment to assess the effectiveness of a hedging relationship. The mandatory effective date of IFRS 9 is for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and must be applied retrospectively with certain exemptions. The Company does not expect this to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

• IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15"):

The IASB issued IFRS 15, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time and over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized. The Company does not expect this to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and will supersede current lease accounting guidance in IAS 17, Leases as well as some lease related interpretations. With certain exceptions for leases under twelve months in length or for assets of low value, IFRS 16 states that upon lease commencement a lessee recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at the amount of the liability plus any initial direct costs. After lease commencement, the lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. A lessee shall either apply IFRS 16 with full retrospective effect or alternatively not restate comparative information but recognise the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 16 as an adjustment to opening equity at the date of initial application. IFRS 16 is effective for year ends beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Earlier adoption is permitted if IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers has also been applied. The company is currently reviewing the standard to determine the effect on the financial statements.

IFRS 2 – Share based Payments

IFRS 2 Share-based payments was amended by IASB in June 2016 to clarify the accounting for cash-settled share-based payment transactions that include a performance condition, the classification of share-based payment transactions with net settlement features and the accounting for modifications of share-based payment transactions from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments are effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Company does not expect this to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2. Financial instruments and financial risk management:

(a) Financial instruments:

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

	2018	2017
Financial assets:		
Held-for-trading, measured		
at fair value:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,760	\$ 238,576
Guaranteed investment certificate	700,000	-
Loans and receivables,		
recorded at amortized cost:		
Accounts receivable	62,696	28,077
Financial liabilities, recorded at	,	,
amortized cost:		
Accounts payable and		
accrued liabilities	584,552	498,295
Liability component of debenture	390,733	391,580
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Accounts receivable comprise the following:

	2018	2017
Trade receivables Investment tax credits receivable HST receivable	\$ 40,486 6,000 16,210	\$ 23,507 - 4,570
	\$ 62,696	\$ 28,077

(b) Financial risk management:

(i) Overview:

The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework and reviews the Company's policies on an ongoing basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's accounts receivable. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

The Company's exposure to credit risk with its customers is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Company generally does not require collateral for sales on credit. The Company closely monitors extensions of credit and has not experienced significant credit losses in the past. At October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company had a nil balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts and had no material past due trade receivables.

The Company invests its cash with the objective of maintaining safety of principal and providing adequate liquidity to meet all current payment obligations. The Company invests its cash in cash equivalents with Canadian chartered banks that are of high credit quality. Given these high credit ratings, the Company does not expect any counterparties to these cash equivalents to fail to meet their obligations.

Concentrations of credit risk:

In 2018, there was one customer that comprised 85% (2017 - 94%) of the Company's total revenue. No other customers exceeded 10% of revenue during the current or prior year. The customer comprising 85% of revenue in 2018 (2017 - 94%) comprised 65% of accounts receivable as at October 31, 2018 (2017 - 85%).

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. To the extent that the Company does not believe it has sufficient liquidity to meet these obligations, management will consider securing additional funds through equity or debt transactions.

However, the Company has sustained substantial losses in recent years and its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to generate future profitable operations and cash flows and/or obtain additional financing, which would be

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

contingent upon market and other conditions in the future, which are beyond the Company's control.

At October 31, 2018, the Company had financial assets held for trading of \$813,760 (2017 - \$238,576), loans and accounts receivables of \$62,696 (2017 - \$28,077), financial liabilities of \$975,285 (2017 - \$889,875), consisting of accounts payables and accrued liabilities and debentures. The Company has a \$400,000 debenture which is due April 24, 2019. The Company has split the debenture and warrant components of the debenture into the debt and equity components and recorded the debt component as a liability and the equity component as equity. The debenture's amortized cost as at October 31, 2018 is \$390,733 (2017 - \$391,580) (note 6).

The Company manages its liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

(c) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and market price risk. The Company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk.

Currency risk:

Net monetary liabilities due in U.S. dollars include accounts payable of \$346,841 (2017 – 346,841), cash of \$13,557 (2017 - \$185,068) and accounts receivable of \$31,143 (2017 - \$18,732).

The Company reports its results in Canadian dollars. The Company markets its products in Canada, the United States ("U.S.") and other jurisdictions, including Japan. Sales to Japanese customers are primarily denominated in U.S. dollars. Substantially all of the Company's sales are in U.S. dollars. As a result, the Company is subject to currency risk from both sales made and expenses incurred in U.S. dollars. The Company does not hedge the risk related to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and the Canadian dollar from either the date of the sales transaction to the collection date due or from the date an expense is incurred in the U.S. to the date the payment is made. As at October 31, 2018, the Company had net monetary liabilities due in U.S. dollars of \$302,000 (2017 - \$143,000). An increase or decrease in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate by 10% as at October 31, 2018 would have resulted in

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

a gain in the amount of \$30,200 (2017 - \$14,200) or a loss of \$30,200 (2017 - \$14,200), respectively.

The Company has performed a sensitivity analysis for foreign exchange exposure over the year ended October 31, 2018. The analysis used a modeling technique that compares the U.S. dollar equivalent of all revenue and expenses incurred in U.S. dollars, at the actual exchange rate, to a hypothetical 10% movement in the foreign currency exchanges rates against the Canadian dollar, with all other variables held constant. Foreign currency exchanges rates used were based on the market rates in effect during the year ended October 31, 2018. The sensitivity analysis indicated that a hypothetical 10% movement in the foreign currency exchange rate from the Canadian dollar to the U.S. dollar would result in a change to the net loss for the year ended October 31, 2018. An increase or decrease in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate by 10% during the year ended October 31, 2018 would have resulted in a gain in the amount of \$17,200 (2017 - \$44,500) or a loss of \$17,200 (2017 - \$44,500), respectively. There can be no assurances that the above projected exchange rate change will materialize.

Interest rate risk:

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed rate financial instruments. Fixed rate instruments subject the Company to fair value interest rate risk, as the fair value of the financial instrument fluctuates due to changes in market interest rates. Financial instruments subject to interest rate risk include demand deposits and the liability component of the debenture.

(ii) Fair values of financial instruments:

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statements of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

2. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

The table below presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			Valuation	Valuation
			technique	technique
		Quoted	using	using
		market	observable	non-observable
		price	market inputs	market inputs
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
October 31, 2018	\$	113,760	\$ -	\$ -
October 31, 2017	·	238,576	-	-
Guaranteed investment certificate				
October 31, 2018	\$	700,000	\$ -	\$ -
October 31, 2017	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

There were no financial instruments categorized in Level 2 or Level 3 as at October 31, 2018 and 2017.

There were no transfers of assets between levels during the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017.

3. Capital risk management:

The Company's primary objective with respect to its capital management is to ensure that it has sufficient cash resources to fund operations and discharge liabilities as they become due. Management performs regular reviews of its forecasted cash flow requirements to ensure cash flow needs are addressed. Refer to note 1(b) of these consolidated financial statements for the Company's plans in place in order to achieve these objectives.

The capital structure of the Company is composed of the liability component of the debenture.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

4. Guaranteed Investment Certificate:

One year cashable guaranteed investment certificate bearing interest at 2% per annum and maturing September 26, 2019.

5. Property and equipment:

	(Computer systems	Communications equipment		Furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements			Total
Cost								
Balance, October 31, 2016 Additions	\$	532,398 932	\$	26,887 -	\$	130,002	\$	689,287 932
Balance, October 31, 2017 Additions	\$	533,330 14,954	\$	26,887 -	\$	130,002	\$	690,219 14,954
Balance, October 31, 2018	\$	548,284	\$	26,887	\$	130,002	\$	705,173
Depreciation								
Balance, October 31, 2016 Depreciation	\$	528,546 2,307	\$	26,774 113	\$	130,002	\$	685,322 2,420
Balance, October 31, 2017 Depreciation	\$	530,853 1,346	\$	26,887 -	\$	130,002	\$	687,742 1,346
Balance, October 31, 2018	\$	532,199	\$	26,887	\$	130,002	\$	689,088
Carrying amounts								
At October 31, 2017 At October 31, 2018	\$ \$	2,477 16,085	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	2,477 16,085

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

6. Debenture:

The Company completed a financing which closed on April 24, 2015 and raised \$400,000, which comprises four (4) debenture units ("Debenture Units") which remain outstanding as amended, as at October 31, 2018. Each Debenture Unit consists of one secured debenture ("Debenture"), with a principal amount of \$100,000, and 200,000 common share purchase warrants ("Warrants"). The Debentures are secured by a general security agreement. On January 31, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement to amend the terms of the Debenture Units and the Warrants. As at October 31, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all covenants of the Debenture Units as amended.

The amendment was treated as a cancellation of the previous Debenture and Warrants and an issuance of a new Debenture and Warrants under the new terms. Prior to January 31, 2018, the date of amendment, each Debenture bore interest at a rate of 10% per annum, calculated and payable quarterly. The Debentures had a term of 36 months expiring on April 24, 2018 and were redeemable at any time prior to maturity at the discretion of 01 Communique with payment of an additional three months interest. Each Warrant was exercisable into one common share in the capital of 01 Communique at any time until April 24, 2018 at an exercise price of \$0.21 per Common Share. Under the terms of the January 31, 2018 amendment the rate of interest on the Debentures increased to 15% per annum effective April 25, 2018 and the maturity date was extended to April 24, 2019. Furthermore, effective January 31, 2018 the Warrant exercise price was decreased to \$0.10 from \$0.21 and the expiry date was extended to April 24, 2019 from April 24, 2018. In addition the Warrants as amended provide for an expiry date acceleration clause such that the exercise period of the Warrants will be reduced to 30 days if, for any ten consecutive trading days during the unexpired term of the Warrant (the "Premium Trading Days"), the closing price of the common shares of the Company exceeds the exercise price of the Warrants by 25% or more. The reduced exercise period of 30 days will begin no more than 7 calendar days after the tenth Premium Trading Day.

In accordance with the provisions of IFRS, as they apply to the Debenture, the Company has split the Debenture and Warrant components of the Debenture and the amended Debenture into their debt and equity components and recorded the debt component as a liability and the equity component as equity. In determining the valuation of the liability and the equity components, the Company calculated the value of the liability component first, using a discount rate appropriate for what a similar debt instrument, absent any warrants, would have commanded at that time. The residual of the proceeds over the inherent value of the liability component was attributed to the equity portion of the Debenture. Accretion charges on the liability component aggregating \$16,853 (2017 – \$17,104) are calculated using the discount rate of 20% for the Debenture as amended on January 31, 2018 and 15% for the Debenture prior to the amendment on January 31, 2018 and have been recorded in the statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

7. Shareholders' equity:

(a) Share capital authorized, issued and outstanding:

	2018	2017
Authorized: 50,000 Series A preference shares Unlimited preference shares, issuable in series Unlimited common shares		
Issued: 76,543,807 common shares (2017 - 66,543,807)	\$ 41,186,529	\$ 40,832,777

The following details the changes in issued and outstanding shares for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017.

	Common shares					
	Number					
Balance, October 31, 2017 and 2016	66,543,807	\$	40,832,777			
Private placement (note 7 (a)(i))	10,000,000	\$	353,752			
Balance, October 31, 2018	76,543,807	\$	41,186,529			

(i) Private placement:

On September 19, 2018, the Company completed a financing issuing by way of a private placement of 10,000,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,000,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share for \$0.15 at any time within 24 months of closing. As part of their compensation for the financing, the agent received 800,000 compensation options which entitles the agent to purchase one unit of the Company for each one compensation option at a price of \$0.10 per unit at any time within 24 months of closing. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the agent to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.15 at any time within 24 months of closing.

Net cash proceeds received by the Company, after deducting cash expenses of \$147,048 relating to the financing, were \$852,952. In addition, non-cash costs of \$400,000 relating to

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

7. Shareholders' equity (continued):

the share purchase warrants and \$99,200 relating to the agent's compensation options were recorded resulting in the recording of an addition to share capital of \$353,752. The fair value of each share purchase warrant and agent's compensation option granted was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 2.25%, expected volatility of 195%, expected life of warrants and options of two years and 0% dividend yield. The fair value of the share purchase warrants and the agent's compensation options was determined to be \$0.08 and \$0.084 respectively.

(b) Employee option plan:

The Company maintains a share option plan (the "Plan") for the benefit of management, directors, officers, contractors and employees. The Plan is a "rolling" stock option plan, pursuant to which the maximum number of common shares that may be reserved for issuance under outstanding stock options will be 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares, as constituted on the date of any grant of options under the Plan.

Options are granted under the Plan at the discretion of the Board of Directors at exercise prices determined as the trading prices of the Company's common shares on the TSX-V on the day preceding the effective date of the grant. In general, options granted under the Plan vest over the period of up to a maximum of five years from the grant date and expire by no later than the fifth anniversary of the date of grant.

Changes in outstanding options were as follows:

			eighted average
		е	xercise
	Number		price
Options outstanding, October 31, 2016 Forfeited, cancelled or expired Granted	5,575,000 (1,471,250) 835,000	\$	0.21 0.24 0.05
Options outstanding, October 31, 2017 Forfeited, cancelled or expired Granted	4,938,750 (648,750) 1,970,000		0.17 0.19 0.07
Options outstanding, October 31, 2018	6,260,000	\$	0.14

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

7. Shareholders' equity (continued):

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at October 31, 2018:

	<u> </u>	otions outstand	Options exe	ercisal	ole		
Range of exercise prices	Number outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price		Number exercisable	a	eighted verage xercise price
\$0.05 to \$0.10 \$0.20 \$0.42 to \$0.49	4,405,000 840,000 1,015,000	2.7 0.1 0.7	\$ \$ \$	0.06 0.20 0.44	2,955,000 840,000 1,015,000	\$ \$ \$	0.05 0.20 0.44
	6,260,000	1.4	\$	0.14	4,810,000	\$	0.16

The average grant date fair value of options granted during the year was \$0.066 (2017 - \$0.034). The fair value of each option granted has been estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes fair value option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for grants for the year ended October 31, 2018: dividend yield of nil (2017 - nil), expected volatility of between 169% and 194% (2017 – 147%), weighted average risk-free interest rate of 2.25% (2017 - 1.5%) and expected lives of between eighteen months and five years (2017 – four years).

Stock options expense for the year ended October 31, 2018 was \$57,411 (2017 - \$96,155).

(c) Warrants:

The following details the changes in the share purchase warrants for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017.

	Number	Amount		Weighted a	average se price
Balance, October 31, 2017 and 2016	800,000	\$	47,111	\$	0.21
Cancelled, during the year (note 6)	(800,000)		(47,111)		0.21
Equity component of new debenture (note 6)	800,000		17,700		0.10
Warrants issued on private placement (note 7(a)(i))	5,000,000		400,000		0.15
Balance, October 31, 2018	5,800,000	\$	417,700	\$	0.14

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

7. Shareholders' equity (continued):

(d) Agent's compensation options:

The following details the changes in the agent's compensation options for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017.

	Number	Amount	Weighted average exercise price	
Balance, October 31, 2017 and 2016	-	\$ -	\$	
Issued during the year (note 7(a)(i))	800,000	99,200		0.10
Balance, October 31, 2018	800,000	\$ 99,200	\$	0.10

8. Revenues:

The significant categories of revenue recognized during the year are as follows:

	2018	2017
Licensing fees	\$ 147,010	\$ 263,080
Subscription and maintenance fees	55,957	58,907
Software development	-	182,000
	\$ 202,967	\$ 503,987

9. Loss per common share:

The computations for basic and diluted loss per share are as follows:

	2018		2017
Loss for the year	\$ (387,624)	\$	(24,908)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic Diluted	67,749,286 67,749,286	66,543,807 66,543,807	
Loss per common share: Basic Diluted	\$ (0.01) (0.01)	\$	(0.00) (0.00)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

9. Loss per common share (continued):

As the Company is in a loss position for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, the inclusion of options and warrants in the calculation of diluted earnings per share would be anti-dilutive, and accordingly, were excluded from the diluted loss per share calculation.

10. Change in non-cash operating working capital:

	2018	2017
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	\$ (34,619) 6 86,257 (2,444)	\$ (381) 694 (23,824) (1,176)
	\$ (49,200)	\$ (24,687)

11. Income taxes:

The reconciliation of the income tax expense at the currently enacted tax rates for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Tax rate reconciliation:

		2018	2017
Loss for the year and comprehensive loss	\$	(387,000)	\$ (25,000)
Tax calculated at the 26.5%			
(2017 - 26.5%) enacted rate	\$	(103,000)	\$ (6,600)
Non-deductible expenses and	•	, ,	(, ,
permanent differences		12,000	26,000
Benefit of tax losses not recognized		81,000	-
Utilization of loss carryforward at rate 26.5%		-	(27,200)
Benefit of other temporary			
differences not recognized		10,000	7,800
Withholding taxes		18,421	45,934
Total income taxes recognized in net income	\$	18,421	\$ 45,934

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

11. Income taxes (continued):

Unrecognized deferred tax assets:

The benefit related to deferred tax temporary differences have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	2018	2017
Tax losses Research and development deduction pool Financing Property and equipment	\$ 12,777,000 11,431,000 117,638 6,000	\$ 12,543,000 11,400,000 11,000

As at October 31, 2018, the Company had an unclaimed pool of scientific research and experimental development costs of approximately \$11,431,000, which can be carried forward indefinitely as a deduction against future taxable income, and investment tax credits of approximately \$3,111,000, which can be utilized to reduce taxes payable in years up to 2038, the tax benefits of which have not been recorded.

The Company had unused tax loss carry forwards which expire as follows:

2026	\$ 831,000
2027	1,368,000
2028	783,000
2029	553,000
2030	639,000
2031	2,201,000
2032	1,063,000
2033	2,221,000
2034	1,290,000
2035	1,012,000
2036	509,000
2038	307,000
Total unused tax losses	\$ 12,777,000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

12. Lease commitments:

The Company has entered into operating lease agreements for premises. The minimum annual rental payment due in 2019 for the Canadian premises is \$7,000. The premises lease expires February 28, 2019.

Rental expense under operating lease agreements for the year was \$21,000 (2017 - \$21,147).

13. Segmented information:

The Company operates in one business segment, which is the development and marketing of its communications software. The Company markets its products primarily in the United States, Japan and Canada.

Revenue attributable to geographic location based on the location of the customer is as follows:

	2018	2017
United States Canada	\$ 18,451 12,306	\$ 19,744 12,763
Japan	172,210	471,480
	\$ 202,967	\$ 503,987

Substantially all of the Company's identifiable assets as at October 31, 2018 and 2017 are located in Canada.

14. Related party transactions:

The remuneration of directors and other key management personnel of the Company during the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

	2018	2017
Salaries and contractor fees	\$ 117,500	\$ 50,500
Stock-based compensation	27,890	95,120

The Company's President and Chief Executive Officer invoices the Company for his services that pertain to research and development pursuant to a contractor agreement. Fees paid under this agreement during 2018 were \$56,000 (2017 - \$44,000) and have been included in research and development expenses and are included in the salaries and contractor fees amounts in the above table. In addition, the President and Chief Executive Officer received a salary for 2018 of \$14,000 (2017 - \$nil) which has been recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses, and is included in the salaries and contractors fees amounts in the above table.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (In Canadian dollars)

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

15. Contingencies:

The Company is engaged in legal actions from time to time arising in the ordinary course of business. None of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, is expected to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

16. Operating expenses:

The Company presents functional consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss in which expenses are aggregated according to the function to which they relate. The Company has identified the major functions as selling, general and administrative expenses; and research and development expenses. The following tables present the expenses based on their nature:

2018

	Selling, general and Iministration	d	Research and development		Total
Salaries, contractors, commissions and benefits Stock-based compensation Other operating expenses	\$ 83,274 57,411 165,716	\$	147,516 - 57,384	\$	230,790 57,411 223,100
	\$ 306,401	\$	204,900	\$	511,301

2017

	Selling, general and dministration	C	Research and development	Total
Salaries, contractors, commissions and benefits Stock-based compensation Other operating expenses	\$ 25,041 96,155 137,059	\$	137,093 - 35,623	\$ 162,134 96,155 172,682
	\$ 258,255	\$	172,716	\$ 430,971